### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019 WITH AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

(Convenience translation of publicly announced consolidated financial statements, related disclosures and auditor's review report originally issued in Turkish, See Note. I.b of Section three)

#### **AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ON INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

### (Convenience translation of the independent auditor's review report originally issued in Turkish, See Note I of Section Three)

#### To the General Assembly of Akbank T.A.Ş.;

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the consolidated balance sheet of Akbank T.A.Ş. ("the Bank") and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") at 30 September 2019 and the related consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of income and expense items under shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements for the six-month-period then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of interim financial information in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation which includes "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial information based on our review.

#### Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Limited Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

#### Basis for the Qualified Conclusion

As mentioned in Section Five Part II h.4 (i) of Explanations and Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements; the accompanying consolidated financial statements as at 30 September 2019 include a free provision amounting to to TL 650.000 thousand which consist of TL 550.000 thousand provided in prior years and TL 100.000 thousand recognized in current period by the Bank management which is not within the requirements of BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

#### **Qualified Conclusion**

Based on our review, except for the effects of the matter on the consolidated financial statements described in the basis for the qualified conclusion paragraph above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial information do not present fairly in all material respects the financial position of Akbank T.A.Ş. and its consolidated subsidiaries at 30 September 2019 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

#### Report on other regulatory requirements arising from legislation

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section Seven, is not consistent with the reviewed consolidated financial statements and disclosures in all material respects.

#### Additional Paragraph for Convenience Translation:

The effects of differences between accounting principles and standards explained in detail in Section Three and accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have not been quantified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

Talar Gül, SMMM Partner

Istanbul, 25 October 2019

# THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF AKBANK T.A.Ş. AS OF 30 September 2019

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The consolidated financial report for the nine-month period, prepared in accordance with "Communiqué on the Financial Statements and the Related Policies and Disclosures to be Publicly Announced" as regulated by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is consist of the sections listed below.

Section One - GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK

Section Two - CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE PARENT BANK

• Section Three - EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Section Four - INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP
 Section Five - INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Section Six - INTERIM REVIEW REPORT
 Section Seven - INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

Investments in associates, joint ventures and subsidiaries whose financial statements have been consolidated in this reporting package are as follows:

	Subsidiaries	Investments in Associates	Joint Ventures
1.	Ak Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.	-	-
2.	Ak Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	-	-
3.	Ak Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	-	-
4.	Akbank AG	-	-
5.	AkÖde Elektronik Para ve Ödeme Hizmetleri A.S.	-	-

A.R.T.S. Ltd., which is not subsidiary of the Bank but over which the Bank has 100% controlling power, has been included in the consolidation due to the reason that this company is "Structured Entity".

The accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes to these financial statements for nine-month period which are expressed, unless otherwise stated, in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL), have been prepared based on the accounting books of the Bank in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, related appendices and interpretations on these, and have been independently reviewed.

25 October 2019

Suzan SABANCI DİNCER S.Yaman TÖRÜNER Türker TUNALI Zeynep TERZİOĞLU Eyüp ENGİN S. Hakan BİNBAŞGİL Chairman of the Head of the Member of the CEO **Executive Vice** Senior Vice Board of Directors **Audit Committee** Audit President President Committee

Contact information of the personnel in charge of addressing questions regarding this financial report:

Name-Surname / Title : Zeynep TERZİOĞLU / Senior Vice President

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#### **AKBANK T.A.Ş.**

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### SECTION ONE GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK

#### I. PARENT BANK'S FOUNDATION DATE, START-UP STATUS, HISTORY REGARDING THE CHANGES IN THIS STATUS:

Akbank T.A.Ş. ("the Bank", "the Parent Bank" or "Akbank") was established on 30 January 1948 as a private commercial bank, in accordance with the decision of the Council of Ministers, No.3/6710 and is authorized to perform all economic, financial and commercial activities, which are allowed by the laws of the Turkish Republic ("T.C."). The status of the Bank has not changed since its foundation.

II. EXPLANATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK'S CAPITAL STRUCTURE, SHAREHOLDERS OF THE BANK WHO ARE IN CHARGE OF THE MANAGEMENT AND/OR AUDITING OF THE BANK DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, CHANGES IN THESE MATTERS (IF ANY) AND THE GROUP THAT THE PARENT BANK BELONGS TO:

The Bank's shares have been quoted on the Borsa Istanbul ("BIST") since 1990. In 1998, 4,03% of the outstanding share capital of the Bank was offered and sold in an international offering outside of Turkey in the form of Ordinary Shares and American Depository Receipts ("ADRs"). As of 30 September 2019, approximately 51% of the shares are publicly traded, including the ADRs (31 December 2018: 51%).

The major shareholder of the Parent Bank, directly or indirectly, is Sabancı Group.

### III. EXPLANATION ON THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, MEMBERS OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE, PRESIDENT AND EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENTS, IF AVAILABLE, SHARES OF THE PARENT BANK THEY POSSESS AND THEIR AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY:

<u>Title</u>	<b>Name</b>	Responsibility	<b>Education</b>
Chairman:	Suzan SABANCI DİNÇER	Chairman	Graduate
Board of Directors:	Hayri ÇULHACI Eyüp ENGİN A. Fuat AYLA Ş. Yaman TÖRÜNER I. Aydın GÜNTER Emre DERMAN Can PAKER K. Özgür DEMİRTAŞ S. Hakan BİNBAŞGİL	Vice Chairman and Executive Board Member Executive Board Member Executive Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member	Graduate Undergraduate Undergraduate Undergraduate Undergraduate Graduate PhD PhD Graduate
President and CEO: Head of Internal Audit: Executive Vice Presidents:	S. Hakan BINBAŞGIL S. Hakan BINBAŞGİL Savas KÜLCÜ Bülent OĞUZ H. Burcu CİVELEK YÜCE Ege GÜLTEKİN Levent ÇELEBİOĞLU N. İlker ALTINTAŞ Mehmet Hakan TUGAL Türker TUNALI Şahin Alp KELER Yunus Emre ÖZBEN Zeynep ÖZTÜRK Gamze Şebnem MURATOĞLU Pınar ANAPA	CEO Head of Internal Audit Retail Banking Strategy, Digital Banking and Payment Systems Credit Monitoring and Follow-up Corporate and Investment Banking Technology and Operation Commercial Banking Financial Management Private Banking and Wealth Management Credit Allocation Special Credits Treasury People and Culture	Graduate Graduate Graduate Graduate Graduate Undergraduate PhD Graduate Undergraduate PhD Graduate Graduate Craduate Graduate Graduate Graduate Graduate Graduate
Internal Audit Committee:	Eyüp ENGİN	Head of the Audit Committee	Undergraduate
	Ş. Yaman TÖRÜNER	Member of the Audit Committee	Undergraduate

The shares of individuals above are insignificant in the Parent Bank.

#### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

Eyüp Engin, the Chairman of the Board of Inspectors, was appointed as the new member of the Bank's Board of Directors at the Ordinary General Assembly and Head of the Audit Committee dated 25 March 2019, replacing A. Aykut Demiray. On 2 April 2019, the Chairman of the Board of Inspectors was assigned as Savas Külcü instead of Eyüp Engin by attorney.

As of 31 May 2019, Emin Tolga Ulutaş who was an Executive Vice President in charge of the Direct Banking Business Unit resigned from his position. The name of the Direct Banking Business Unit is continuing its operations as "Strategy, Digital Banking and Payment Systems Business Unit and as of 3 June 2019, Burcu Civelek Yüce has been appointed as Executive Vice President of Strategy, Digital Banking and Payment Systems.

The name of the Human Resources and Strategy Business Unit is continuing its operations as "Human Resources Business Unit" and as of 3 June 2019, Pinar Anapa has been appointed as Executive Vice President of the Human Resources.

The name of the Human Resources Business Unit has changed as People and Culture on 29 August 2019.

### IV. INFORMATION ON THE INDIVIDUAL AND CORPORATE SHAREHOLDERS HAVING CONTROL SHARES OF THE PARENT BANK:

	Share Amounts	Share	Paid-in Capital	Unpaid
Name/Commercial Title	(Nominal)	Percentages	(Nominal)	<b>Portion</b>
Hacı Ömer Sabancı Holding A.Ş.	2.119.027	40,75%	2.119.027	_

#### V. INFORMATION ON THE PARENT BANK'S SERVICE TYPES AND FIELDS OF OPERATION:

The Bank's core business activities consist of retail banking, commercial banking, corporate-investment banking and private banking and wealth management, foreign exchange, money markets, securities transactions (treasury transactions) and international banking services. In addition to regular banking operations, the Bank also provides insurance intermediary services as an agency of Aksigorta A.Ş. and AvivaSA Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş. via it's branch network. As of 30 September 2019, the Bank has 770 branches dispersed throughout the country and 1 branch operating abroad (31 December 2018: 780 branches and 1 branch operating abroad). As of 30 September 2019, the Bank has 12.831 employees (31 December 2018: 13.367).

The Parent Bank and its subsidiaries, Ak Finansal Kiralama A.Ş., Ak Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş., AK Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., Akbank AG, AkÖde Elektronik Para ve Ödeme Hizmetleri A.Ş. and together with A.R.T.S. Ltd., which is not subsidiary of the Bank, but over which the Bank has 100% controlling power due to the reason that this company is a "Structured Entity", has been included in the scope of consolidation. The Parent Bank together with its consolidated subsidiaries are referred to as the "Group".

As at 30 September 2019, the Group employed 13.214 people (31 December 2018: 13.757).

VI. A SHORT EXPLANATION ON THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE COMMUNIQUE ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT REPORTING AND THE CONSOLIDATION PROCEDURES REQUIRED BY TURKISH ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND ABOUT INSTITUTIONS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO FULL CONSOLIDATION, PROPORTIONAL CONSOLIDATION, BY WAY OF DEDUCTION FROM CAPITAL OR THOSE THAT ARE SUBJECT TO NONE:

The Bank sees no difference between the Communiqué on Consolidated Financial Reporting and the consolidation procedures required by Turkish Accounting Standards. Information in regards to consolidated subsidiaries and consolidation methods are given in Section III. Note III.

VII. EXISTING OR POTENTIAL, ACTUAL OR LEGAL OBSTACLES TO IMMEDIATE TRANSFER OF CAPITAL BETWEEN PARENT BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES AND REPAYMENT OF DEBTS:

None.

### SECTION TWO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# AKBANK T.A.Ş. I. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2019 (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) (Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL).)

	ASSETS	Note	С	URRENT PERIOD (30/09/2019)			PRIOR PERIOD (31/12/2018)	
		(Section Five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
l.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		53.844.266	89.716.867	143.561.133	46.382.717	77.050.098	123.432.815
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents		6.435.319	49.013.154	55.448.473	4.742.816	44.875.030	49.617.846
1.1.1	Cash and Balances with Central Bank	[I-a]	6.254.544	29.474.346	35.728.890	4.725.334	25.388.490	30.113.824
1.1.2	Banks	[I-d]	134.265	19.538.961	19.673.226	12.206	18.947.192	18.959.398
1.1.3	Money Markets		47.032	-	47.032	5.283	539.374	544.657
1.1.4	Expected Loss Provision (-)		522	153	675	7	26	33
1.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(I-b)	46.086	6.392.622	6.438.708	41.355	6.827.669	6.869.024
1.2.1	Government Debt Securities		12.359	-	12.359	10.113	-	10.113
1.2.2	Equity Instruments		14.958	191.445	206.403	13.223	137.461	150.684
1.2.3	Other Financial Assets		18.769	6.201.177	6.219.946	18.019	6.690.208	6.708.227
1.3	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(I-e)	33.675.756	29.200.326	62.876.082	24.621.916	19.718.126	44.340.042
1.3.1	Government Debt Securities		33.113.561	15.153.894	48.267.455	23.928.005	12.574.559	36.502.564
1.3.2	Equity Instruments		15.777	607	16.384	13.013	607	13.620
1.3.3	Other Financial Assets		546.418	14.045.825	14.592.243	680.898	7.142.960	7.823.858
1.4	Derivative Financial Assets	(I-c, l-l)	13.687.105	5.110.765	18.797.870	16.976.630	5.629.273	22.605.903
1.4.1	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		11.284.015	5.092.380	16.376.395	15.240.691	5.375.604	20.616.295
1.4.2	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		2.403.090	18.385	2.421.475	1.735.939	253.669	1.989.608
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST (Net)		134.387.483	87.036.896	221.424.379	127.799.798	91.661.834	219.461.632
2.1	Loans	(I-f)	133.208.444	80.955.220	214.163.664	127.299.268	82.014.178	209.313.446
2.2	Lease Receivables	(I-k)	1.561.959	3.545.522	5.107.481	1.885.058	4.530.478	6.415.536
2.3	Factoring Receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4	Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	(l-g)	10.049.267	4.147.112	14.196.379	5,942,844	6.320.637	12,263,481
2.4.1	Government Deht Securities	. •	10.049.267	2.441.212	12.490.479	5.942.844	3.811.339	9.754.183
2.4.2	Other Financial Assets		_	1.705.900	1.705.900	_	2.509.298	2.509.298
2.5	Expected Credit Loss (-)		10.432.187	1.610.958	12.043.145	7.327.372	1.203.459	8.530.831
III.	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED							
	OPERATIONS (Net)	(I-o)	1.043.858	_	1.043.858	264,384	_	264,384
3.1	Held for Sale Purpose	(1-0)	1.043.858	-	1.043.858	264.384	_	264.384
3.2	Related to Discontinued Operations		1.043.030	-	1.043.030	204.304	-	204.304
IV.	EQUITY INVESTMENTS		5.521	-	5.521	5.521		5.521
		0.61		•		5.521	- :	
4.1	Investments in Associates (Net)	(I-h)	5.521	-	5.521	5.521	-	5.521
4.1.1	Associates Valued Based on Equity Method		- 	-		- 	-	
4.1.2	Unconsolidated Associates		5.521	-	5.521	5.521	-	5.521
4.2	Subsidiaries (Net)	(I-i)	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.2	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3	Joint Ventures (Net)	(I-j)	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.1	Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.2	Unconsolidated Joint Ventures							
٧.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Net)		4.852.783	50.996	4.903.779	3.951.289	7.763	3.959.052
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		661.659	3.981	665.640	640.599	5.594	646.193
6.1	Goodwill		-	-	-	-	-	-
6.2	Other		661.659	3.981	665.640	640.599	5.594	646.193
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net)	(I-m)	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	CURRENT TAX ASSET		-	252	252	274.086	31.948	306.034
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSET	(I-n)	87.677	44.573	132.250	102.264	41.544	143.808
X.	OTHER ASSETS (Net)	(l-p)	2.918.274	4.606.217	7.524.491	2.781.989	3.680.182	6.462.171
	TOTAL ASSETS		197.801.521	181.459.782	379.261.303	182,202,647	172,478,963	354,681,610

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# AKBANK T.A.Ş. I. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2019 (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) (Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL).)

	LIABILITIES	Note	c	URRENT PERIOD (30/09/2019)			PRIOR PERIOD (31/12/2018)	
		(Section Five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	DEPOSITS	(II-a)	87.219.140	148.612.492	235.831.632	81.384.628	127.245.272	208.629.900
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	(II-c)	521.374	33.689.795	34.211.169	756.713	42.893.170	43.649.883
III.	MONEY MARKETS		1.200.427	10.935.889	12.136.316	3.918.298	10.356.718	14.275.016
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	(II-d)	4.851.477	8.171.822	13.023.299	4.854.728	8.216.719	13.071.447
4.1	Bills		2.482.794	-	2.482.794	2.847.485	-	2.847.485
4.2	Asset Backed Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3	Bonds		2.368.683	8.171.822	10.540.505	2.007.243	8.216.719	10.223.962
٧.	FUNDS		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.1	Borrower Funds		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.2	Other		-	=	=	-	-	-
VI.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	(II-b, II-g)	8.191.635	2.192.027	10.383.662	11.323.624	1.501.379	12.825.003
7.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		7.298.094	2.118.104	9.416.198	10.678.666	1.501.379	12.180.045
7.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		893.541	73.923	967.464	644.958	-	644.958
VIII.	FACTORING LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	LEASE LIABILITIES (Net)	(II-f)	585.412	45.095	630.507	-	-	-
X.	PROVISIONS	(II-h)	1.284.933	176.632	1.461.565	1.080.235	262.149	1.342.384
10.1	Restructuring Provisions		-	-	-	-	-	-
10.2	Reserve for Employee Benefits		384.616	524	385.140	324.504	745	325.249
10.3	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		-	=	=	=	=	-
10.4	Other Provisions		900.317	176.108	1.076.425	755.731	261.404	1.017.135
XI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	(II-i)	844.021	58.671	902.692	465.431	65.112	530.543
XII.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY		818.832	112.995	931.827	283.695	128.970	412.665
XIII.	LIABILITIES FOR ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO THE DISCONTIUED							
	OPERATIONS (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.1	Held for Sale Purpose		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.2	Related to Discontinued Operations		-			-	-	
XIV.	SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS	(II-j)	-	5.096.521	5.096.521	-	4.784.477	4.784.477
14.1	Loans		-	- F 007 F04	- F 00 / F01	-		
14.2	Other Debt Instruments		0.004.000	5.096.521	5.096.521	T TO / OOO	4.784.477	4.784.477
XV.	OTHER LIABILITIES	(II-e)	8.706.292	4.448.362	13.154.654	7.784.203	3.589.048	11.373.251
XVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(II-k)	52.507.383	(1.009.924)	51.497.459	44.778.283	(991.242)	43.787.041
16.1	Paid-in capital		5.200.000	-	5.200.000	4.000.000	-	4.000.000
16.2	Capital Reserves		5.320.613	-	5.320.613	3.607.551	-	3.607.551
16.2.1	Share Premium		3.505.742	-	3.505.742	1.700.000	-	1.700.000
16.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits		-	-	-	4 000 554	-	4 000 554
16.2.3	Other Capital Reserves		1.814.871		1.814.871	1.907.551		1.907.551
16.3	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss Not Reclassified Through Profit or L		2.068.782	6.055	2.074.837	2.094.642	6.055	2.100.697
16.4	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		545.804	(1.015.979)	(470.175)	[267.437]	[997.297]	[1.264.734]
16.5	Profit Reserves		34.576.406	-	34.576.406	28.961.397	=	28.961.397
16.5.1	Legal Reserves		1.626.891	-	1.626.891	1.621.374	-	1.621.374
16.5.2	Status Reserves		-	=	-	=	-	-
16.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		32.684.032	=	32.684.032	27.075.472	-	27.075.472
16.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		265.483	=	265.483	264.551	-	264.551
16.6	Income or (Loss)		4.795.622	=	4.795.622	6.382.004	-	6.382.004
16.6.1	Prior Periods' Income or (Loss)		767.926	-	767.926	672.838	-	672.838
16.6.2	Current Period Income or (Loss)		4.027.696	-	4.027.696	5.709.166	-	5.709.166
16.7	Minority Interest		156	=	156	126		126
-	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		166.730.926	212.530.377	379.261.303	156.629.838	198.051.772	354.681.610
	TO THE EMPIRITE AND STRIKETIVEDENCE ENOUGH		.30.700.720	Z12.000.077	077.201.000	.00.027.000	.70.001.772	304.001.010

 $\label{thm:companying} The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.$ 

AKBANK T.A.Ş.

II. CONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2019 [Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL).]

		Note		URRENT PERIOD (30/09/2019)			PRIOR PERIOD (31/12/2018)	
A OFF-F	BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (I+II+III)	(Section Five)	TL 173.987.650	FC 461.088.341	Total 635.075.991	TL 217.077.279	FC 503.919.575	720.996.854
i.	GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES	(111-2, 3)	20.901.274	23.860.417	44.761.691	22.122.020	30.673.351	52.795.371
1,1	Letters of Guarantee	(111-2, 3)	18.112.960	14.127.045	32.240.005	19.262.070	15.680.573	34.942.643
1.1.1	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		293.897	1.348.996	1.642.893	404.937	2.056.174	2.461.111
1.1.2	Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations		-	2.231.890	2.231.890	-	2.836.723	2.836.723
1.1.3	Other Letters of Guarantee		17.819.063	10.546.159	28.365.222	18.857.133	10.787.676	29.644.809
1.2	Bank Acceptances		-	51.968	51.968	-	2.740.341	2.740.341
1.2.1	Import Letter of Acceptance		-	51.968	51.968	-	2.740.341	2.740.341
1.2.2 1.3	Other Bank Acceptances Letters of Credit		13.983	4.825.086	4.839.069	47.035	6.485.727	6.532.762
1.3.1	Documentary Letters of Credit		13.983	4.280.866	4.294.849	47.035	5.905.823	5.952.858
1.3.2	Other Letters of Credit		-	544.220	544.220	-	579.904	579.904
1.4	Prefinancing Given as Guarantee		-	-	-	=		-
1.5	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.1	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2	Other Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.6	Purchase Guarantees for Securities Issued		-	-	-	-	-	
1.7 1.8	Factoring Guarantees Other Guarantees		9.358	11.917 4.836.077	11.917 4.845.435	14.645	24.353 5.734.646	24.353 5.749.291
1.9	Other Collaterals		2.764.973	8.324	2.773.297	2.798.270	7.711	2.805.981
II.	COMMITMENTS	(III-1)	47.452.170	14.194.223	61.646.393	42.300.534	12.166.965	54.467.499
2.1	Irrevocable Commitments	(111-17	46.479.520	13.902.735	60.382.255	41.404.186	11.705.009	53.109.195
2.1.1	Asset Purchase Commitments		9.455.859	12.079.138	21.534.997	6.589.831	8.568.468	15.158.299
2.1.2	Deposit Purchase and Sales Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.3	Share Capital Commitments to Associates and Subsidiaries		=	=	=	=	=	=
2.1.4	Loan Granting Commitments		8.135.462	1.821.110	9.956.572	8.203.743	3.134.146	11.337.889
2.1.5	Securities Issue Brokerage Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.6	Commitments for Reserve Requirements		-	=	=	=	=	-
2.1.7	Commitments for Cheque Payments		2.639.705	-	2.639.705	2.514.769	-	2.514.769
2.1.8	Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments		4.367	-	4.367	3.693	-	3.693
2.1.9 2.1.10	Commitments for Credit Card Limits Commitments for Credit Cards and Banking Services Promotions		21.464.861 79.999	-	21.464.861 79.999	19.788.847 82.378	-	19.788.847 82.378
2.1.10	Receivables from Short Sale Commitments of Marketable Securities		/7.777	=	17.777	02.370	=	02.370
2.1.11	Payables for Short Sale Commitments of Marketable Securities		-	-		-	-	-
2.1.13	Other Irrevocable Commitments		4.699.267	2.487	4.701.754	4.220.925	2.395	4.223.320
2.2	Revocable Commitments		972.650	291.488	1.264.138	896.348	461.956	1.358.304
2.2.1	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		899.888	-	899.888	837.281	=	837.281
2.2.2	Other Revocable Commitments		72.762	291.488	364.250	59.067	461.956	521.023
III.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		105.634.206	423.033.701	528.667.907	152.654.725	461.079.259	613.733.984
3.1	Hedging Derivative Financial Instruments		14.843.461	51.465.534	66.308.995	16.237.238	45.937.006	62.174.244
3.1.1	Fair Value Hedges		5.066.223	23.749.000	28.815.223	4.768.063	16.510.663	21.278.726
3.1.2	Cash Flow Hedges		9.777.238	27.716.534	37.493.772	11.469.175	29.426.343	40.895.518
3.1.3 3.2	Foreign Net Investment Hedges		- 00 700 7/5	371.568.167	- //2.2E0.012	10/ /17 /07	/15 1/0 050	551.559.740
3.2.1	Trading Derivative Financial Instruments Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions		90.790.745 4.970.932	11.850.887	462.358.912 16.821.819	136.417.487 10.443.845	415.142.253 17.807.630	28.251.475
3.2.1.1	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Buy		4.271.557	4.552.359	8.823.916	6.988.529	7.632.814	14.621.343
3.2.1.2	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Sell		699.375	7.298.528	7.997.903	3.455.316	10.174.816	13.630.132
3.2.2	Swap Transactions Related to Foreign Currency and Interest Rates		78.985.868	308.028.480	387.014.348	98.347.488	324.424.673	422.772.161
3.2.2.1	Foreign Currency Swap-Buy		25.472.366	91.790.814	117.263.180	37.673.866	105.283.829	142.957.695
3.2.2.2	Foreign Currency Swap-Sell		50.342.782	66.891.996	117.234.778	57.920.302	84.122.398	142.042.700
3.2.2.3	Interest Rate Swap-Buy		1.585.360	74.672.835	76.258.195	1.376.660	67.509.223	68.885.883
3.2.2.4	Interest Rate Swap-Sell		1.585.360	74.672.835	76.258.195	1.376.660	67.509.223	68.885.883
3.2.3	Foreign Currency, Interest Rate and Securities Options		6.136.092	32.056.531	38.192.623	27.559.961	47.939.566	75.499.527
3.2.3.1	Foreign Currency Options-Buy		2.144.746	4.393.020	6.537.766	12.676.191	15.377.034	28.053.225
3.2.3.2 3.2.3.3	Foreign Currency Options-Sell		3.955.860	2.869.991 12.396.760	6.825.851 12.396.760	14.883.770	13.150.254 9.706.139	28.034.024 9.706.139
3.2.3.4	Interest Rate Options-Buy Interest Rate Options-Sell		-	12.376.760	12.396.760	-	9.706.139	9.706.139
3.2.3.5	Securities Options-Buy		8.343	12.370.700	8.343		7.700.137	7.700.137
3.2.3.6	Securities Options-Sell		27.143	_	27.143	_	_	_
3.2.4	Foreign Currency Futures		629.557	596.540	1.226.097	-	-	-
3.2.4.1	Foreign Currency Futures-Buy		105.126	496.274	601.400	-	-	-
3.2.4.2	Foreign Currency Futures-Sell		524.431	100.266	624.697	-	-	-
3.2.5	Interest Rate Futures		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.5.1	Interest Rate Futures-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.5.2	Interest Rate Futures-Sell		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.6	Other		68.296	19.035.729	19.104.025	66.193	24.970.384	25.036.577
	ODY AND PLEDGES RECEIVED (IV+V+VI)		864.300.567	320.306.261	1.184.606.828	832.861.014	307.602.995	1.140.464.009
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		63.967.321	21.725.593	85.692.914	55.629.940	19.655.922	75.285.862
4.1 4.2	Customer Fund and Portfolio Balances Investment Securities Held in Custody		12.032.925 17.744.364	2.817.785	12.032.925 20.562.149	3.954.484	2.062.528	3.954.484 20.940.153
4.2	Cheques Received for Collection		27.823.727	2.853.384	30.677.111	18.877.625 26.095.801	2.704.389	28.800.190
4.4	Commercial Notes Received for Collection		6.068.095	2.979.661	9.047.756	6.151.125	3.550.546	9.701.671
4.5	Other Assets Received for Collection				-	-		
4.6	Assets Received for Public Offering		-	-	=	=	=	-
4.7	Other Items Under Custody		298.210	13.074.763	13.372.973	550.905	11.338.459	11.889.364
4.8	Custodians		-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>1</i> .	PLEDGES RECEIVED		207.281.689	98.824.519	306.106.208	202.720.210	89.021.704	291.741.914
5.1	Marketable Securities		518.787	993.909	1.512.696	805.358	1.368.190	2.173.548
5.2	Guarantee Notes		642.802	549.740	1.192.542	763.134	565.924	1.329.058
5.3	Commodity		=	128.899	128.899	113.226	7.890	121.116
5.4	Warranty		4// /0: 7:7	F. 005 :	0.05.5	***	- /= /05 :=:	-
5.5	Immovables		166.634.817	76.927.678	243.562.495	165.010.393	65.430.456	230.440.849
5.6	Other Pledged Items		39.485.283	20.224.293	59.709.576	36.028.099	21.649.244	57.677.343
	Pledged Items-Depository			-	-	-		-
	ACCEPTED BILL, GUARANTEES AND WARRANTEES		593 NS1 KK7	199 756 140			168 652 576	
5.7 <b>VI.</b>	ACCEPTED BILL, GUARANTEES AND WARRANTEES  TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (A+B)		1.038.288.217	781.394.602	792.807.706 1.819.682.819	1.049.938.293	198.925.369 811.522.570	773.436.233 1.861.460.863

 $\label{thm:companying} The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.$ 

AKBANK T.A.Ş.
III. CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019
[Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL).]

	INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS	Note	CURRENT PERIOD	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
	INTERPORT INCOME	(Section Five)	(01/01-30/09/2019)	(01/07-30/09/2019)	(01/01-30/09/2018)	
I.	INTEREST INCOME	(IV-a)	27.881.439	9.242.200	24.772.544	9.628.954
1.1	Interest on Loans	(IV-a-1)	21.590.918	7.145.101	19.073.839	7.082.740
1.2 1.3	Interest on Reserve Requirements Interest on Banks	(IV-a-2)	357.618 631.220	105.551 152.147	333.057 548.754	133.276 241.238
1.4	Interest on Money Market Transactions	(IV-d-Z)	147.566	73.047	175.008	71.486
1.5	Interest on Marketable Securities Portfolio	(IV-a-3)	4.667.542	1.621.868	4.216.806	1.926.862
1.5.1	Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(14-a-5)	2.506	813	3.545	931
1.5.2	Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		3.778.594	1.315.713	3.407.212	1.569.316
1.5.3	Measured at Amortised Cost		886.442	305.342	806.049	356.615
1.6	Financial Lease Interest Income		354.573	110.831	389.857	158.139
1.7	Other Interest Income		132.002	33.655	35.223	15.213
II.	INTEREST EXPENSE (-)	(IV-b)	15.840.534	4.911.335	13.452.369	5.520.690
2.1	Interest on Deposits	[IV-b-4]	11.790.994	3.806.744	9.974.409	3.903.284
2.2	Interest on Funds Borrowed	(IV-b-1)	1.292.465	376.450	1.177.776	528.558
2.3	Interest Expense on Money Market Transactions		932.038	137.910	1.062.148	587.953
2.4	Interest on Securities Issued	[IV-b-3]	1.748.733	565.851	1.236.115	500.513
2.5	Interest on Leases		70.221	23.708	-	-
2.6	Other Interest Expenses		6.083	672	1.921	382
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME (I - II)		12.040.905	4.330.865	11.320.175	4.108.264
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME		3.631.156	1.227.989	2.683.486	946.727
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		4.657.652	1.612.839	3.397.579	1.229.387
4.1.1	Non-cash Loans		431.265	126.444	277.406	119.893
4.1.2	Other		4.226.387	1.486.395	3.120.173	1.109.494
4.2	Fees and Commissions Paid (-)		1.026.496	384.850	714.093	282.660
4.2.1	Non-cash Loans		481	177	345	134
4.2.2	Other		1.026.015	384.673	713.748	282.526
٧.	DIVIDEND INCOME		6.181	655	6.195	1.366
VI.	TRADING INCOME / (LOSS) (Net)	(IV-c)	(887.709)	(689.738)	292.552	564.989
6.1	Trading Gains / (Losses) on Securities		175.082	96.321	(1.050.497)	(1.040.682)
6.2	Gains / (Losses) on Derivative Financial Transactions		1.748.970	(899.449)	6.696.550	5.098.677
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains / (Losses)	*** **	(2.811.761)	113.390	(5.353.501)	(3.493.006)
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	(IV-d)	584.967	198.298	828.121	106.519
VIII.	GROSS OPERATING INCOME (III+IV+V+VI+VII)	tne 1	15.375.500	5.068.069	15.130.529	5.727.865
IX.	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (-)	(IV-e)	4.254.201	1.519.176	4.967.266	2.469.523
X. XI.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)		819.512	70.899	382	-
	PERSONNEL EXPENSE (-)	(n. s)	2.064.060	686.557	1.667.798	575.263
XII. XIII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	(IV-f)	3.027.985	1.037.216	2.517.373	867.181
XIII. XIV.	NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII) EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER		5.209.742	1.754.221	5.977.710	1.815.898
XV.	INCOME/(LOSS) FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED		_	_	_	_
۸۷.	BASED ON EQUITY METHOD		_			_
XVI.	INCOME/(LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION		_			
XVII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS (XIII++XVI)		5.209.742	1.754.221	5.977.710	1.815.898
XVIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(IV-h)	1.182.035	393.526	1.289.569	455.541
18.1	Current Tax Provision	(14-11)	1.175.254	704.925	1.079.557	412.755
18.2	Deferred Tax Income Effect (+)		541.743	(411.594)	1.497.962	592.647
18.3	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (-)		534.962	(100.195)	1.287.950	549.861
XIX.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII)	(IV-i)	4.027.707	1.360.695	4.688.141	1.360.357
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-	-	-
20.1	Income from Non-current Assets Held for Sale		_	_	_	_
20.2	Profit from Sales of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures			-	-	-
20.3	Income from Other Discontinued Operations		_			
XXI.	EXPENSES FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-	-	-
21.1	Expenses for Non-current Assets Held for Sale		-	-	-	-
21.2	Loss from Sales of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		-	-	-	-
21.3	Expenses for Other Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-
XXII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX-XXI)		-	-	-	-
XXIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		-	-	-	-
23.1	Current Tax Provision		-	-	-	-
23.2	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		-	-	-	-
23.3	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		-	-	-	-
XXIV.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)		-	-	-	-
XXV.	NET INCOME/(LOSS) (XIX+XXIV)	(IV-i)	4.027.707	1.360.695	4.688.141	1.360.357
25.1	Income/(Loss) from the Group	(IV-g)	4.027.696	1.360.693	4.688.142	1.408.566
25.2	Income/(Loss) from Minority Interest		11	2	[1]	(7)
	Earning/(Loss) per share (in TL full)		0,00815	0,00275	0,01172	0,00340

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

#### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

### IV. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL).)

	CURRENT PERIOD (30/09/2019)	PRIOR PERIOD (30/09/2018)
I. CURRENT PERIOD INCOME/LOSS	4.027.707	4.688.141
II. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	768.601	(1.031.469)
2.1 Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	(25.958)	5.742
2.1.1 Property and Equipment Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.2 Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.3 Defined Benefit Plan Remeasurement Gain/Loss	(33.279)	7.362
2.1.4 Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.1.5 Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	7.321	(1.620)
2.2 Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	794.559	(1.037.211)
2.2.1 Foreign Currency Translation Differences	78.217	1.680.654
2.2.2 Valuation and/or Reclassification Income/Expense of the Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other		
Comprehensive Income	2.000.827	(3.866.362)
2.2.3 Cash Flow Hedge Income/Loss	(1.043.080)	1.165.857
2.2.4 Foreign Net Investment Hedge Income/Loss	(39.360)	(783.937)
2.2.5 Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		-
2.2.6 Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	(202.045)	766.577
III. TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	4.796.308	3.656.672

 $\label{thm:company} The \ accompanying \ explanations \ and \ notes \ form \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ financial \ statements.$ 

### AKBANK T.A.Ş. V. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN THE SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019 [Mnounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira [TL]].

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense Not Reclassified through Profit or Loss Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense Reclassified through Profit or Loss

		Note (Section Five) Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share Cancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves	Accumulated Revaluation Increase/Decrease of Property and Equipment		Other (Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Not Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)	Foreign Currency Translation Differences	Revaluation and/or Remeasurement Gain/Loss of the Financial Assets at Fair Value Through	Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through	rofit Reserves	Prior Period( Profit or (Loss)I		Total Equity Except from Minority Interest	Minority : Interest	Total Shareholders' Equity
	CURRENT PERIOD (30/09/2019)																
ı.	Prior Period End Balance	4.000.000	1.700.000	-	1.907.551	2.207.533	(110.731)	3.895	2.329.472	[2.979.278]	[614.928]	28.961.397	672.838	5.709.166	43.786.915	126	43.787.041
II.	Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8	_	-	-	(92.680)		-	_	-		_	-	-	-	(92.680)	-	[92.680]
2.1	Effects of Corrections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effects of the Changes in Accounting Policies	-	-	-	(92.680)	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	(92.680)	-	[92.680]
III.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)	4.000.000	1.700.000	-	1.814.871	2.207.533	(110.731)	3.895	2.329.472	[2.979.278]	[614.928]	28.961.397	672.838	5.709.166	43.694.235	126	43.694.361
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income	_	-	-			(25.958)	_	78.217	1.560.645	[844.303]	-	-	4.027.696	4.796.297	11	4.796.308
V.	Capital Increase by Cash	1.200.000	1.805.742	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.005.742	19	3.005.761
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	Paid-in capital inflation adjustment difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Increase/Decrease by Other Changes	-	-	-	-	98	-	-	-	-	=	[94.157]	95.088	-	1.029	-	1.029
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	=	5.709.166	-	[5.709.166]	-	-	-
11.1	Dividends paid	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2	Transfers to Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.709.166	-	[5.709.166]	-	-	-
11.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
_	Period-End Balance (I+II+III++X+XI)	5.200.000	3,505,742		1,814,871	2,207,631	(136.689)	3,895	2.407.689	(1,418,633)	(1.459,231)	34,576,406	767.926	4.027.696	51.497.303	156	51,497,459

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

### AKBANK T.A.Ş. V. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN THE SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019 [Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira [TL]].

### Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense Not Reclassified through Profit or Loss

### Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense Reclassified through Profit or Loss

	PRIOR PERIOD (30/09/2018)	Note (Section Five) Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share Cancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves	Accumulated Revaluation Increase/Decrease of Property and Equipment		Other (Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Not Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)	Foreign Currency Translation Differences	Revaluation and/or Remeasurement Gain/Loss of the Financial Assets at Fair Value Through	Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Less, Investments Valued by Equity Method in Olber Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Less and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Hems Rectassified Through Other Profit or Less) P	rofit Reserves	Prior Period( Profit or (Loss)		Total Equity Except from Minority Interest	Minority Interest	Total Shareholders' Equity
	(30/07/2010)																
ı.	Prior Period End Balance	4.000.000	1.700.000	_	1.405.892	2.348.962	[116.153]	3.895	1.287.933	(770.120)	[476.604]	24.456.460	752.895	6.020.273	40.613.433	139	40.613.572
II.	Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8	-	-	-	501.659	-	-	-	-	110.969	-	-	-	-	612.628	-	612.628
2.1	Effects of Corrections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effects of the Changes in Accounting Policies	-	-	-	501.659	-	-	-	-	110.969	-	-	-	-	612.628	-	612.628
111.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)	4.000.000	1.700.000	-	1.907.551	2.348.962	[116.153]	3.895	1.287.933	(659.151)	[476.604]	24.456.460	752.895	6.020.273	41.226.061	139	41.226.200
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income	=	-	-	-		5.742	=	1.680.654	[3.015.762]	297.898	-	-	4.688.142	3.656.674	[2]	3.656.672
٧.	Capital Increase by Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	Paid-in capital inflation adjustment difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Х.	Increase/Decrease by Other Changes	-	-	-	-	[141.429]	-	-	-	-	-	84.664	[80.057]	-	[136.822]	-	[136.822]
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.420.273	-	[6.020.273]	(1.600.000)	-	(1.600.000)
	Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1.600.000]	(1.600.000)	-	(1.600.000)
	Transfers to Reserves	=	-	-	-	-	-	÷	-	-	=	4.420.273	-	[4.420.273]	-	-	-
11.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	=	•	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Period-End Balance [i+ii+iii++X+XI]	4.000,000	1,700,000		1,907,551	2,207,533	(110,411)	3,895	2.968.587	(3,674,913)	(178,706)	28.961.397	672.838	4.688.142	43.145.913	137	43.146.050

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# AKBANK T.A.Ş. VI. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL)).

		Note (Section Five)	CURRENT PERIOD (30/09/2019)	PRIOR PERIOD (30/09/2018)
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS			
1.1	Operating Profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities		11.011.841	8.069.198
1.1.1	Interest received		23.823.516	21.777.725
1.1.2	Interest paid		(15.974.546)	[12.829.471]
1.1.3	Dividend received		3.419	3.382
1.1.4	Fees and commissions received		4.630.959	3.427.667
1.1.5	Other income		1.632.341	(569.927)
1.1.6	Collections from previously written-off loans and other receivables		1.237.908	1.262.866
1.1.7	Cash Payments to personnel and service suppliers		(2.227.735)	(1.809.380)
1.1.8	Taxes paid		(170.275)	(139.991)
1.1.9	Other		[1.943.746]	(3.053.673)
1.2	Changes in operating assets and liabilities		4.188.278	16.697.028
1.2.1	Net Increase/Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		(255.936)	(170.921)
1.2.2	Net (increase) / decrease in due from banks and other financial institutions		1.875.403	(1.299.501)
1.2.3	Net (increase) / decrease in loans		(5.866.758)	[27.233.538]
1.2.4	Net (increase) / decrease in other assets		(2.012.324)	[27.626.779]
1.2.5	Net increase / (decrease) in bank deposits		(1.412.098)	[5.640.663]
1.2.6	Net increase / (decrease) in other deposits		28.907.488	48.570.411
1.2.7	Net Increase/Decrease in Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		-	-
1.2.8	Net increase / (decrease) in funds borrowed		(8.754.686)	19.593.230
1.2.9	Net increase / (decrease) in payables		-	-
1.2.10	Net increase / (decrease) in other liabilities		(8.292.811)	10.504.789
I.	Net cash provided from banking operations		15.200.119	24.766.226
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II.	Net cash provided from investing activities		(18.122.150)	2.704.250
2.1	Cash paid for acquisition of investments, associates and subsidiaries		-	-
2.2	Cash obtained from disposal of investments, associates and subsidiaries		=	=
2.3	Purchases of property and equipment		(783.616)	(570.333)
2.4	Disposals of property and equipment		11.906	4.618
2.5	Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		(26.107.339)	[12.923.451]
2.6	Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		9.211.030	7.754.645
2.7	Purchase of Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost		(3.714.492)	(124.364)
2.8	Sale of Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost		2.583.389	10.720.395
2.9	Other		676.972	(2.157.260)
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III.	Net cash provided from financing activities		3.098.282	(504.570)
3.1	Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued		25.536.458	21.928.585
3.2	Cash used for repayment of funds borrowed and securities issued		(25.236.850)	(20.833.155)
3.3	Issued equity instruments		3.005.742	-
3.4	Dividends paid		=	[1.600.000]
3.5	Payments for finance leases		(207.068)	-
3.6	Other		-	=
IV.	Effect of change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents		1.549.965	4.598.984
V.	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents [I+II+III+IV]		1.726.216	31.564.890
VI.	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	(V-a)	18.432.454	12.697.466

 $\label{thm:companying} The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.$ 

#### **AKBANK T.A.S.**

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### SECTION THREE EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### I. EXPLANATIONS ON BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

### a. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents:

The consolidated financial statements are prepared within the scope of the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" related with Banking Law numbered 5411 published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006 and in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to accounting and financial reporting principles published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA"), and in case where a specific regulation is not made by BRSA, Turkish Accounting Standard 34 ("TAS 34") Interim Financial Reporting Standard and "Turkish Financial Reporting Standards" ("TFRS") and related appendices and interpretations put into effect by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). The format and content of the publicly announced consolidated financial statements and notes to these statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué on Publicly Announced Financial Statements, Explanations and Notes to These Financial Statements" and "Communiqué On Disclosures About Risk Management To Be Announced To Public By Banks" and amendments to this Communiqué. The Bank maintains its books in Turkish Lira in accordance with the Banking Law, Turkish Commercial Code and Turkish Tax Legislation.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in TL, under the historical cost convention except for the financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value. Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates by the Bank management to exercise its judgment on the assets and liabilities of the balance sheet and contingent issues as of the balance sheet date. These estimates, which include the fair value calculations of financial instruments and impairments of financial assets are being reviewed regularly and, when necessary, suitable corrections are made and the effects of these corrections are reflected to the income statement. Assumptions and estimates that are used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are explained in the following related disclosures.

#### b. Explanation for convenience translation to English:

The differences between accounting principles, as described in these preceding paragraphs and accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have not been quantified in these consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

#### c. Accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements:

Accounting policies and valuation principles adopted when preparing financial statements are in line with the legislation, communiqué, explanation and circular released by BRSA concerning accounting and financial reporting, and, for matters which are not regulated by the foregoing, with the provisions of TAS/TFRS (together "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation) put into force by Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (POA). As per the TFRS 16 provisions related to the transition, financial statements and footnotes of previous periods have not readjusted. Impact and application regarding TFRS 16 transition process have been explained in footnote XXIX of Section Three.

#### d. Items Subject to different accounting policies in the preparation of consolidated financial statements:

There are no items subject to different accounting policies in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

### II. EXPLANATIONS ON STRATEGY OF USING FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND EXPLANATIONS ON FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS:

The Group's core business activities include retail banking, commercial banking, and corporate-investment banking and private banking and wealth management, foreign exchange, money markets, securities transactions (Treasury transactions) and international banking services. The Group performs financial leasing transactions through Ak Finansal Kiralama A.S. By nature the

#### **AKBANK T.A.S.**

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

Group's activities are principally related to the use of financial instruments. As the main funding source, the Group accepts deposits from customers for various periods and invests these funds in high quality assets with high interest margins. Other than deposits, the Group's most important funding sources are equity, marketable securities issued, money market borrowings and mostly borrowings from foreign financial institutions. The Group follows an asset-liability management strategy that mitigates risk and increases earnings by balancing the funds borrowed and the investments in various financial assets. The main objective of asset-liability management is to limit the Group's exposure to liquidity risk, interest rate risk, currency risk and credit risk while increasing profitability and strengthening the Group's equity. The Asset-Liability Committee ("ALCO") manages the assets and liabilities within the trading limits on the level of exposure placed by the Executive Risk Committee ("ERC").

Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated with the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising from such transactions are recognized in the income statement under the account of "Net foreign exchange income/expense". Assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries are translated into Turkish lira using the foreign exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date, income and expenses of foreign subsidiaries are translated into Turkish Lira at the average exchange rates and all resulting exchange differences are accounted in the shareholders' equity under "Other profit reserves".

As of 30 September 2019, foreign currency denominated balances are translated into TL using the exchange rates of TL 5,6200 and TL 6,1412 for USD, EURO respectively.

#### **III. EXPLANATIONS ON EQUITY INVESTMENTS:**

Consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the "Turkish Financial Reporting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements" ("TFRS 10") and "Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks" published in the Official Gazette no.26340 dated 8 November 2006.

Consolidation principles for subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries are the entities controlled directly or indirectly by the Bank.

Subsidiaries are consolidated using the full consolidation method. Financial statements of related subsidiaries are consolidated from the date when the control is transferred to the Bank.

Control is defined as the power over the investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the Bank's returns.

In the full consolidation method, 100% of subsidiaries' assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet items are combined with the Parent Bank's assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet items. The carrying amount of the Group's investment in each subsidiary and the Group's portion of the cost value of the capital of each subsidiary are eliminated. Intragroup balances and intragroup transactions and resulting unrealized profits and losses are eliminated. Minority interests in the net income of consolidated subsidiaries are identified and adjusted against the income of the Group in order to arrive at the net income attributable to the Group and presented separately in the Group's income. Minority interests are presented in the consolidated balance sheet, in the shareholders' equity.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The Parent Bank and its subsidiaries, Ak Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş., Ak Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., Akbank AG, Ak Finansal Kiralama A.Ş., AkÖde Elektronik Para ve Ödeme Hizmetleri A.Ş. and together with A.R.T.S. Ltd., which is not subsidiary of the Bank, but the Bank has 100% control power due to the reason that this company is "Structured Entity", has been included in the scope of consolidation. The Parent Bank together with its consolidated subsidiaries are referred to as the "Group" in these consolidated financial statements.

Ak Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. was established on 11 December 1996 to trade in capital markets in accordance with Capital Market Law. This company is delivering intermediary services in capital markets, discretionary portfolio management, derivative transactions, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements with authorizations given by the Capital Markets Board for each transaction.

#### **AKBANK T.A.S.**

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

Ak Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. was established in 1988 for leasing operations and all kinds of agreements and transactions related to these operations.

Ak Portföy Yonetimi A.Ş was established on 28 June 2000 in order to manage A and B type mutual funds of Akbank T.A.Ş., B Type variable fund of Ak Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. and pension funds of AvivaSa Emeklilik and Hayat A.Ş. and Groupama. Portfolios of retail customers are also managed.

Akbank AG operates in Germany, providing corporate, consumer and private banking services.

Aköde Elektronik Para ve Ödeme Hizmetleri A.Ş., 100% owned by the Bank, has been established on 19 February 2018 to provide payment services and electronic money issuance under the Law No. 6493 on Payment and Securities Settlement Systems, Payment Services and Electronic Money Institutions registered in the trade registry.

A.R.T.S. Ltd. is a "Structured Entity" which was established in November 1999 for the purpose of supplying long-term financing.

#### IV. EXPLANATIONS ON FORWARD TRANSACTIONS, OPTIONS AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS:

The Group's major derivative instruments consists of foreign currency and interest rate swaps, cross currency swaps, currency options and currency forwards.

The Bank classifies its derivative instruments as "Derivative Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss" or "Derivative Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" in accordance with "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" (TFRS 9).

Liabilities and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are followed in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

Derivative instruments are remeasured at fair value after initial recognition. In accordance with the classification of the derivative instrument, if the fair value of a derivative financial instrument is positive, it is recorded to the account "Derivative Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss" or "Derivative Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income"; if the fair value difference is negative, it is disclosed in "Derivative Financial Liabilities Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income". Differences in the fair value of trading derivative instruments are accounted as income/loss from derivative financial transactions under "trading income/loss" item in the income statement. The basis on accounting of derivative instruments for hedging purposes are explained in Note VIII of Section Four. The fair values of the derivative financial instruments are calculated using quoted market prices or by using discounted cash flow models.

Embedded derivatives have not been separated from its host contract and accounted under host contracts' accounting standards. As of 30 September 2019, the Group has no embedded derivative instruments.

#### V. EXPLANATIONS ON INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSE:

Interest income and expenses are recognized in the income statement by using the "Effective interest rate method". Starting from 1 January 2018, Group has started to calculate interest accrual on non-performing loans. Net book value of the non-performing loans (Gross Book Value – Expected Credit Loss) are rediscounted with effective interest rate and recognized with the gross book value of the non-performing loan.

#### VI. EXPLANATIONS ON FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME AND EXPENSES:

Fees and commission income/expenses are primarily recognized on an accrual basis or "Effective interest rate method" and TFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" according to the nature of the fee and commission, except for certain commission income and fees for various banking services which are recorded as income at the time of collection. Contract based fees or fees received for services such as the purchase and sale of assets on behalf of a third party or legal person are recognized as income at the time of collection.

#### **VII. EXPLANATIONS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS:**

The Group categorizes its financial assets as "Fair Value Through Profit/Loss", "Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" or "Measured at Amortised Cost". Such financial assets are recognized or derecognized according to TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Part 3 Issued for classification and measurement of the financial instruments published in the Official Gazette No. 29953 dated 19

#### **AKBANK T.A.S.**

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

January 2017 by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). Financial assets are measured at fair value at initial recognition in the financial statements. During the initial recognition of financial assets other than "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss", transaction costs are added to fair value or deducted from fair value.

#### Classification and measurement of financial assets

According to TFRS 9 requirements, classification and measurement of financial assets will depend on the business model within which financial assets are managed and their contractual cash flow characteristics whether the cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.

#### Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest:

For the purposes of this assessment, "principal" is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. "Interest" is defined as consideration for the time value of money, for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Group will consider the contractual terms of the instrument. This will include assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making the assessment, the Group consider:

- Contingent events that would change the amount and timing of cash flows;
- Leverage features:
- Prepayment and extension terms;
- Terms that limit the Bank's claim to cash flows from specified assets
- Features that modify consideration for the time value of money e.g. periodic reset of interest rates.

The Group fulfills the on-balance sheet classification and measurement criteria by applying the procedures described above for all financial assets.

Upon initial recognition each financial asset will be classified as either fair value through profit or loss, amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Group recognize a financial asset into financial statements when it becomes a party to the contractual terms of a financial instrument. During the first recognition of a financial asset into the financial statements, business model determined by Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration.

When the business model determined by the Group management is changed, all financial assets affected by this change are reclassified and the reclassification is applied in the future. In this case, no adjustment is made for the gain, loss or interest rates previously recognized in the financial statements.

#### a. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss:

Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss" are financial assets other than the ones that are managed with business model that aims to hold to collect contractual cash flows or business model that aims to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of the assets; and if the contractual terms of the financial asset do not lead to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest at certain date; that are either acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in prices or are financial assets included in a portfolio aiming to short-term profit making. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and remeasured at their fair value after recognition. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are reflected in the income statement.

#### b. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

In addition to financial assets within a business model that aims to hold to collect contractual cash flows and aims to hold to sell, financial asset with contractual terms that lead to cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest at certain dates, they are classified as fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### **AKBANK T.A.S.**

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

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Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition cost reflecting the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. Interest income calculated with effective interest rate method arising from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement.

"Unrealized gains and losses" arising from the difference between the amortised cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, and impairment of the asset and they are accounted under the "Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified through profit or loss" under shareholders' equity.

Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, that have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair values can be reliably measured are carried at fair value. Equity securities that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

During initial recognition the Bank can choose in an irrevocable was to record the changes of the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading purposes in the other comprehensive income. In the case of this preference, the dividend from the investment is taken into the financial statements as profit or loss.

#### c. Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost:

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are classified as financial assets measured at amortised cost.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost are initially recognized at acquisition cost including the transaction costs which reflect the fair value of those instruments and subsequently recognized at amortised cost by using effective interest rate method. Interest income obtained from financial assets measured at amortised cost is accounted in income statement.

"Fair value through other comprehensive income" and "measured at amortised cost" securities portfolio of the Group include Consumer Price Indexed (CPI) Bonds. These securities are valued and accounted using the effective interest rate method based on the real coupon rates and the reference inflation index at the issue date and the estimated inflation rate. The reference indices used in calculating the actual coupon payment amounts of these assets are based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) of prior two months. The Bank also sets the estimated inflation rate accordingly. The estimated inflation rate used is updated as needed within the year. At the end of the year, the real inflation rate is used.

#### d. Derivative Financial Assets:

The major derivative instruments utilized by the Group are foreign currency and interest rate swaps, cross currency swaps, currency options and currency forwards.

Derivative financial instruments of the Group are classified under "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" ("TFRS 9"), "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income".

Payables and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

Derivative transactions are valued at their fair values subsequent to their acquisition. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, if the fair value is positive, the amount is classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" or "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income", if the fair value is negative, the amount is classified as "Derivative Financial Liabilities Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" or "Derivative Financial Liabilities Designated at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income". The fair value differences of derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement under trading profit/loss line in profit/loss

from derivative financial transactions. The principles for the recognition of derivative transactions intended for hedging purposes are disclosed in the footnote numbered VIII of Section Four. The fair value of derivative instruments is calculated by taking into account the market value of the derivatives or by using the discounted cash flow model. When inactive market conditions exist,

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observable inputs used in the determination of fair values are adjusted using appropriate assumptions and considering the volume and level of activity in the markets.

#### e. Loans

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortised cost using the "Effective Interest Rate (internal rate of return) Method".

#### 1. Loans measured at amortised cost:

These financial assets are divided into three categories depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition:

#### Stage 1:

For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk is recorded in the amount of 12-month expected credit losses.

#### Stage 2:

In the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset is transferred to Stage 2. Impairment for credit risk is determined on the basis of the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses.

#### Stage 3:

Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime expected credit losses are recognized.

#### 2. Loans measured at fair value through profit or loss:

Loans at fair value through profit and loss, terms of the contract for loans, if at certain dates it does not result in cash flows involving interest payments arising from the principal and principal balances, it is recorded at fair value and is subject to fair value assessment following the recognition. Gains and losses resulting from the valuation are included in profit/loss accounts.

In certain circumstances, restructuring or altering the contractual cash flows of a financial instrument may result in the disposal of the existing financial asset in accordance with TFRS 9. A revised financial asset is considered as a new financial asset when the change in the financial asset is once excluded from the financial statement and the revised financial asset is recognized in accordance with TFRS 9.

The Bank assesses whether the new financial asset contains solely payments of principal and interest when the new conditions for the instrument have determined that there are significant changes compared to the initial conditions in the relevant contracts.

In the event that the contractual conditions for the financial asset do not result in cash flows that include solely payments of principal and interest on certain dates, the related financial asset is recognized with its fair value and is subject to valuation.

#### Significant increase in credit risk:

If the credit risk of financial assets determined to be significantly increasing, afore-mentioned assets are transferred to the stage II. For stage I loans expected loss (provision) amounts are calculated for 1-year and for stage II loans expected loss (provision) is calculated for the remaining life of the loan.

In addition, the key considerations in determining whether a significant increase in the credit risk of financial asset and transferring it to stage 2, but are not limited with these, the following;

- Past due date is 30 or more
- Restructuring of loans
- If the loan classified as under follow-up
- Assessment of significant increase in the probability of impairment based on rating notes.

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Definition of increase in the probability of default is the comparison between the probability of default on loan's opening date, obtained from bank's internal rating-based credit rating models and probability of default on reporting date. If the loan's estimated probability of default on reporting date exceeds the threshold values determined, it is considered to be worsening of the probability of default.

#### **Definition of Default:**

The Bank considers that there is a default on the relevant debt in the following two cases:

- 1. Objective Default Definition: It means that the debt is overdue by more than 90 days. The definition of default, which is applicable to the Bank and its consolidated financial institutions, is based on the criteria that the debt is overdue by more than 90 days.
- 2. Subjective Default Definition: It means that it is determined the debt will not be paid off. If the borrower deemed to be unable to fulfill the debt obligations, borrower should be considered as defaulted whether there is a overdue payment or number of days.

#### Write-off Policy:

The Group writes off financial assets when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery legally and effectively.

Partial write-off means that, when the Group and counterparty has an agreement on collection of partial contractual amount and after collecting related amount, remaining balance has been written-off from financial statements.

#### **VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS:**

The Group allocates impairment for expected loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

As of 1 January 2018, the Group recognize provisions for impairment in accordance with TFRS 9 requirements according to the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside" published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 numbered 29750. In this framework, as of 31 December 2017, method of provisions for impairment as set out in accordance with the related legislation of BRSA is changed by applying the expected credit loss model under TFRS 9. The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

#### Expected Credit Loss (ECL) Calculation – Input and Forecasting Methodologies

Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is calculated as 12 months or lifetime, depending on whether there is a significant increase in credit risk after initial recognition or whether an asset is considered as a credit loss. Expected Credit Loss is calculated by using the Probability of Default (PD), Loss Given Default (LGD) and Exposure at Default (EAD) components.

- Exposure at Default: Specifies the amount of risk that the borrower should pay in case of default. It is kept in the system by constantly calculated until the maturity of the borrower. The amount of extra risk that can be incurred in the event of default is included in the calculations by using the credit conversion rate (CCR) calculated for the irrevocable commitment products.
- Probability of Default (PD): PD indicates the probability of default due to inability of the borrower to meet its debt obligations. It has been calculated for 12 months or lifetime depends on increase on borrower's credit risk.
- Loss Given Default (LGD): In case of default of the borrower, Loss Given Default has been calculated as dividing Expected Credit Loss to Exposure at Default (EAD). LGD models includes data such as product type, customer segment, collateral structure, customer repayment performance. Calculated LGD remains constant until its overdue.

Expected Credit Loss is calculated over the remaining maturity using the PD, LGD and EAD components. Calculated values are discounted on a monthly basis using the original effective interest rate or an approximate value of the discount rate. The expected credit loss value is calculated for all customers over the maturity period. However, for those who do not have a significant increase in credit risk, the 12-month ECL is taken into account, and for those with a significant increase in credit risk, the ECL value calculated over the remaining period is taken into account.

Within the scope of TFRS 9, models of Probability of default (PD), Lost given default (LGD) and Exposure at default (EAD) have been developed. The models used by the IRB "(Internal Rating Based Approach)" are taken into account when creating these models. The models developed under TFRS 9 have a detailed segment structure. Loans that have similar characteristics are segmented in

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order to reflect the expected credit losses collectively in financial reports. When creating the segmentation structure, the following information of the loans is taken into consideration.

- 1. Customer type (retail or corporate / commercial)
- 2. Product type
- 3. IRB rating notes /scores
- 4. Customer credit performance
- 5. Collateral type
- 6. Collection Period
- 7. Exposure at default

Macro-economic indicators are taken into account in determining the PD component in the expected credit loss calculation. Macro-economic indicators vary on a product-by-product basis for individual products and on a segment basis for commercial products. Future macroeconomic forecasts are reflected in the ECLs using more than one scenario.

The risk parameters used in the IFRS 9 calculations include prospective macroeconomic information. While macroeconomic information is included, models and estimates reflecting the relationships between model risk parameters and macroeconomic variables are taken into consideration. The main macroeconomic indicators of these estimation models are the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) growth rate and the policy interest rate. Macroeconomic estimation models include more than one scenario and the related scenarios are taken into account in the expected credit loss calculations.

The ECL calculations are reviewed once a year, there is no update during the reporting period.

Within the scope IFRS 9, macroeconomic expectations directly affect provisions (Expected Credit Loss-ECL). Related impact is realized when the default ratio of the Bank moves the default rate calculated for each maturity up or down. The main parameters of default ratio model are "Growth Rate" and "Policy Interest". Therefore, the calculated provisions can change when the macroeconomic expectations are taken into consideration.

The PD values subject to the ECL calculation have been obtained for the following portfolios.

Consumer/Commercial	Portfolio
Retail	Consumer
Retail	Automotive
Retail	Mortgage
Retail	Credit Card
Retail	Overdraft Account
Commercial	Micro
Commercial	Company
Commercial	Commercial
Commercial	Corporate

The prospective expectations have been determined based on 2 scenarios, base scenario and negative scenario. Each scenario has predetermined weights. Final allowances are calculated by weighting the probability given to the scenarios.

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#### IX. EXPLANATIONS ON OFFSETTING FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay the related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### X. EXPLANATIONS ON SALES AND REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING TRANSACTIONS:

Securities subject to repurchase agreements ("Repos") are classified as "Financial assets at fair value difference through profit or loss", "Financial assets at fair value difference through other comprehensive income" and "Measured at amortised cost" in the balance sheet according to the investment purposes and measured according to the portfolio of the Bank to which they belong. Funds obtained under repurchase agreements are accounted under "Funds provided under repurchase agreements" in liability accounts and differences between the sale and repurchase prices determined by these repurchase agreements are accrued evenly over the life of the repurchase agreement using the "Effective interest (internal return) method".

Funds given against securities purchased under agreements to resell ("Reverse repos") are accounted under "Receivables from money market" in the balance sheet. The difference between the purchase and resell price determined by these repurchase agreements is accrued evenly over the life of repurchase agreements using the "Effective interest rate method".

The Group has securities lending transactions amounting TL 637.158 as of 30 September 2019 (31 December 2018: TL 335.021).

#### XI. EXPLANATIONS ON ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (NET):

Assets held-for-sale consist of tangible assets that were acquired due to non-performing receivables, and are accounted in the financial statements in accordance with the regulations of "Turkish Financial Reporting Standard for Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations (TFRS 5)".

The Group has no discontinued operations.

#### XII. EXPLANATIONS ON GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS:

The Group has no goodwill.

Intangible assets are measured at cost on initial recognition and any directly attributable costs of setting the asset to work for its intended use are included in the initial measurement. Subsequently, intangible assets are carried at historical costs after the deduction of accumulated depreciation and the provision for value decreases.

Intangibles are amortised over three to fifteen years (their estimated useful lives) using the straight-line method. The useful life of the asset is determined by assessing the expected useful time of the asset, technical, technological and other kinds of wear and tear and all required maintenance expenses necessary to utilize the economic benefit from the asset.

#### XIII. EXPLANATIONS ON PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:

Property and equipment is measured at its cost when initially recognized and any directly attributable costs of setting the asset in working order for its intended use are included in the initial measurement. Subsequently, property and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and provision for value decrease.

The Group has started to account properties under the tangible assets with their revalued amount instead of cost values in accordance with "TAS 16 Plant and Equipment" on 31 January 2017. The revaluation difference arising from the valuations made by the appraisal firms authorized by Capital Markets Board ("CMB") and BRSA is accounted in Investment Properties Revaluation Differences line under the Shareholders' Equity.

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated "Net realizable value amount", it is written down to its "Net realizable value amount" and the impairment loss is charged to the income statement.

Depreciation is calculated over the cost of property and equipment using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives are stated below:

Buildings50 yearsVault5-50 yearsTransportation Vehicles5 years

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Other property and equipments 3-15 years

Gains and losses on the disposal of property and equipment are determined by deducting the net book value of the property and equipment from its sales revenue.

Expenditures for the repair and renewal of property and equipment are recognized as expense. The capital expenditures incurred in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase the future benefit of the asset are capitalized on the cost of the tangible asset. Capital expenditures include the cost components that increase the useful life, or the capacity of the asset, increase the quality of the product or decrease its costs.

#### XIV. EXPLANATIONS ON LEASING TRANSACTIONS:

With the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard which became effective as of 1 January 2019, the difference between the operating lease and financial lease has been removed and the lease transactions are started to be recognised under "Tangible Fixed Assets" as an asset (tenure) and under "Liabilities from Leasing" as a liability. Impact and application of TFRS 16 concerning the transition were explained in Section three, footnote XXIX.

The Group performs financial leasing operations as a "Lessor" through Ak Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. which is a consolidated subsidiary. The asset subject to the financial leasing is presented in the balance sheet as receivable equal to the net leasing amount. Interest income is recognized over the term of the lease using the net investment method which reflects a constant periodic rate of return and the unearned portion is followed under unearned interest income account.

Transactions regarding operational agreements are accounted on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms of the related contracts

#### XV. EXPLANATIONS ON PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted in accordance with the "Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" ("TAS 37").

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. A provision for contingent liabilities arising from past events should be recognized in the same period of occurrence in accordance with the periodicity principle.

A liability is recognized as a contingent liability where a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of more than one events not wholly within the control of the Group; or a present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability and disclosed in the footnotes.

#### XVI. EXPLANATIONS ON CONTINGENT ASSETS:

Contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the entity. Contingent assets are not recognized in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized. Contingent assets are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise in the Group, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements in which the change occurs.

#### XVII. EXPLANATIONS ON OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO EMPLOYEE RIGHTS:

#### a. Employment termination benefits and vacation rights:

Obligations related to employment termination and vacation rights are accounted in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard for Employee Rights" ("TAS 19").

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Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Bank and its subsidiaries operating in Turkey are required to pay a specific amount to the employees who have retired or whose employment is terminated other than the reasons specified in the Turkish Labor Law. According to the related regulation, the Bank is obliged to pay termination benefits for employees who retire, quit for their military

service obligations, who have been dismissed as defined in the related regulation or who have completed at least one year of service. The reserve for employment termination benefits represents the present value of the estimated total reserve for the future probable obligation of the Group arising from this liability. In accordance with TAS 19, actuarial gains and losses are recognized in equity.

#### b. Retirement Rights:

The Bank's personnel are members of the "Akbank T.A.Ş. Personnel Pension Fund Foundation" ("Pension Fund") established in accordance with the Social Security Law numbered 506, temporary article No.20. The financial statements of the Pension Fund have been audited as of year ends by an independent actuary in accordance with the 38th article of the Insurance Supervisory Law and the "Actuarial Regulation" based on the same article.

Temporary 23rd article paragraph ("the paragraph") 1 of the Banking Law No 5411 published in the Official Gazette no 25983 dated 1 November 2005 envisaged that Banks would transfer their pension funds to the Social Security Institution ("SSI") within three years following the publication date of the Banking Law, and regulated the principles of this transfer. The first paragraph of the related article was rescinded as from the 31 March 2007, the publication date of the decision of the Constitutional Court dated 22 March 2007. The reasoned decree regarding the rescission of the mentioned paragraph was published in the Official Gazette numbered 26731, dated 15 December 2007.

Following the publication of the reasoned decree of the Constitutional Court, Turkish Grand National Assembly commenced to work on a new law regarding the transfer of the members of funds to the Social Security Institution; the related articles of the Social Security Law ("New Law") numbered 5754 regarding the transfer of the funds, were ratified by the TGNA General Meeting on 17 April 2008 and came into effect following the publication in the Official Gazette numbered 26870, dated 8 May 2008.

The main opposition party had appealed to the Constitutional Court for the cancellation of some of the articles of the New Law including transfer of the Funds to the SSI on 19 June 2008. The Constitution Court has dismissed the appeal with the decision taken in the meeting dated 30 March 2011. The reasoned decision has been published in the Official Gazette numbered 28156 dated 28 December 2011.

The New Law was requiring that present value of post-employment benefits at the transfer date shall be calculated by a commission consisting of the representatives of SSI, Ministry of Finance, Undersecretariat of Treasury, Undersecretariat of State Planning Organization, BRSA, SDIF and banks and funds, by using a technical discount rate of 9,8 percent taking into consideration the transferrable contributions and payments of the funds including any monthly payment differences paid by the funds above the limits within the framework of SSI regulations. Accordingly the transfer required by the New Law was to be completed until 8 May 2011. According to the decision of the Council of Ministers published on the Official Gazette dated 9 April 2011 no. 27900, the time frame for related transfer has been extended for two years. Within the postponement right granted to the Council of Ministers through the change in the first clause of the 20th provisional article of the "Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law no. 5510" published on the Official Gazette no. 28227 dated 8 March 2012, the transfer process has been postponed for one more year with the decision of the Council of Ministers published on the Official Gazette no. 28987 dated 30 April 2014. The Council of Ministers has been lastly authorized to determine the transfer date in accordance with the last amendment in the first paragraph of the 20th provisional article of Law No.5510 implemented by the Law No. 6645 on Amendment of the Occupational Health and Safety Law and Other Laws and Decree Laws published in the Official Gazette dated 23 April 2015 and numbered 29335. According to paragraph (I) of Article 203 of Law no. 703 which published in the Official Gazette no. 30473 dated 9 July 2018, the phrase, placed in 20th provisional article of Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law no.5510, "Council of Ministers" is authorized to determine the date of transfer to the Social Security Institution has been replaced with "president".

According to the New Law, following the transfer of the members of the fund to the SSI, the funds and institutions will continue to provide the non-transferrable social benefits and payments which are included in the articles of association of the fund.

With respect to that, according to the technical balance sheet report as at 31 December 2018 prepared considering the related articles of the New Law regarding the transferrable benefit obligations for the non-transferrable social benefits and payments which are included in the articles of association, the Fund has no technical or actual deficit which requires a provision. Since the

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Bank has no legal right to hold the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from Pension Fund or reductions in future contributions to Pension Fund, no asset is recognized in the Bank's financial statements.

Additionally, the Bank management is of the opinion that the possible obligation amount to arise during and after the transfer to be made within the framework described above will be at a reasonable level that can be met by the Fund's assets and will not bring any additional burden for the Bank.

The consolidated affiliates do not have the above mentioned retirement benefit plans for their employees. The retirement related benefits of the employees of the consolidated affiliates are subject to the Social Security Institution and other defined contribution plans.

#### **XVIII. EXPLANATIONS ON TAXATION:**

#### a. Current Tax:

In Turkey, corporate tax rate is 20%. Corporate tax rate will be applied as 22% for a period of three years in 2018-2020, according to Law No: 7061 "The Law regarding amendments on Certain Tax Laws and their implications on Deferred Tax Calculations" published in the Official Gazette dated 5 December 2017. The corporate tax rate is applied to tax base which is calculated by adding certain non deductible expenses for tax purposes and deducting certain exemptions (like dividend income) and exclusion of deductions on accounting income. If there is no dividend distribution, no further tax charges are made.

Dividends paid to non-resident corporations, which have a place of business in Turkey or are resident corporations, are not subject to withholding tax. Otherwise, dividends paid are subject to withholding tax at the rate of 15%. An increase in capital via issuing bonus shares is not considered as profit distribution and thus does not incur withholding tax.

Corporations calculate advance tax with their current rate on quarterly profits and pay until the evening of the same day by declaring until the 17th day of the second month following that period. Advance tax paid by corporations which is for the current period is credited against the annual corporation tax calculated on their annual corporate income in the following year. Despite the offset, if there is temporary prepaid tax remaining, this balance can be refunded or used to offset any other financial liabilities to the government.

A 75% portion of the capital gains derived from the sale of equity investments and a 50% portion of the capital gains derived from the sale of immovable properties held for at least two years is tax exempt, if such gains are added to paid-in capital or held in a special fund account under liability for five years.

Under the Turkish Corporate Tax Law, losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns until the last day of the following fourth month after the closing of the accounting year to which they relate. Tax returns are open for five years from the beginning of the year following the date of filing during this period the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may issue re-assessments based on their findings.

Current tax, related to items recognized directly in equity is also credited or charged directly to equity.

Information on taxation in foreign associates are given below:

#### Akbank AG (Germany)

German-resident corporations (i.e. corporations with legal or business centers located in Germany) are subject to corporate taxation in Germany over their total income. Regardless of any profit distribution corporate tax is levied at 15% over total income. Effective corporate tax rate is 15,825% since an additional solidarity tax of 5,5% is applied over the calculated corporate tax. In addition to that, trade income tax at an approximate rate of 16% is levied by the local city governance. Accordingly, the total tax burden including all types of tax (corporate tax, solidarity tax and trade income tax) is approximately 32%.

#### b. Deferred Tax:

The Group calculates and accounts for deferred income taxes for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in these financial statements in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard for Income Taxes" ("TAS 12") and the related decrees of the BRSA concerning income taxes. In the deferred tax calculation, the

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enacted tax rate, in accordance with the tax legislation, is used as of the balance sheet date. The Law regarding amendments on Certain Tax Laws was approved in The Grand National Assembly of Turkey on 28 November 2017 and the Law was published in the

Official Gazette on 5 December 2017. Accordingly, the corporate income tax rate will be increased from 20% to 22% for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020. According to the Law that have been enacted, deferred tax asset and liabilities shall be measured at the tax rate 22% that are expected to apply to these periods when the assets is realised or the liability is settled. For the periods 2021 and after deferred tax assets and liabilities were measured by 20% tax rate.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all resulting temporary differences whereas deferred tax assets resulting from temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

Deferred tax asset had not been provided over provisions for possible risks and general loan loss provisions according to the circular of BRSA numbered BRSA.DZM.2/13/1-a-3 and dated 8 December 2004. Deferred tax rate calculation has started to be measured over temporary expected provision losses differences according to TFRS 9 articles from 1 January 2018. Deferred tax calculation is not made for free provisions.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented on a net basis by considering the domestic and foreign branches' financial statements separately.

Deferred tax, related to items recognized directly in equity is also credited or charged directly to equity.

#### XIX. EXPLANATIONS ON BORROWINGS:

Debt instruments with different characteristics such as syndicated and securitized borrowings and post-financing obtained from foreign financial institutions, marketable securities issued in domestic and foreign markets and money market borrowings are major funding source of the Group. Mentioned borrowings are carried initially at acquisition cost and subsequently recognized at the discounted value calculated using by "Effective interest rate method"

#### XX. EXPLANATIONS ON ISSUANCE OF SHARE CERTIFICATES:

Issued capital of the bank was increased by TL 1.200.000.000 (full TL) from TL 4.000.000.000 (full TL) to TL 5.200.000.000 (full TL). Within this scope,

- The total of funds earned were TL 3.005.741.611.22 (full TL) and TL 2.996.306.795,62 (full TL) of this amount results from using right of purchasing amounting TL 2.5 for each stock with a nominal value of TL 1 with the usage period of right of purchasing new stocks between 3 January 2019 and 17 January 2019, and TL 9.434.815,60 (full TL) results from the sales of the stock, which were left after using the right of purchasing new stocks, at the primary market of Borsa İstanbul A.Ş.
- Rights issue was completed on 28 February 2019 through completing registration and announcements pursuant to receiving the approvals from Capital Markets Board and Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency.

#### XXI. EXPLANATIONS ON AVALIZED DRAFTS AND ACCEPTANCES:

Avalized drafts and acceptances shown as liabilities against assets are included in the off-balance sheet commitments

#### XXII. EXPLANATIONS ON GOVERNMENT GRANTS:

As of 30 September 2019 and 31 December 2018, there is no government grant for the Bank.

#### XXIII. EXPLANATIONS ON SEGMENT REPORTING:

An operating segment is a component of an entity:

- a. that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity),
- b. whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and
- c. for which discrete financial information is available.

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Reporting according to the operational segments is presented in Note IX of Section Four.

#### XXIV. PROFIT RESERVES AND PROFIT DISTRIBUTION:

Retained earnings as per the statutory financial statements other than legal reserves are available for distribution, subject to the legal reserve requirement referred to below.

Under the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves consist of first legal reserve and second legal reserve. First legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of 5%, until the total reserve is equal to 20% of issued and fully paid-in share capital. Second legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of 10% of distributions in excess of 5% of issued and fully paid-in share capital, but Holding companies are not subject to such transaction. According to the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves can only be used to compensate accumulated losses and cannot be used for other purposes unless they exceed 50% of paid-in capital.

Ordinary General Assembly Meeting of the Bank was held on 25 March 2019. In the General Assembly Meeting, it was decided to allocate the entire unconsolidated net profit amounting TL 5.689.644, which was earned from activities in 2018, as extraordinary legal reserve.

#### XXV. EARNINGS PER SHARE:

Earnings per share disclosed in the income statement are calculated by dividing net profit for the year by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the related period concerned.

	Current Period	Prior Period
	30 September 2019	30 September 2018
Net Profit for the Period of the Group	4.027.696	4.688.142
Average Number of Issued Common Shares (Thousand)	494.065.934	400.000.000
Earnings Per Share (Amounts presented as full TL)	0,00815	0,01172

In Turkey, companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("Bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year has been adjusted in respect of bonus shares issued without a corresponding change in resources by giving them a retroactive effect for the year in which they were issued and for each earlier period. In case bonus shares are distributed after the balance sheet date but before the preparation of the financial statements, earnings per share is calculated considering the new number of shares.

The number of rights issued in 2019 is 120.000.000.000 (2018: None).

#### XXVI. RELATED PARTIES:

Parties defined in Article 49 of the Banking Law No.5411 are deemed as related parties. Transactions with related parties are presented in Note VI of Section Five.

#### XXVII. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT ASSETS:

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash includes cash effectives, cash in transit, purchased cheques and demand deposits including balances with the Central Bank; and cash equivalents include interbank money market placements, time deposits at banks with original maturity periods of less than three months and investments on marketable securities other than common stocks.

#### XXVIII. RECLASSIFICATIONS:

Within the scope of "The Communiqué On The Amendments To The Communiqué Regarding Disclosures about Financial Statements and Related Notes to be Announced to Public by Banks" published in the Official Gazette No. 30673 dated 1 February 2019, the Group made some classifications on statement of financial position dated 31 December 2018 and profit or loss statement, other comprehensive income, statement of changes in shareholders' equity and cash flow dated 30 September 2018 to be in compliance with the presentation of financial statements dated 30 September 2019.

#### XXIX. DISCLOSURES OF TFRS 16 LEASES:

The group has implemented accounting policy changes resulting from the initial implementation of the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard from the new standard, amendments and interpretations effective from 1 January 2019 in accordance with the transitional provisions of the relevant standard.

#### **AKBANK T.A.S.**

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### TFRS 16 "Leases" Standard

#### Group - lessee:

The Group assesses whether the contract has the quality of a lease or whether the lease includes the transaction at the beginning of a contract. In case the contract is transferred for a certain period of time to control the use of the asset defined for a price, it is either leased or includes a lease. The Group reflects the existence of a right of use and a lease liability to the financial statements at the effective date of the lease.

Right of use assets:

The right to use asset is first recognized by cost method and includes:

- a) The initial measurement amount of the lease obligation,
- b) the amount obtained by deducting all the rental incentives received from all lease payments made at or before the beginning of the lease;
- c) all initial direct costs incurred by the Group and

When Group applying the cost method, the existence of the right to use:

- a) accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and
- b) Measures the restatement of the lease obligation at the restated cost.

The group applies the provisions of depreciation regulated under the TMS 16 Tangible Assets Standards, while depreciating the rights of use assets.

The Lease Obligations:

At the effective date of the lease, the Group measures its leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. Lease payments are discounted using the Group's average borrowing interest rates.

The lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability consist of the payments to be made for the right of use during the lease term of the underlying asset and the unpaid payments at the effective date of the lease.

After the effective date of the lease, the Group measures the leasing liability as follows:

- a) Increase the book value to reflect the interest on the lease obligation
- b) Reduces the book value to reflect the lease payments made and
- c) The book value is measured to reflect reassessments and restructuring, or reflect to fixed lease payments as of revised nature.

The interest on the lease liability for each period in the lease period is the amount calculated by applying a fixed periodic interest rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability.

#### First Transition to TFRS 16 Leasing Standard

"TFRS 16 Leasing" Standard was promulgated in Official Gazette No. 29826, dated 16 April 2018 to be applied in the accounting period starting on 31 December 2018. The Group applied TFRS 16 "Leasing" standard, which replaced TAS 17 "Leasing", as of 1 January 2019, the date of first implementation. The impact of the said transition on the equities were classified under "Other Capital Reserves" in expense equities amounting TL 118.848 Within this scope, deferred tax asset amounting TL 26.168 was reflected in the financial figures as of 1 January 2019 and classified under "Other Capital Reserves" in equities. The Bank rearranged the comparable amounts for the previous year by using the retrospective mixed transition practice. With this method, all tenure assets were measured based on the leasing debts (which are adjusted according to leasing costs paid in cash or accrued) in the transition period. Right and liability to use the asset pertaining to the lease, which were previously classified as financial leasing, were measured based on the carrying amount of the said assets before the transition.

During the first implementation, the Group recognised lease liability concerning the lease which were previously recognised as operational leasing as per TAS 17. These liabilities were measured based on the discounted current value by using the average borrowing rate of interest of remaining lease payments on 1 January 2019.

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#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

Details based on the asset with regard to the recognised right of use is as follows:

	30 September 2019	1 January 2019
Real estate	874.526	811.017
Total right of use assets	874.526	811.017

Details of depreciation expense based on the asset with regard to the recognised right of use is as follows:

	30 September 2019	1 January 2019
Real estate	356.413	315.566
Total right of use assets depreciation	356.413	315.566

Lease agreements for vehicles and ATMs, which are determined as low value by the Bank with short-term lease agreements with a duration of 12 months or less, have been evaluated within the scope of the exemption granted by the standard. Within this scope, TL 82.665 has been paid in the relevant period.

The right and obligation of the lessee to use assets classified as finance leases has been measured at the carrying amount of such assets before the transition period.

	1 January 2019
Operational leasing commitments	1.233.152
- Contracts that are excluded from the scope of TFRS 16 (-)	113.106
Low value leases (-)	113.106
Total leasing liability	1.120.046
Discounted lease liabilities (1 January 2019)	660.638

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#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# SECTION FOUR INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP

#### I. EXPLANATIONS ON EQUITY:

Total capital amount and Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks".

As of 30 September 2019, the current period equity of the Group has been calculated as TL 59.926.068 (31 December 2018: TL 50.233.673), the capital adequacy ratio is 19,48% (31 December 2018: 16,77%). This ratio is above the minimum ratio required by the legislation.

#### a. Information about total consolidated capital items:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Amounts related to treatment before 1/1/2014(*)
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Paid-in capital following all debts in terms of claim in liquidation of the Bank	7.014.871	
Share issue premiums	3.505.742	
Reserves	34.576.406	
Gains recognized in equity as per TAS	4.615.320	
Profit	4.795.622	
Current Period Profit	4.027.696	
Prior Period Profit	767.926	
Shares acquired free of charge from subsidiaries, affiliates and jointly controlled partnerships and cannot be recognized within profit		
for the period	3.895	
Minorities' Share	156	
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	54.512.012	
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	***************************************	
Common Equity as per the 1st clause of Provisional Article 9 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	2.781	
Portion of the current and prior periods' losses which cannot be covered through reserves and losses reflected in equity in accordance		
with TAS	2.530.422	
Improvement costs for operating leasing	29.156	
Goodwill [net of related tax liability]	27.100	
Other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	500.169	500.169
other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights the or related tax traditity)	300.107	300.107
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk  Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision	-	
Gains arising from securitization transactions	- -	
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities		
Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	_	
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Common Equity	=	
Shares obtained contrary to the 4th clause of the 56th Article of the Law	=	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of	=	
consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank		
, ,	=	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank		
	-	
Portion of mortgage servicing rights exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	-	
Portion of deferred tax assets based on temporary differences exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	-	
Amount exceeding 15% of the common equity as per the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	
Excess amount arising from the net long positions of investments in common equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital	-	
Excess amount arising from mortgage servicing rights	=	
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	-	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	
Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital	-	
Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	3.062.528	
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	51.449.484	

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### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

[Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.]

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Amounts related to treatment before 1/1/2014(*)
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums	-	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	-	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	=	
Third parties' share in the Additional Tier I capital	-	
Third parties' share in the Additional Tier I capital (Temporary Article 3)	-	
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions  Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	=	
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Additional Tier I Capital	_	
Investments of Banks to Banks that invest in Bank's additional equity and components of equity issued by financial institutions with		
compatible with Article 7.	_	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns		
10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital	-	
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Consolidated Banks and Financial		
Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital	=	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	
Transition from the Core Capital to Continue to deduce Components		
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital		
for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the sub-paragraph of the		
Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	=	
Deductions to be made from common equity in the case that adequate Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital is not available [-]	≘	
Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Total Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Total Tier   Capital (Tier   Capital=Common Equity+Additional Tier   Capital)	51.449.484	
TIER II CAPITAL		
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by the BRSA	5.058.000	
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	=	
Third parties' share in the Tier II Capital	-	
Third parties' share in the Tier II Capital (Temporary Article 3)		
Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks)	3.420.733	
Tier II Capital Before Deductions	8.478.733	
Deductions From Tier II Capital  Disease and in linear transfer of the Poet and transfer or Time II Capital (1)		
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)		
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest on Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial institutions with the conditions declared in Article 8.		
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of	-	
consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	( )	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Additional Tier I Capital item of banks and financial institutions outside		
the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equit		
of the Bank	· y	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA [-]	_	
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	_	
Total Tier II Capital	8.478.733	
Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	59.928.217	
Deductions from Total Capital		
Deductions from Capital Loans granted contrary to the 50th and 51th Article of the Law	_	
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the		
Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years	195	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	1.954	
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Deduct Components		
The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10 % of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking,		
financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10%		
of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1		
capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	_	
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance		
entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common		
share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for		
the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the		
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity,		

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	Current Period 30 September 2019	Amounts related to treatment before 1/1/2014 (*)
TOTAL CAPITAL		
Total Capital	59.926.068	
Total risk weighted amounts	307.584.572	
Capital Adequacy Ratios		
Core Capital Adequacy Ratio	16,73%	
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio	16,73%	
Capital Adequacy Ratio	19,48%	
BUFFERS		
Total additional Common Equity Tier 1 Capital requirement ratio (a+b+c)	4,57%	
a) Bank specific total common equity tier 1 capital ratio	2,50%	
b) Capital conservation buffer requirement	0,07%	
c) Systemic significant bank buffer ratio	2,00%	
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on		
Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk Weighted Assets	8,73%	
Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles		
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments in equity items of Consolidated banks and financial institutions where the		
bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital	=	
Portion of the total of investments in equity items of Consolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or less		
of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital	=	
Amount arising from mortgage-servicing rights	=	
Amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	(799.577)	
Limits related to provisions considered in Tier II calculation		
General provisions for standard based receivables (before tenthousandtwentyfive limitation)	4.873.200	
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard approach used	3.420.733	
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation		
Excess amount of total provision amount to &0,6 of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based		
Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	_	
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between January 1, 2018 and January 1, 2022)		
Upper limit for Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	_	
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	=	
Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	_	
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	_	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Amounts in this column represents the amounts of items that are subject to transition provisions in accordance with the temporary Articles of "Regulations regarding to changes on Regulation on Equity of Banks" and taken into consideration at the end of transition process.

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	Prior Period 31 December 2018	Amounts related to treatment before 1/1/2014 (*)
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Paid-in capital following all debts in terms of claim in liquidation of the Bank	5.907.551	
Share issue premiums	1.700.000	
Reserves	28.961.397	
Gains recognized in equity as per TAS	4.537.005	
Profit	6.382.004	
Current Period Profit	5.709.166	
Prior Period Profit	672.838	
Shares acquired free of charge from subsidiaries, affiliates and jointly controlled partnerships and cannot be recognized within profit		
for the period	3.895	
Minorities' Share	126	
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	47.491.978	
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital		
Common Equity as per the 1st clause of Provisional Article 9 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	295	
Portion of the current and prior periods' losses which cannot be covered through reserves and losses reflected in equity in accordance		
with TAS	4.034.408	
Improvement costs for operating leasing	33.984	
Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	=	
Other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	570.758	570.758
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	_	
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk	_	
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss		
amount exceeds the total provision	_	
Gains arising from securitization transactions	_	
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	_	
Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	_	
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Common Equity	_	
Shares obtained contrary to the 4th clause of the 56th Article of the Law	_	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of		
consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	_	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of		
consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	_	
Portion of mortgage servicing rights exceeding 10% of the Common Equity		
Portion of deferred tax assets based on temporary differences exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	_	
Amount exceeding 15% of the common equity as per the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of		
Banks	_	
Excess amount arising from the net long positions of investments in common equity items of banks and financial institutions outside		
the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital		
Excess amount arising from mortgage servicing rights		
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	-	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	
	-	
Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital	-	
Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	4.639.445	
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	42.852.533	

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

	Prior Period 31 December 2018	Amounts related to treatment before 1/1/2014 (*)
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		.,.,=,
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums	-	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	=	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	-	
Third parties' share in the Additional Tier I capital	-	
Third parties' share in the Additional Tier I capital (Temporary Article 3)	=	
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions		
Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital  Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Additional Tier I Capital		
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest in Bank's additional equity and components of equity issued by financial institutions with	=	
compatible with Article 7.		
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns	:	
10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital	-	
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Consolidated Banks and Financial		
Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital	=	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	
Transition from the Core Capital to Continue to deduce Components		
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capita	l	
for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the sub-paragraph of the	9	
Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	
Deductions to be made from common equity in the case that adequate Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital is not available (-)	-	
Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital	Ē	
Total Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Total Tier   Capital (Tier   Capital=Common Equity+Additional Tier   Capital)	42.852.533	
TIER II CAPITAL		
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by the BRSA	4.734.000	
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	=	
Third parties' share in the Tier II Capital	-	
Third parties' share in the Tier II Capital (Temporary Article 3)	-	
Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks)	2.650.648	
Tier II Capital Before Deductions	7.384.648	
Deductions From Tier II Capital		
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest on Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial institutions with the condition	าร	
declared in Article 8.	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of	. ( )	
consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank		
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Additional Tier I Capital item of banks and financial institutions outsi		
the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equ of the Bank	ity	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	_	
Total Tier II Capital	7.384.648	
Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	50.237.181	
Deductions from Total Capital	0012077701	
Deductions from Capital Loans granted contrary to the 50th and 51th Article of the Law	_	
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the		
Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years	_	
	3.508	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)		
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-) In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Deduct Components	3.306	
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Deduct Components		
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Deduct Components The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10 % of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking		
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Deduct Components  The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10 % of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10	, %	
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Deduct Components  The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10 % of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10 of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1	, %	
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Deduct Components  The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10 % of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10 of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Fund	, % s -	
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Deduct Components  The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10 % of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10 of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Fund The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance	% s -	
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Deduct Components  The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10 % of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10 of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Fund The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common	% s -	
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Deduct Components  The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10 % of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10 of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Fund The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds  The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the	% s -	
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Deduct Components  The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10 % of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10 of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds. The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds  The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity,	; ; ; ;	
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Deduct Components  The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10 % of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10 of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Fund The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds  The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the	; ; ; ;	

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

	Prior Period 31 December 2018	Amounts related to treatment before 1/1/2014 (*)
TOTAL CAPITAL		.,.,==::,,
Total Capital	50.233.673	
Total risk weighted amounts	299.614.763	
Capital Adequacy Ratios		
Core Capital Adequacy Ratio	14,30%	
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio	14,30%	
Capital Adequacy Ratio	16,77%	
BUFFERS		
Total additional Common Equity Tier 1 Capital requirement ratio (a+b+c)	3,43%	
a) Bank specific total common equity tier 1 capital ratio	1,88%	
b) Capital conservation buffer requirement	0,05%	
c) Systemic significant bank buffer ratio	1,50%	
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on		
Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk Weighted Assets	6,30%	
Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles		
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments in equity items of Consolidated banks and financial institutions where the		
bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital	=	
Portion of the total of investments in equity items of Consolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or less		
of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital	=	
Amount arising from mortgage-servicing rights	=	
Amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	143.808	
Limits related to provisions considered in Tier II calculation		
General provisions for standard based receivables (before tenthousandtwentyfive limitation)	4.040.886	
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard approach used	2.650.648	
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	=	
Excess amount of total provision amount to &0,6 of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	_	
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between January 1, 2018 and January 1, 2022)		
Upper limit for Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	_	
Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	_	
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	=	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Amounts in this column represents the amounts of items that are subject to transition provisions in accordance with the temporary Articles of "Regulations regarding to changes on Regulation on Equity of Banks" and taken into consideration at the end of transition process.

# AKBANK T.A.Ş.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

[Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.]

### b. Information about instruments that will be included in total capital calculation:

Identifier s    CUSIP, ISIN vb.		Current Period 30 September 2019
Identifiar(s) (DUSIP, ISIN-b.]   Subject to British Common Law and in terms of certain articles to true   Regulations. It is issued within the scape of the Debt Instruments Disclosur the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Debt Instruments Disclosur the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Debt Instruments Disclosure the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Debt Instruments Disclosure the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Debt Instruments Disclosure the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Debt Instruments Disclosure the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Debt Instrument Subordinated Labilities (Security Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district on the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Debt Instrument Subordinated Labilities (Security Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district on the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation of Debt Instrument Subordinated Labilities (Security Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district on the Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district on the Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district on the Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district on the Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district on the Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district on the Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district on the Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district on the Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district on the Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district on the Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district on the Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district of the Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district of the Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district of the Capital Currency in mil. as of most recent reporting district on the Capital Currency in mil	Details on Subordinated Liabilities:	
Subject to Brish Common Law and in terms of certain articles to Turk Regulations, It is is issued within the issue submit the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Equities of Banks of the BR  Regulatory Veratment Subject to 10% deduction as of 1/1/2015 Eligible on unconsolidated and for consolidated basis Instrument type Subject to 10% of Consolidated and Consolidated basis Instrument type Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting dated) Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting dated) Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting dated) Amount solute of instrument Amount solute of instrument Accounting (Sassification of the instrument for supervisory (REAS) approval  Depondent and take of the instrument for supervisory (REAS) approval  There is an early repayment option on 16.03.2022. The reimbursement amount 2.00 point and take on the instrument amount 2.00 point and take on the instrument for the instrument	Issuer	AKBANK T.A.Ş
Regulatory treatment Subject to 10% deduction as of 11/2015 Subject to 10% deduction as of 11/2015 Subject to 10% deduction as of 11/2015 Subject to 10% deduction as of 11/2015 Subject to 10% deduction as of 11/2015 Subject to 10% deduction as of 11/2015 Instrument type Subordinated Liabilities (Security of 11/2015) Subject to 10% deduction as of 11/2015 Subject to 10% deduction as of 11/2015 Subject to 10% deduction as of 11/2015 Subject to 10% deduction as of 11/2015 Instrument type Subordinated Liabilities (Security of 11/2015) Subject to 10% deduction of the instrument Subject to 10% deduction of the instrument Subject to 10% deduction of the instrument (Security of 11/2014) Subject to 10% subject	Identifier(s) (CUSIP, ISIN vb.)	XS1574750292 / US00972BAB53
Regulatory treatment Subsect to 10% deduction as of 1/1/2015 Eligible on unconsolidated and for consolidated basis Instrument type Subsection (10% deduction as of 1/1/2015 Eligible on unconsolidated and for consolidated basis Instrument type Subordinated Liabilities (Security and Security Consolidated and Consolidated Accounting Number of Consolidated and Consolidated Accounting Number of Consolidated and Consolidated Accounting Number of Consolidated Instrument (Instrument Consolidated Consolidated Con		Subject to British Common Law and in terms of certain articles to Turkish
Regulatory treatment Subject to 10% deduction as of 1/17/2015 Eligible on unconsolidated and 7or consolidated basis Unconsolidated and 7or consolidated basis Unconsolidated and 7or consolidated and 20 consolidated facility in the 10 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated 20 consolidated and 20 consolidated 20 c	Governing law (s) of the instrument	Regulations. It is issued within the scope of the Debt Instruments Disclosure of
Subect to 10% deduction as of 17/2015	obterming taw (5) of the monthment	the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Equities of Banks of the BRSA.
Eligible on unconsolidated and /or consolidated basis   Subordinated Labilities (Securit Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting date)   2.810 million TL (in full TL amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting date)   2.810 million TL (in full TL amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting date)   2.810 million TL (in full TL amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting date)   2.810 million TL (in full TL amount recent reporting date)   3.810 million TL (in full TL amount recent reporting date)   3.810 million TL (in full TL amount recent reporting date)   3.810 million TL (in full TL amount recent reporting date)   3.810 million TL (in full TL amount recent reporting date)   3.810 million TL (in full TL amount recent reporting date)   3.810 million TL (in full TL amount recent reporting date)   3.810 million TL (in full TL amount recent reporting recent recent reporting recent reporting recent recent reporting recent recent reporting recen		
Instrument type Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting dote) Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting dote) Nominal value of instrument Nominal value of instrument Subordinated Liabilities (Securit Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting dote) Nominal value of instrument Subordinated Lones (347011 Accounting Numb Issuance date of instrument Issuance date of instrument Issuance date of instrument (demand/maturity) Muturity structure of the instrument Issuance date of instrument option on 16.03.2022. The reimbursement amount Issuance date (all dates, if applicable  Coupon rate and any related index Issuance of any dividend payment restriction Issuance of any dividend payment restriction Issuance of a poly dividend payment restriction Instrumentible, conversion on the recent issuance of a poly dividend payment restriction Issuance of step up or other incentive to redeem It convertible, or non-convertible into equity shares If convertible, or non-convertible into equity shares If convertible, or non-convertible into equity shares If convertible, forty or partially If convertible, conversion rate If convertible, forty or partially If convertible, forty or partially If convertible, forty or partially If convertible, source or patient or patient in the patient of the sharking layer which of Banking Layer value of Banking Layer value of Banking Layer value of Ba		No
Amount recegnized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting date)  Nominal value of instrument  Accounting classification of the instrument  Accounting classification of the instrument  Accounting classification of the instrument  Subordinated Loans [347011 Accounting Numt Issuance date of instrument (demand/maturity)  Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity)  Maturity of the instrument (demand/maturity)  Maturity of the instrument (demand/maturity)  Maturity of the instrument (demand/maturity)  Deprivation of the instrument (demand/maturity)  Deprivation of the instrument (demand/maturity)  Deprivation of the instrument (demand/maturity)  Deprivation of the instrument (demand/maturity)  Deprivation of the instrument of the instrument (demand/maturity)  Deprivation of the instrument (demand/maturity)  Deprivation of the instrument (demand/maturity)  Deprivation of the instrument (demand/maturity)  Deprivation of the instrument of the instrument (demand/maturity)  Deprivation of the instrument of the i	Eligible on unconsolidated and /or consolidated basis	Unconsolidated and Consolidated
date) 2.810 million T.L (in fult I.L amo) Accounting classification of the instrument Subordinated Loans (347011 Accounting Numl Issuance date of instrument (15 March 2 15 March 2 10 Year 1 day (Maturity dructure of the instrument (demand/maturity) Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity) Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity) Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount Subsequent call dates, if applicable Coupon/dividend payment Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payment restriction Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payment restriction Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Noncumulative or cumulative Coupon rate and any related index Subsequent color of the instrument of the device of the instruction of the	Instrument type	Subordinated Liabilities (Securities)
Morninal value of instrument Accounting classification of the instrument Accounting classification of the instrument Accounting classification of the instrument Busuance date of instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity) Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity) Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity) Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity) Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity) Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity) Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity) Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity) Maturity structure of the instrument of the sense of the instrument of the sense of	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting	2.810 million TL (in full TL amount)
Accounting classification of the instrument   Subordinated Loans [347011 Accounting Numl Issuance date of instrument   Issuance date of instrument   Issuance date of instrument   Issuance date of instrument   Issuance date of instrument   Issuance date of instrument   Issuance date of instrument   Issuance date of instrument   Issuance date of instrument   Issuance date of previously (IRSA) approval   Issuance date updated to previously (IRSA) approval   Issuance date updated to previously (IRSA) approval   Issuance date updated to previously (IRSA) approval   Issuance date updated to previously (IRSA) approval   Issuance date updated to previously (IRSA) approval   Issuance date updated to previously (IRSA) approval   Issuance date updated to previously (IRSA) approval   Issuance date updated to previously (IRSA) approval   Issuance date updated to previously (IRSA)   Issuance date updated to previously (IRSA)   Issuance date updated		
Issuance date of instrument   15 March 2   Maturity structure of the instrument   15 March 2   Maturity structure of the instrument   10 Year 1 day   Maturity date; 16 March 20   In Year 1 day   Maturity date; 16 March 20   In Year 1 day   Maturity date; 16 March 20   In Year 1 day   Maturity date; 16 March 20   In Year 1 day   Maturity date; 16 March 20   In Year 1 day   Maturity date; 16 March 20   In Year 1 day   Maturity date; 16 March 20   In Year 2		2.810 million TL (in full TL amount)
Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity)  Original maturity of the instrument  10 Year 1 day [Maturity date: 16 March 27 Staver calls ubject to prior supervisory (BRSA) approval  Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount  Subsequent call dates, if applicable  Coupon/dividend payment  Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments  Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payment restriction  Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory  Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem  Noncumulative  Convertible, or one-convertible into equity shares  It convertible, conversion ringer (s)  It convertible, conversion rate  If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into  Witte-down feature  If bends can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)  If bends can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)  If bends can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If bend can be written-down, full or partial  If partially or the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition me the issuer has become non-viable), or finil it is probable that the Issuer has become non-viable, or finil it is probable that the Issuer has become non-viable, or finil		· 3
Original maturity of the instrument Issuer call subject to prior supervisory IBRSA] approval Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount Subsequent call dates, if applicable  Coupon/dividend payment Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payment restriction North of any related index Texistence of any dividend payment restriction North of a size of any dividend payment restriction Noncumulative or cumulative		15 March 2017
Subser call subject to prior supervisory (BRSA) approval   There is an early repayment option on 16.03.2022. The reimbursement amount   Subsequent call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount   2.810 million TL (in full TL amount 2.81		Maturity
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount  Subsequent call dates, if applicable  Coupon/dividend payment  Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments  Coupon rate and any related index  7.  Existence of any dividend payment restriction  Noncumber of step up or other incentive to redeem  Noncumulative or cumulative  Convertible or non-convertible into equity shares  If convertible or non-convertible into equity shares  If convertible, conversion rate  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, source of instrument convertible into  If convertible, issuer of instrument convertible into  Noncuritible, issuer of instrument to be converted into  Write-down feature  If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the Bank; and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduct from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition methods have helders (accurate to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduct from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition methods have helders (accurate to the transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduct from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition methods have helders (occurrence of either condition methods have helders) and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduct from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition methods) and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduct from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition methods) and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted to the s		10 Year 1 day (Maturity date: 16 March 2027)
Subsequent call dates, if applicable  Coupon/dividend payment  Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments  Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments  Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments  Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments  Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments  Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payment restriction  Nouton floating or any dividend payment restriction  Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory  Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem  Noncumulative or cumulative  Convertible or non-convertible into equity shares  If convertible, conversion trigger [s]  If convertible, conversion trigger [s]  If convertible, conversion rate  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, spe of instrument convertible into  If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into  Write-down feature  If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger[s]  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BF may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operal license is to be revoked and the Bank is quididated or (ii) the rights of alto  Shareholders lexcept to dividends, and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduction that is the point at which the BF may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operal license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of alto  Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduction that is the point at which the BF may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operal license is to be revoked and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduction that is the point at which the BF may determine on any temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanis  If bond can be written-down, germanent or temporary  If bond can be written-down, descri	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory (BRSA) approval	Yes
Existence of any dividend payments	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	There is an early repayment option on 16.03.2022. The reimbursement amount is 2.810 million TL (in full TL amount)
Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments  Coupon rate and any related index  Existence of any dividend payment restriction  Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory  Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem  Noncumulative or cumulative  Convertible or non-convertible into equity shares  If convertible, conversion trigger (s)  If convertible, conversion trigger (s)  If convertible, conversion rate  If convertible, conversion rate  Nouncumtible, undury or optional conversion  If convertible, type of instrument convertible into  Noncumulative  If convertible, spee of instrument to everted into  Write-down feature  If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the Bf may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: [i) its operal tile can be seen to the scotted and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of alto shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduct from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition me the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down, germanent or temporary  If bond can be written-down, germanent or temporary  There are no any temporary write-down, germanent or temporary  There are no any temporary write-down, germanent or temporary  If priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instrument which are not member and subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)  If priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are not member and subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	-
Coupon rate and any related index  Existence of any dividend payment restriction  Noncumulative or cumulative or cumulative  Convertible or non-convertible into equity shares  If convertible, conversion trigger [s]  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, issuer of instrument convertible into  Write-down feature  If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger[s]  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the Brank are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduct from the capital of existing shareholders [except to dividends], and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduct from the capital of existing shareholders occurrence of either condition me the issuer has become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If bond can be written-down, description of write-up mechanism  Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type inmediately senior to the instrument)  There are no any temporary write-up mechanism  In priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instrument subordinated for membrane subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type inmediately senior to the instrument)	Coupon/dividend payment	
Existence of any dividend payment restriction Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Noncumulative or cumulative or noncumulative or noncumulativ	Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments	Fixed
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory  Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem  Noncumulative or cumulative  Convertible or non-convertible into equity shares  If convertible, conversion trigger [s]  If convertible, conversion trigger [s]  Noncumulative  Noncumulative  Convertible, conversion trigger [s]  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  Noncumulative  Nonc	Coupon rate and any related index	7,2%
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem  Noncumulative or cumulative  Convertible or non-convertible into equity shares  If convertible, conversion trigger (s)  If convertible, fully or partially  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, issuer of instrument convertible into  None of the convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into  Write-down feature  If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the Brand determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operation is substituted to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduced by the instrument of the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition methe issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If bond can be written-down, description of write-up mechanism  There are no any temporary write-up mechanism  There are no any temporary write-up mechanism  There are no any temporary write-up mechanism on the instrument type instrument switch are no substrainated in subordinated loss.	Existence of any dividend payment restriction	None
Noncumulative or cumulative  Convertible or non-convertible into equity shares  If convertible, conversion trigger [s]  If convertible, fully or partially  If convertible, conversion rate  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, issuer of instrument convertible into  None write-down feature  If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger[s]  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the Bring and determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operal license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all to shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mental the issuer has become non-viable), or (iiii) it is probable that the Issuer has become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down, full or partial  If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If bond can be written-down, description of write-up mechanism  There are no any temporary write-up mechanism  There are no any temporary write-up mechanism is subordinated los	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	None
Convertible or non-convertible into equity shares     If convertible, conversion trigger (s)   N.     If convertible, fully or partially   N.     If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion   N.     If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion   N.     If convertible, issuer of instrument convertible into   N.     If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into   N.     Write-down feature     If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)     Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the Brand and determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operal license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all or shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition methe issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer has become non-viable; or (iii) the partial port of the instrument of temporary write-down, germanent or temporary	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	None
If convertible, conversion trigger [s]  If convertible, conversion rate  If convertible, conversion rate  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, type of instrument convertible into  If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into  Write-down feature  If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger[s]  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the Bank is converted into the series is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all to shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mental the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer has become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down, full or partial  If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  Continuous If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism  There are no any temporary write-up mechanism  There are no any temporary write-up mechanise immediately senior to the instrument synich are no mit in the instrument of the instrument synich are no mit in the instrument of the instrument synich are no mit in the instrument of the instrument synich are no mit in the instrument synich are no mit in the instrument of the instrument synich are no mit in the instrument of the instrument synich are no mit in the instrument synich are no mit in the instrument of the instrument synich are no mit in the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument synich are no mit in the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of the instrument of	Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative
If convertible, fully or partially  If convertible, conversion rate  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, type of instrument convertible into  If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into  Write-down feature  If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the Bank is a determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operal license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all or shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduct from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition me the issuer has become non-viable,) or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down, full or partial  If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism  Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)  If priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are not immediately senior to the instrument)	Convertible or non-convertible into equity shares	
If convertible, conversion rate  If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, type of instrument convertible into  If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into  Write-down feature  If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BF may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operal license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all or shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduct from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition me the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down, full or partial  If bond can be written-down, full or partial  Partialty or for the more of the property of the property write-down, description of write-up mechanism  There are no any temporary write-up mechanism  There are no any temporary write-up mechanism as ubordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)  Subordinated loss.	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	None
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion  If convertible, type of instrument convertible into  If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into  Write-down feature  If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the Bridge determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (ii) its operary license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all or shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision on Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition menth is superhable), or (iiii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable), or (iiii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down, full or partial  If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism  Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)  In priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are not subordinated loss.	If convertible, fully or partially	None
If convertible, type of instrument convertible into  If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into  Write-down feature  If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BF may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operal license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all or shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mental the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down, full or partial partially or form the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mental become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down, partially or form the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mentally of existing shar	If convertible, conversion rate	None
If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into  Write-down feature  If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BF may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operal license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all or shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduction from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition methe issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down, full or partial  If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism  Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)  In priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are not subordinated loss.	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	None
Write-down feature  If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BF may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operal license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all or shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition methe issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down for the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition methe issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down for the condition of the partially or for the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition methe issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down for the bonds can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  Continuous  There are no any temporary write-up mechanism  Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type in priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are not immediately senior to the instrument)	If convertible, type of instrument convertible into	None
If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BF may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operal license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all or shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deduc from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition methe issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down for an experiment or temporary.  If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism  Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)  Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BF may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Bank institute of the Bank insti	If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into	None
may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operation license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all or shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition menths is suer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer has become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down for an experiment of temporary.  If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism  Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)  In priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are not subordinated loss.	Write-down feature	
shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition methe issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down full or partial.  If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism  Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)  Shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition mether the instrument or temporation hierarchy in cape of liquidation (instrument type in priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are not immediately senior to the instrument)		Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BRSA may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operating
Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition method the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down full or partial port of the sond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism  Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)  Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition method the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable, or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable, or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down down the probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down.  For the same non-viable, or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down.  For the same non-viable, or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down.  There are no any temporary write-up mechanism.  In priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are no immediately senior to the instrument.		
from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition methe issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-do become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-do become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down, full or partial port of the partially or fifther are not be written-down, permanent or temporary  If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism  Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type in priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are not immediately senior to the instrument)  Subordinated loss.		
the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-do become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-do graph or If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism  Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)  There are no any temporary write-up mechanism  In priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are no subordinated loss subordinated loss.		
become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-do If bond can be written-down, full or partial If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation ( instrument type immediately senior to the instrument )  become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-do Partially or Instrument or temporary  Continuous There are no any temporary write-up mechanism In priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are no immediately senior to the instrument )		
If bond can be written-down, full or partial Partially or figure 1 fb bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary Continuous If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism  Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type In priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are no immediately senior to the instrument)  Subordinated loss subordin		
If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary  If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism  Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)  There are no any temporary write-up mechanism  In priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are no immediately senior to the instrument)  subordinated load	If hand can be written-down full or partial	
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism  Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)  There are no any temporary write-up mechanism  In priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are no subordinated load s		Continuously
Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type In priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are n immediately senior to the instrument) subordinated load		
immediately senior to the instrument ) subordinated loa		
		subordinated loans.
The institution of the instituti		
		The instrument is not in compliant with article numbered 7.

# AKBANK T.A.Ş.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

[Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.]

	Current Period 30 September 2019
Details on Subordinated Liabilities:	ov ochtember zor.
Issuer	AKBANK T.A.S
Identifier(s) (CUSIP, ISIN vb.)	XS1772360803 / US00972BAC37
	Subject to British Common Law and in terms of certain articles to Turkish
Governing law (s) of the instrument	Regulations. It is issued within the scope of the Debt Instruments Disclosure o
	the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Equities of Banks of the BRSA
Regulatory treatment	
Subject to 10% deduction as of 1/1/2015	No
Eligible on unconsolidated and /or consolidated basis	Unconsolidated and Consolidated
Instrument type	Subordinated Liabilities (Securities
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting date)	2.248 million TL (in full TL amount
Nominal value of instrument	2.248 million TL (in full TL amount
Accounting classification of the instrument	Subordinated Loans (347011 Accounting Number
Issuance date of instrument	27 February 2018
Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity)	Maturity
Original maturity of the instrument	10 Year 60 day (Maturity date: 27 April 2028
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory (BRSA) approval	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	There is an early repayment option on 27.04.2023. The reimbursement amount is 2.248 million TL (in full TL amount
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	
Coupon/dividend payment	
Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments	Fixed
Coupon rate and any related index	6,8%
Existence of any dividend payment restriction	None
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	None
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	None
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non-convertible into equity shares	
If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	None
If convertible, fully or partially	None
If convertible, conversion rate	None
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	None
If convertible, type of instrument convertible into	None
If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into	None
Write-down feature	
If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)	Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BRSA may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operating license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all of its shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of the Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition means the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer will become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down
If bond can be written-down, full or partial	Partially or fully
If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary	Continuously
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms
Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type	In priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are non-
immediately senior to the instrument )	subordinated loans
In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	The instrument is in compliance with article number 8
Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	The instrument is not in compliant with article numbered 7

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

c. The difference between Total Capital and Equity in the unconsolidated balance sheet mainly arises from expected credit loss provisions arising from loans classified under stage I and stage II and subordinated loans. In the calculation of Total Capital, up to 1,25% of expected credit loss from stage 1 and stage 2 over the credit risk amount and subordinated loans with nominal amounts, by reducing 20% each year if the remaining maturity is 100% less than 5 year, are taken into consideration as Tier II Capital. Additionally, the losses reflected to equity under TAS which is subject to deduction from TIER I capital are determined by excluding the losses from cash flow hedging. On the other hand, in the calculation of the Total Capital, improvement costs for operating leases followed under tangible assets in the balance sheet, intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities, other items defined by the regulator are taken into consideration as amounts deducted from Total Capital.

#### II. EXPLANATIONS ON CURRENCY RISK

The difference between the Group's foreign currency denominated and foreign currency indexed assets and liabilities is defined as the "Net Foreign Currency Position" and is the basis of currency risk. Foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities, together with purchase and sale commitments, give rise to foreign exchange exposure. The Bank keeps the foreign exchange exposure amount within the limits set by the ERC. The ERC, taking into account the economic conditions and market developments, sets a limit for the size of a foreign exchange exposure. Those limits are individually determined and followed for both the net overall foreign currency position and for the foreign exchange exposure. Derivative financial instruments like forward foreign exchange contracts and currency swaps are used as tools for foreign exchange exposure management.

The Parent Bank's foreign exchange bid rates as of the date of the financial statements and for the last five days prior to that date are presented below:

	USD	EURO
Balance Sheet Evaluation Rate	TL 5,6200	TL 6,1412
1.Day bid rate	TL 5,6200	TL 6,1412
2.Day bid rate	TL 5,6591	TL 6,1836
3.Day bid rate	TL 5,6591	TL 6,1836
4.Day bid rate	TL 5,6591	TL 6,1836
5.Day bid rate	TL 5,6659	TL 6,1982

The simple arithmetic average of the Parent Bank's foreign exchange bid rates for the last thirty days preceding the balance sheet date for major foreign currencies are presented in the table below:

USD : TL 5,6993 EURO : TL 6,2786

As of 31 December 2018;

	USD	EURO
Balance Sheet Evaluation Rate	TL 5,2600	TL 6,0182

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### Information related to Group's Currency Risk:

The table below summarizes the Group's net foreign currency position, categorized by currency. Foreign currency indexed assets are classified as Turkish Lira assets according to the Uniform Chart of Accounts. In currency risk calculation, foreign currency indexed assets are considered as foreign currency items. In accordance with the "Communiqué on Calculation of Foreign Currency Net Position/Capital Standard Ratio by banks in stand-alone and consolidated basis"; prepaid expenses in assets and and shareholders' equity in liabilities are excluded in the currency risk calculation. Therefore, there are differences between the amounts of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities demonstrated on the table below and the amounts on the balance sheet.

Current Period – 30 September 2019	EUR0	USD	Other FC	Total
Assets				
Cash Equivalents and Central Bank (*)	10.204.118	15.650.385	3.619.843	29.474.346
Banks	7.505.143	8.104.347	3.929.471	19.538.961
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (Net)	-	6.392.622	-	6.392.622
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets measured at other comprehensive income (Net)	4.944.512	23.416.430	839.384	29.200.326
Loans (**)	49.881.433	35.691.834	88.416	85.661.683
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at amortised cost (Net)	31.588	4.115.524	-	4.147.112
Hedging Derivative Financial Assets	125.551	20.858	40.511	186.920
Tangible Assets (Net)	44.004	6.992	-	50.996
Intangible Assets (Net)	3.963	18	-	3.981
Other Assets (***)	2.230.942	5.595.643	5.879	7.832.463
Total Assets	74.971.254	98.994.653	8.523.504	182.489.411
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits (****)	2.709.843	1.057.008	2.239.219	6.006.070
Foreign Currency Deposits (****)	50.307.632	85.887.832	6.410.958	142.606.422
Funds from Interbank Money Market	1.543.985	9.391.904	-	10.935.889
Borrowings	8.400.582	25.289.213	-	33.689.795
Marketable Securities Issued (Net) (*****)	61.501	13.206.842	-	13.268.343
Miscellaneous Payables	2.986.885	1.057.517	58.025	4.102.427
Hedging Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	304.451	-	304.451
Other Liabilities	1.150.273	1.437.263	39.368	2.626.904
Total Liabilities	67.160.701	137.632.030	8.747.570	213.540.301
Net on Balance Sheet Position	7.810.553	(38.637.377)	(224.066)	(31.050.890)
Net off-Balance Sheet Position (******)	(4.486.921)	37.615.609	226.334	33.355.022
Financial Derivative Assets	33.648.898	87.939.528	2.053.306	123.641.732
Financial Derivative Liabilities	38.135.819	50.323.919	1.826.972	90.286.710
Non-cash Loans	11.578.826	11.641.033	640.558	23.860.417
Prior Period - 31 December 2018				
Total Assets	72.825.804	96.596.689	5.912.155	175.334.648
Total Liabilities	57.159.165	134.910.552	6.973.297	199.043.014
Net on-Balance Sheet Position	15.666.639	(38.313.863)	(1.061.142)	(23.708.366)
Net off-Balance Sheet Position (******)	(13.231.094)	38.120.115	831.974	25.720.995
Financial Derivative Assets	33.384.001	107.101.730	3.366.893	143.852.624
		68.981.615	2.534.919	118.131.629
Financial Derivative Liabilities	46.615.095	00.701.010	2.004.717	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Of the Cash Equivalents and Central Bank and Other FC, TL 3.426.916 (31 December 2018: TL 3.490.205) are precious metal deposit account in demand.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> The foreign currency indexed loans balance in the Turkish Lira accounts is TL 1.160.941 (31 December 2018: TL 3.062.779).

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> Derivative financial assets and expected credit losses are classified under other assets. The expected loss amount of foreign currency indexed loans balance is TL 75.750 (31 December 2018: TL 120.518). Prepaid assets amounted TL 55.562 (31 December 2018: TL 86.577) is excluded in the financial statements.

<sup>[\*\*\*\*]</sup> Of the foreign currency deposits TL 3.669.843 [31 December 2018: TL 2.484.399] and Bank Deposits Other FC of the TL 3.251 [31 December 2018: TL 1.892] are precious metal deposit account in demand.

<sup>(\*\*\*\*\*)</sup> Securities issued as subordinated loan classified under subordinated loans in the balance sheet are included.

<sup>[\*\*\*\*\*\*]</sup> Presents the net balance of receivables and payables from derivative transactions. Foreign Exchange spot dealings shown under "Asset purchase commitments" in the financial statements are included in the net off-balance sheet position.

### **AKBANK T.A.Ş.**

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### III. EXPLANATIONS ON INTEREST RATE RISK:

"Interest Rate Risk" can be defined as the impact of interest rate changes on interest-sensitive asset and liability items of both on and off-balance sheets of the Group. The ERC sets limits for the interest rate sensitivity of on and off-balance sheet items and the sensitivity is closely monitored and reported weekly. In the case of high market fluctuations, daily transaction based reporting and analyses are made.

The Group manages the interest rate risk on a portfolio basis and tries to minimize the risk effect on the profitability, financial exposure and cash flows by applying different strategies. Basic methods such as using fixed or floating interest rates for different portfolios and maturities, setting the fixed margin in floating rates, or varying the rates for the short or long-term positions are applied actively.

#### a. Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on repricing dates):

Current Period – 30 September 2019	Up to 1 Month	1 – 3 Months	3 - 12 Months	1 - 5 Years	5 Years and Over	Non- Interest Bearing	Total
Assets							
Cash Equivalents and Central Bank	4.498.824	-	-	-	-	31.230.066	35.728.890
Banks	3.909.387	1.308.841	28.590	-	-	14.426.408	19.673.226
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit							
or Loss (Net)	12.673	6.202.628	13.985	-	-	209.422	6.438.708
Interbank Money Market Placements	3.557	43.475	-	-	-	-	47.032
Financial Assets at measured Fair Value							
Other Comprehensive Income (Net)	5.791.765	6.385.363	18.508.612	22.274.512	9.593.123	322.707	62.876.082
Loans (***)	63.809.825	23.955.832	51.651.729	61.104.821	5.197.991	13.550.947	219.271.145
Financial Assets measured at amortised cost							
(Net)	975.333	2.577.290	5.549.320	3.913.796	1.180.640	-	14.196.379
Other Assets (****)	3.978.844	7.556.515	7.758.237	2.821.964	1.422.554	(2.508.273)	21.029.841
Total Assets	82.980.208	48.029.944	83.510.473	90.115.093	17.394.308	57.231.277	379.261.303
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	3.025.680	1.492.845	389.059	-	-	1.717.794	6.625.378
Other Deposits	137.044.384	28.263.942	9.420.976	7.832.261	787.870	45.856.821	229.206.254
Funds from Interbank Money Market	1.738.855	3.727.363	6.217.246	-	-	452.852	12.136.316
Miscellaneous Payables	1.229.157	1.526.795	830.646	362.822	33.756	5.707.170	9.690.346
Marketable Securities Issued (Net) (*)	2.052.131	953.587	3.195.518	4.166.184	7.752.400	-	18.119.820
Borrowings	10.927.093	18.470.685	2.955.595	1.736.611	121.185	-	34.211.169
Other Liabilities (**)	2.831.781	4.674.193	2.686.156	1.220.714	710.191	57.148.985	69.272.020
Total Liabilities	158.849.081	59.109.410	25.695.196	15.318.592	9.405.402	110.883.622	379.261.303
Balance Sheet Long Position	-	-	57.815.277	74.796.501	7.988.906	-	140.600.684
Balance Sheet Short Position	(75.868.873)	(11.079.466)	-	-	-	(53.652.345)	(140.600.684)
Off-balance Sheet Long Position	1.233.896	14.002.148	-	2.220.484	776.814	-	18.233.342
Off-balance Sheet Short Position	-	(30.862)	(7.492.847)	(45.649)	-	-	(7.569.358)
Total Position	(74.634.977)	2.891.820	50.322.430	76.971.336	8.765.720	(53.652.345)	10.663.984

<sup>(\*)</sup> Securities issued as subordinated loan classified under subordinated loans in the balance sheet are included.

<sup>[\*\*]</sup> Shareholders' equity is presented under "Other liabilities" item at "Non-interest bearing" column.

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> Included lease receivables. Non-performing loans are shown in the non-interest bearing column. Interest rediscount started to be calculated for non-performing loans as of 1 January 2018, said amount was indicated on "without interest" column since there is no other suitable column in the above table.

<sup>(\*\*\*\*)</sup> Derivative financial assets and expected credit losses are classified under other assets.

### **AKBANK T.A.Ş.**

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

	Up to 1	1 – 3		1 – 5	5 Years		
Prior Period – 31 December 2018	Month	Months	Months	Years	and Over	Bearing	Total
Assets							
Cash Equivalents and Central Bank	14.451.277	-	-	-	-	15.662.547	30.113.824
Banks	5.669.725	691.374	-	-	-	12.598.299	18.959.398
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit							
or Loss (Net)	7.759	4.134	10.113	-	-	156.810	178.816
Interbank Money Market Placements	544.657	-	-	-	-	-	544.657
Financial Assets at Fair Value Other							
Comprehensive Income (Net)	3.678.381	4.880.167	13.649.466	15.263.375	6.617.448	251.205	44.340.042
Loans (***)	58.270.975	25.574.235	58.416.662	63.467.197	7.843.859	363.816	213.936.744
Financial Assets measured at amortised cost							
(Net)	2.486.106	1.484.991	4.220.066	2.968.019	1.104.299	=	12.263.481
Other Assets(****)	6.154.935	10.223.954	5.407.231	2.593.071	2.392.992	7.572.465	34.344.648
Total Assets	91.263.814	42.858.855	81.703.538	84.291.662	17.958.598	36.605.142	354.681.610
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	4.793.806	1.364.602	406.303	=	=	1.486.674	8.051.385
Other Deposits	113.941.371	24.915.246	18.030.445	5.511.751	535.332	37.644.369	200.578.514
Funds from Interbank Money Market	6.411.083	4.890.617	2.529.534	443.782	=	=	14.275.016
Miscellaneous Payables	1.144.009	1.264.025	730.525	186.714	4.232	4.679.675	8.009.180
Marketable Securities Issued (Net) (*)	764.991	2.408.787	566.668	6.802.096	7.313.382	=	17.855.924
Borrowings	6.007.889	28.133.604	8.091.870	1.220.030	196.490	-	43.649.883
Other Liabilities (**)	3.295.363	5.533.259	3.363.956	991.854	90.491	48.986.785	62.261.708
Total Liabilities	136.358.512	68.510.140	33.719.301	15.156.227	8.139.927	92.797.503	354.681.610
Balance Sheet Long Position	-	-	47.984.237	64.816.933	10.184.783	-	126.938.343
Balance Sheet Short Position	(45.094.697)	(25.651.285)	=	=	=	(56.192.361)	(126.938.343)
Off-balance Sheet Long Position	9.526.754	12.226.615	-	1.712.968	1.699.121	-	25.165.458
Off-balance Sheet Short Position	=	=	[11.734.925]	=		=	(11.734.925)
Total Position	(35.567.943)	(13.424.670)	36.249.312	70.848.403	11.517.792	(56.192.361)	13.430.533

<sup>[\*]</sup> Securities issued as subordinated loan classified under subordinated loans in the balance sheet are included.

#### b. Average interest rates for monetary financial instruments (%):

Average interest rates in the above tables are the weighted average rates of the related balance sheet items.

Current Period – 30 September 2019	EURO	USD	Yen	TL
Assets				
Cash Equivalents and Central Bank	Ξ	=	=	5,00
Banks	0,41	1,80	=	14,95
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (Net)	=	-	=	9,75
Interbank Money Market Placements	≡	=	=	17,69
Financial Assets at Fair Value Other Comprehensive Income (Net)	2,73	5,19	3,09	14,87
Loans	4,36	7,21	7,42	17,92
Financial Assets measured at amortised cost (Net)	3,46	5,18	-	16,30
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits (**)	0,14	2,44	-	7,72
Other Deposits (**)	0,51	2,30	=	11,92
Funds from Interbank Money Market	0,20	2,67	-	16,10
Miscellaneous Payables	=	-	=	-
Marketable Securities Issued (Net) (*)	4,00	5,61	1,29	15,47
Borrowings	2,19	4,35	=	16,91

<sup>(\*)</sup> Securities issued as subordinated loan classified under subordinated loans in the balance sheet are included.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Shareholders' equity is presented under "Other liabilities" item at "Non-interest bearing" column.

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> Included lease receivables.Non-performing loans are shown in the non-interest bearing column. Interest rediscount started to be calculated for non-performing loans as of 1 January 2018, said amount was indicated on "without interest" column since there is no other suitable column in the above table.

 $<sup>\</sup>hbox{[****]} \ \hbox{Derivative financial assets and expected credit losses are classified under other assets}.$ 

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Demand deposit balances are included in average interest rate calculation.

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#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

Prior Period – 31 December 2018	EURO	USD	Yen	TL
Assets				
Cash Equivalents and Central Bank	=	2,00	=	13,00
Banks	0,22	2,35	-	23,83
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (Net)	-	-	-	13,22
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	2,27	-	23,64
Financial Assets at Fair Value Other Comprehensive Income (Net)	2,38	4,55	3,09	20,97
Loans	4,28	7,26	9,06	18,41
Financial Assets measured at amortised cost (Net)	3,58	4,89	-	26,70
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits (**)	0,26	3,51	-	22,55
Other Deposits (**)	0,90	3,42	0,01	17,18
Funds from Interbank Money Market	0,15	3,19	-	23,80
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Marketable Securities Issued (Net) (*)	4,00	5,63	1,29	19,42
Borrowings	2,32	4,57	-	14,04

<sup>(\*)</sup> Securities issued as subordinated loan classified under subordinated loans in the balance sheet are included.

#### IV. EXPLANATIONS ON POSITION RISK OF EQUITY SECURITIES:

The Bank doesn't have any subsidiaries and affiliates that are traded on the "BIST".

#### V. EXPLANATIONS ON LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO:

The liquidity risk of the Bank is the risk of being unable to fulfill its payment obligations on time due to not having enough cash sources or cash inflows to finance its cash outflows fully and on time due to cash flow instabilities. Liquidity risk arises from situations in which the Bank is unable to meet the cash outflows with its cash sources and borrowing opportunities over collateralizing marketable securities, in case of sudden fund withdrawals by the individual/institutional funders of the Bank.

# a) Information on risk capacity of the Bank, Responsibilities and structure of liquidity risk management, the Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application:

The Bank's liquidity and funding policy is to own sufficient liquidity reserve and funding opportunities to meet Bank's liabilities even in cases of stress, resulting from the market conditions or other conditions specific to the Bank.

The Bank has capacity to meet a high risk with broad and stable deposit, strong base capital structure and diversified foreign borrowing sources and is capable of providing additional liquidity with high quality liquid securities in its portfolio and available limits at both the Central Bank of Turkey and other Money markets.

Management of liquidity risk is shared by the ERC, ALCO, Treasury Department and Risk Management Department. The ERC determines the liquidity management policies and the appropriate liquidity risk level in line with the Bank's risk appetite and monitors whether the liquidity risk is managed under the framework of determined policies and within the defined limits.

The different categories of defined limits are;

- Limits related to wholesale funding sources,
- Limits related to liquid asset buffer,
- Limits related to the cash inflows coverage capacity to cash outflows,
- Limits related to cash outflow coverage capacity in the stress environment.

ALCO takes decision to use alternative funding sources, pricing of obtained funds and granted loans, and other decisions of Daily liquidity management. Treasury Department ensures that the Bank meets its short, middle and long term liabilities, with the transactions made in accordance with ALCO decisions order to utilize excess funding or close the funding gap, occurring on foreign currencies or maturity terms. Risk Management Department measures and monitors the liquidity risk, with the reports prepared and analyses made, and informs the top management. Liquidity risk reporting consists of periodic and special purpose reports prepared to be discussed in the ERC and ALCO meetings, stress tests, scenario analyses, risk limit compliance reports and legal liquidity reports.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Demand deposit balances are included in average interest rate calculation.

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# b) Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy and the functioning between the Bank and the Bank's subsidiaries:

Each of the Bank's subsidiaries within the consolidation scope manages its own liquidity. Nevertheless, there are defined limits related to the funding amount that the Bank will provide to a subsidiary, in case of liquidity issues. Cumulative liquidity gap resulted in stress scenarios of subsidiaries, should not exceed the fund limits provided by the Bank.

#### c) Information on the Bank's funding strategy including the policies on funding types and variety of maturities:

The Bank targets to obtain additional funding sources besides the strong capital structure, from the most possible diversified, long term stable sources, considering cost factors. In this direction, concentration ratios such as share of retail funding sources in total funding sources, share of deposits of high amount in total deposits, share of borrowings made from the market in total market volume are monitored and limited with the applied risk limits. Treasury Unit performs necessary work to obtain long term foreign funding.

# d) Information on liquidity management on the basis of currencies constituting a minimum of five percent of the Bank's total liabilities:

Almost all of the Bank's liabilities are in TL, USD or EUR currencies and TL funds comprise of mainly equity and deposits. The Bank's liquidity in TL is managed with repurchase agreements made at CBRT/BIST using high quality securities owned by the Bank. Together with keeping the main purpose as using liabilities in TL in funding assets in TL, foreign currency liabilities are used in creating assets in TL using foreign exchange swaps, when necessary. Liquidity management is performed in the scope of internal risk limits, such as short term borrowing limits from markets determined by the Bank, market concentration limits, liquidity stress scenario, and cumulative liquidity gap.

Foreign currency funds are obtained through foreign exchange deposit accounts, foreign based, foreign currency loans, securities issued and repurchase agreements. Foreign currency liquidity management is performed using internal risk limits defined for liquidity buffer kept at correspondent banks and monitored daily in the scope of the Bank's risk limits, and cumulative gap in the scope of liquidity stress scenario, and other risk limits defined for wholesale funding and concentration. The Bank has available foreign currency borrowing limits at CBRT/BIST and other banks.

#### e) Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques:

Liquidity risk is mitigated by using techniques such as maintaining high quality liquid asset buffer to cover possible fund outflows, diversification of funding sources so far as possible and inclusion to the base, homogenizing the maturity distribution of repayments as far as possible, obtaining limits from funding institutions to use when necessary and ensuring that a determined portion of funding sources are comprised of deposit.

#### f) Information on the use of stress tests:

In cases of negative conditions such as an impairment in the securities in the Bank's portfolio, inability to replace short and long term borrowings, fast cash outflow, increase in non-performing loan ratio, high margin calls, the extent and duration of sufficient liquidity is analyzed by the stress tests made by the Risk Management Department. Risk limits determined according to analysis results exist within the Bank. It is ensured that the necessary actions are taken by sharing the analysis results and risk limit compliance status with the ALCO, ERC and related business units.

# g) General information on urgent and unexpected liquidity situation plans:

Necessary strategy and procedures for the management of possible liquidity crisis are determined with the Liquidity Contingency Plan, which is approved and reviewed every year by the ERC. The actions to be taken favor the benefits of depositors, creditors of the Bank and shareholders. In case one or several emergency situations occur, Bank's Liquidity Contingency Plan is put into use. After Liquidity Contingency Plan is put into use, Liquidity Contingency Management Committee is responsible from the determination of actions to be taken.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### **Liquidity Coverage Ratio:**

		Rate of "Percentage to be taken into account" not Implemented Total value (*)		Rate of "Percent into account" Total va	Implemented	
Curi	rent Period – 30 September 2019	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
HIGI	I QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS (HQLA)					
1	High quality liquid assets			77.855.943	41.149.120	
CAS	H OUTFLOWS					
2	Retail and Customers Deposits	148.275.367	84.084.050	13.703.684	8.408.405	
3	Stable deposits	22.477.060	-	1.123.853	-	
4	Less stable deposits	125.798.307	84.084.050	12.579.831	8.408.405	
5	Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business					
	Customers Deposits	78.580.658	51.736.664	42.744.868	28.193.759	
6	Operational deposits	-	-	=	-	
7	Non-Operational Deposits	68.512.148	47.633.677	33.979.088	24.090.961	
8	Other Unsecured Funding	10.068.510	4.102.987	8.765.780	4.102.798	
9	Secured funding	-	-	247.129	247.129	
10	Other Cash Outflows	73.946.745	48.577.875	63.812.008	39.174.847	
11	Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market					
	valuation changes on derivatives transactions	62.664.398	38.132.362	62.664.398	38.132.362	
12	Debts related to the structured financial products	26.180	-	26.180	-	
13	Commitment related to debts to financial markets					
	and other off balance sheet liabilities	11.256.167	10.445.513	1.121.430	1.042.485	
14	Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time by					
	the Bank and other contractual commitments	907.287	-	45.364	-	
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments	55.205.593	10.695.480	2.760.280	534.774	
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			123.313.333	76.558.914	
CAS	H INFLOWS					
17	Secured Lending Transactions	669.543	669.543	-	-	
18	Unsecured Lending Transactions	30.982.217	17.934.472	23.514.877	15.965.117	
19	Other contractual cash inflows	58.294.787	41.183.503	58.293.979	41.183.464	
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	89.946.547	59.787.518	81.808.856	57.148.581	
				Upper limit applied amounts		
21	TOTAL HQLA STOCK			77.855.943	41.149.120	
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			41.504.477	20.745.533	
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			187,95	199,05	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Simple arithmetic average calculated for the last three months of values calculated by taking the simple arithmetic average was used for calculating the average in last days of the related last three months.

# AKBANK T.A.Ş.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

		Rate of "Percentage to be taken into account" not Implemented Total value (*)		Rate of "Percent into account" Total va	Implemented
Prio	r Period – 31 December 2018	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
HIGH	I QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS (HQLA)				
1	High quality liquid assets			62.115.029	41.023.489
CAS	H OUTFLOWS				
2	Retail and Customers Deposits	135.961.243	70.812.253	12.528.138	7.081.225
3	Stable deposits	21.359.720	-	1.067.986	-
4	Less stable deposits	114.601.523	70.812.253	11.460.152	7.081.225
5	Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business				
Э	Customers Deposits	76.724.402	54.574.871	38.672.168	26.678.979
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
7	Non-Operational Deposits	73.644.112	54.302.703	36.742.368	26.408.105
8	Other Unsecured Funding	3.080.290	272.168	1.929.800	270.874
9	Secured funding	-	-	55.501	55.501
10	Other Cash Outflows	62.457.150	40.461.061	52.748.041	31.451.064
11	Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market				
	valuation changes on derivatives transactions	51.674.570	30.452.091	51.674.570	30.452.091
12	Debts related to the structured financial products Commitment related to debts to financial markets	=	-	-	-
13	and other off balance sheet liabilities	10.782.580	10.008.970	1.073.471	998.973
14	Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time by				
14	the Bank and other contractual commitments	775.027	-	38.751	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments	62.153.153	17.346.360	3.107.658	867.318
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			107.150.257	66.134.087
CAS	H INFLOWS				
17	Secured Lending Transactions	3.774.025	3.774.025	-	-
18	Unsecured Lending Transactions	41.387.759	28.394.466	33.782.118	26.630.775
19	Other contractual cash inflows	45.640.815	29.873.356	45.637.514	29.873.279
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	90.802.599	62.041.847	79.419.632	56.504.054
				Upper limit ap	
21	TOTAL HOLA STOCK			62.115.029	41.023.489
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			28.967.779	16.533.522
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			216,23	248,58

<sup>(\*)</sup> Simple arithmetic average calculated for the last three months of values calculated by taking the simple arithmetic average was used for calculating the average in last days of the related last three months.

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

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Liquidity coverage ratio is calculated by comparing the high quality liquid assets owned by the Bank to net cash outflow in one month maturity. Balance sheet accounts that are significant on the ratio can be listed as reserve requirements maintained at CBRT, marketable securities that are not subject to repurchase agreements or not given as collateral, corporate deposits, bank deposits, foreign funds and borrowings from banks. The effect of these accounts on the liquidity coverage ratio is higher than other accounts, since these accounts have a higher share in liquid assets and net cash outflows.

Periodic increases are observed in the liquidity coverage ratio during the weeks where the foreign currency reserve option is used in reserve requirements in CBRT, high amounts are maintained in bank placements or repurchase agreement volume decreases, on the other hand, fluctuations may occur in the liquidity coverage ratio during the weeks where the share of corporate or bank funds increase, or long term foreign funds which are replaced when due, such as syndicated loans are due in one month. Despite these fluctuations, it is observed that the ratio does not decrease below 155% during the period and remain at a quite higher level that the legal lower limit.

Although the derivative transactions create net cash flow of small amount in terms of total liquidity coverage ratio, fluctuations in foreign currency derivative transactions, especially in foreign exchange swaps cause the foreign currency liquidity coverage ratio to be affected.

The Bank's high quality liquid assets mainly comprise of CBRT accounts by 45% and securities issued by Treasury of Republic of Turkey by 43%. Funding sources are mainly distributed between individual and retail deposits by 62%, corporate deposits by 26%, borrowings from banks by 4% and collateralized borrowings such as repurchase agreements by 2%.

Cash outflow amounting to TL 1.387 million is calculated based on the change of margin call amounts of derivative transactions and repurchase agreements during the last two years.

Akbank AG, part of the consolidation group and has an effect on liquidity coverage ratio in respect of its size, is subject to legal liquidity ratio projected by regulatory authority situated in its business location. In respect of its long term deposit insurance and borrowing structure which is hard to withdraw before maturity because of legal regulations, consolidated liquidity coverage ratio is higher than unconsolidated ratio.

In accordance with the "Regulation On Calculation of Bank's Liquidity Coverage Ratio", published in Official Gazette no. 28948, dated 21 March 2014, liquidity coverage ratio is calculated for the last three months are presented below.

	Current Period	Current Period - 30.09.2019			
	TL+FC				
July	196,56	198,00			
August	180,91	184,92			
September	186,38	214,22			

	Prior Period	Prior Period - 31.12.2018		
	TL+FC	FC		
October	205,37	246,10		
November	245,86	274,78		
December	197,45	224,87		

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### Breakdown of assets and liabilities according to their outstanding maturities:

Up to 1 3 – 12 5 Years otember 2019 Demand Month 1 – 3 Months Months 1 – 5 Years and Over U	s r Unallocate	d Total
Central Bank 20.735.614 14.887.725 105.551	-	- 35.728.890
14.426.407 4.411.094 807.135 28.590	-	- 19.673.226
air Value Through		
209.422 - 6.202.225 11.311 15.750 -	-	- 6.438.708
ket Placements - 3.557 43.475	-	- 47.032
sured at other		
ne (Net) 322.707 764.011 346.980 12.871.964 36.919.603 11.650.817	7	- 62.876.082
138.363 45.498.274 18.434.232 47.774.571 73.511.638 20.501.480	0 13.412.58	7 219.271.145
sured at		
- 395.272 642.843 2.619.510 9.358.114 1.180.640	0	- 14.196.379
752.049 781.960 2.106.178 2.741.008 12.815.008 5.093.960	0 (3.260.32	2) 21.029.841
36.584.562 66.741.893 28.688.619 66.046.954 132.620.113 38.426.897	7 10.152.26	5 379.261.303
1.717.794 3.025.680 1.492.845 389.059	_	- 6.625.378
49.297.227 133.597.775 28.270.243 9.390.153 7.862.986 787.870	0	- 229.206.254
- 5.321.393 1.018.470 9.855.656 13.839.530 4.176.120	0	- 34.211.169
Money Market - 2.265.377 1.055.054 3.155.460 3.678.497 1.981.928	8	- 12.136.316
s Issued (Net) (**) - 2.052.130 953.587 3.195.519 4.166.184 7.752.400		- 18.119.820
les 740.334 378.412 248.635 418.337 1.758.370 993.930		
594.209 3.566.109 847.203 1.509.317 5.248.694 3.450.527		
52.349.564 150.206.876 33.886.037 27.913.501 36.554.261 19.142.775		
Sap) (15.765.002) (83.464.983) (5.197.418) 38.133.453 96.065.852 19.284.122 (	2 (49.056.02	i) -
Position - (246.476) 812.504 994.727 6.976.161 2.127.068	2	10.663.984
sets - 51.389.306 32.983.054 44.157.676 91.491.245 60.214.911		280.236.192
abilities - 51.635.782 32.170.550 43.162.949 84.515.084 58.087.843		269.572.208
- 2.196.010 26.730 8.173.005 12.414.672 21.951.274		44.761.691
nber 2018		
32.514.274 57.967.946 27.870.057 60.347.221 128.102.097 42.260.891	5.619.12	4 354.681.610
42.327.806 131.577.083 34.759.169 43.587.819 39.780.479 18.862.213	3 43.787.04	1 354.681.610
(9.813.532) (73.609.137) (6.889.112) 16.759.402 88.321.618 23.398.678 (	(38.167.91	
Position - 77.620 (1.315.703) 333.174 8.660.889 5.674.553	•	- 13.430.533
sets - 72.096.655 34.606.470 46.684.420 101.972.261 65.710.763		- 321.070.569
abilities - 72.019.035 35.922.173 46.351.246 93.311.372 60.036.210		- 307.640.036
- 4.239.932 5.288.100 16.267.385 4.944.533 22.055.421	I	- 52.795.371

<sup>(\*)</sup> Assets that are necessary for banking activities and that cannot be liquidated in the short-term, such as fixed and intangible assets, derivative financial assets, investments, subsidiaries, stationery, pre-paid expenses and loans under follow-up, are shown in this column. Expected credit losses are included.

[\*\*] Securities issued as subordinated loan classified under subordinated loans in the balance sheet are included.

<sup>[\*\*\*]</sup> Shareholders' Equity is presented under "Other Liabilities" item in the "Unallocated" column.

<sup>(\*\*\*\*)</sup> Amounts related to Letters of Guarantee represent contractual maturity and related amounts. Amounts are demand and can be withdrawn optional.

<sup>(\*\*\*\*\*)</sup> Included lease receivables. The non-performing loans is presented "Unallocatable" column.

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

[Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.]

#### VI. EXPLANATIONS ON LEVERAGE RATIO:

#### a. Information on subjects that causes difference in leverage ratio between current and prior periods:

As of 30 September 2019, leverage ratio of the Group calculated from the arithmetic average of the last 3 months is 10,41% (31 December 2018: 9,03%). This ratio is above the minimum ratio which is 3%. The leverage ratio is almost on the same level in the current and prior period.

# b. Comparison table of total assets and total risk amounts in the financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS:

		Current Period 30 September 2019 (**)	Current Period 31 December 2018 (**)
1	Total assets in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS	30 September 2017 ( )	31 December 2010 ( )
	(*)	376.634.516	371.069.543
2	Differences between the total assets in the consolidated financial statements prepared		
	in accordance with TAS and the total assets in the consolidated financial statements		
	prepared in accordance with Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial		
_	Statements of the Banks	(143.000)	(106.333)
3	Differences between the balances of derivative financial instruments and the credit		
	derivatives in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the		
	Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks and	/ 501 0/0	F 0F0 00F
,	their risk exposures	4.781.948	5.052.237
4	Differences between the balances of securities financing transactions in the		
	consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the Communique on		
	Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks and their risk	(12.431.451)	[18.663.166]
5	exposures  Differences between off- balance sheet items in the consolidated financial statements	(12.431.431)	(10.003.100)
J	prepared in accordance with the Communique on Preparation of Consolidated		
	Financial Statements of the Banks and their risk exposures	(1.177.264)	(1.655.423)
6	Other differences in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with	(1.177.204)	(1.000.420)
Ü	the Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks		
	and their risk exposures	115.987.445	136.053.411
7	Total Risk	483.652.194	491.750.269

<sup>(\*)</sup> The consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the sixth paragraph of the Article 5 in the Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks.

### c. Disclosure of Leverage ratio template:

		Current Period 30 September 2019 (*)	Current Period 31 December 2018 (*)
	Balance sheet Assets		
1	Balance sheet assets (excluding derivative financial assets and credit derivatives, including		
	collaterals)	356.328.325	345.914.898
2	(Assets deducted from Core capital)	-	-
3	Total risk amount of balance sheet assets (sum of lines 1 and 2)	356.328.325	345.914.898
	Derivative financial assets and credit derivatives		
4	Cost of replenishment for derivative financial assets and credit derivatives	14.057.116	16.077.472
5	Potential credit risk amount of derivative financial assets and credit derivatives	4.781.948	5.052.237
6	Total risk amount of derivative financial assets and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 and 5)	18.839.064	21.129.709
	Financing transactions secured by marketable security or commodity		
7	Risk amount of financing transactions secured by marketable security or commodity	2.942.463	3.552.867
8	Risk amount arising from intermediary transactions	-	-
9	Total risk amount of financing transactions secured by marketable security or commodity (sum of		
	lines 7 and 8)	2.942.463	3.552.867
	Off-balance sheet transactions		
10	Gross notional amount of off-balance sheet transactions	106.719.606	122.808.218
11	(Correction amount due to multiplication with credit conversion rates)	(1.177.264)	(1.655.423)
12	Total risk of off-balance sheet transactions (sum of lines 10 and 11)	105.542.342	121.152.795
	Capital and total risk		
13	Core Capital	50.331.686	44.224.046
14	Total risk amount(sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	483.652.194	491.750.269
	Leverage ratio		
15	Leverage ratio	10,41	9,03
*) Th	ree months average values.		

(\*) Three months average values.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> The arithmetic average of the last 3 months in the related periods.

### **AKBANK T.A.Ş.**

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### VII. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT TARGET AND POLICIES:

Notes and explanations in this section have been prepared in accordance with the Communiqué on Disclosures about Risk Management to Be Announced to Public by Banks that have been published in Official Gazette no. 29511 on 23 October 2015 and became effective as of 31 March 2016. Due to usage of standard approach for the calculation of capital adequacy ratio by the Bank, tables, which have to be prepared within the scope of Internal rating-based (IRB) approach, are not presented.

#### Overview of RWA:

		Risk Weighted	Amount	Minimum capital requirement
	_	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period
		30 September 2019	31 December 2018	30 September 2019
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	253.767.233	248.816.671	20.301.379
2	Standardized approach (SA)	253.767.233	248.816.671	20.301.379
3	Internal rating-based (IRB) approach	=	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	19.611.739	22.807.044	1.568.939
5	Standardized approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)	19.611.739	22.807.044	1.568.939
6	Internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal models equity position			
	in the banking account	=	-	-
8	Investments made in collective investment companies – look-			
	through approach	=	=	=
9	Investments made in collective investment companies –			
	mandate-based approach	279.632	237.585	22.371
10	Investments made in collective investment companies – 1250%			
	weighted risk approach	=	Ξ	Ξ
11	Settlement risk	=	Ξ	≘
12	Securitization positions in banking accounts	-	-	-
13	IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	IRB Supervisory Formula Approach (SFA)	=	=	=
15	SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	=	=	=
16	Market risk	5.033.303	5.087.744	402.664
17	Standardized approach (SA)	5.033.303	5.087.744	402.664
18	Internal model approaches (IMM)	=	-	-
19	Operational Risk	28.892.666	22.665.719	2.311.413
20	Basic Indicator Approach	28.892.666	22.665.719	2.311.413
21	Standard Approach	=	-	-
22	Advanced measurement approach	-	=	=
23	The amount of the discount threshold under the equity (subject			
	to a 250% risk weight)	=	-	-
24	Floor adjustment The state of t	-	-	-
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	307.584.573	299.614.763	24.606.766

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### **VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON HEDGE TRANSACTIONS:**

The Group hedges its TL and foreign denominated fixed rate financial assets with cross currency swaps and interest swaps. Within the scope of fair value hedge, fair value changes of hedging instrument and hedged item are accounted in the income statement. As long as the hedge relationship is effective, fair value change of the hedged item is disclosed together with its related asset or liability in the balance sheet for TL denominated fixed rate mortgage loans. Fair value changes which have already been booked in equity, have been reclassified from equity to income statement for TL and FC denominated fixed rate financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Group hedges against its cash flow risk stemming from foreign currency denominated floating rate financial liabilities with interest rate and cross currency swaps. Within the scope of cash flow hedge accounting, effective part of the fair value changes of the hedging instrument are accounted in equity under "Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss" whereas ineffective part is accounted in the income statement. At instances when cash flows relating to hedged item (interest expense) affect the income statement, profit/loss of the related hedging item is taken out of the equity and reflected on the income statement.

Prospective tests are performed at the inception of the hedge relationships and both prospective and retrospective tests are performed at each reporting period-end regularly by using "Dollar off-set method". In this method, changes in the fair value of the hedged item and changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments between the designation date and each reporting period-end are compared and effectiveness ratio is calculated. In the determination of the fair values of hedging instruments and hedged item, market yield curves are used. Hedge accounting principles are applied by assessing the calculated effectiveness ratio within the scope of TAS 39.

When the hedging instrument expires, is executed or sold and when the hedge relationship becomes ineffective or is discontinued as a result of the hedge relationship being revoked due to ineffectiveness of efficiency tests;

- The hedging gains and losses that were previously recognized under equity are transferred to profit or loss when the cash flows of the hedged item are realized,
- Adjustments made to the carrying amount of the hedged item are transferred to profit and loss with straight line method for portfolio hedges or with effective interest rate method for micro hedges.

In case the hedged item is derecognized, hedge accounting is discontinued and within context of fair value hedge accounting, adjustments made to the value of the hedged item are accounted in income statement.

The replacement or rollover of a hedging instrument into another hedging instrument is not an expiration or termination if such replacement or rollover is part of the entity's documented hedging strategy.

The Group hedges against its cash flow risk stemming from foreign currency denominated floating rate financial liabilities with interest rate and cross currency swaps. Within the scope of cash flow hedge accounting, effective part of the fair value changes of the hedging instrument are accounted in equity under "Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss" whereas ineffective part is accounted in the income statement.

As of 30 September 2019, contractual amounts of derivative financial instruments designated as hedging instruments and the net fair values carried in the balance sheet of the Bank are summarized in the following table:

	Current Period 30 September 2019			Prior Period 31 December 2018		
	Notional			Notional		
	Amount	Assets	Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Liabilities
Interest Rate and						
Cross Currency Swaps						
-TL	14.843.460	6.216.856	983.287	16.237.237	4.693.776	647.569
-FC	51.465.534	186.920	304.451	45.937.007	364.658	41.041
Total	66.308.994	6.403.776	1.287.738	62.174.244	5.058.434	688.610

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 1. Explanations on Accounting Net Investment Hedge:

The Group has been using hedge against fair value strategy to hedge against foreign currency risk born of EUR 320 million which represents share premiums and paid-in-capital of Akbank AG, one of its subsidiaries. EUR 320 million of syndication loans used by the Group have been classified as "hedge instruments."

#### 2. Explanations on Fair Value Hedge:

Current Period - 30 September 2019

Hedging			Fair Value Difference of	Fair Value Difference of	Ineffective
Instrument	Hedged Item	Risk Exposure	Hedging Instrument	Hedged Items (*)	Portion (**)
	Fixed interest rate FC financial		-		
Interest Rate	assets at other comprehensive				
Swap	income	Interest rate risk	(325.004)	309.172	(15.832)
	Fixed interest rate TL financial				
Cross-	assets at other comprehensive	Interest rate and			
currency swap	income,	currency risk	(62.908)	60.978	(1.930)
Cross-	Fixed interest rate TL Mortgage	Interest rate and			
currency swap	Loans Portfolio, FC Borrowings	currency risk	2.492.400	(2.482.080)	10.319
Cross-	Fixed interest rate TL Mortgage	Interest rate and			
currency swap	Loans Portfolio, FC Borrowings	currency risk	(21.331)	21.331	=
Interest Rate	Fixed interest rate Lease	•			
Swap	Receivables	Interest rate risk	6	(7)	(1)

<sup>[\*]</sup> Includes fair value differences arising from changes in foreign exchange rates for hedges against interest rate and foreign currency from the interest rate and foreign exchange risks.

# Prior Period - 31 December 2018

Hedging Instrument	Hedged Item	Risk Exposure	Fair Value Difference of Hedging Instrument	Fair Value Difference of Hedged Items (*)	Ineffective Portion (**)
	Fixed interest rate FC financial	•			· · · · ·
Interest Rate	assets at other comprehensive				
Swap	income	Interest rate risk	(43.581)	33.893	(9.688)
	Fixed interest rate TL Mortgage				
Cross-	Loans Portfolio,	Interest rate and			
currency swap	FC borrowings	currency risk	2.632.655	(2.658.615)	(25.960)
	Fixed interest rate FC Issued				
Cross-	Eurobond, FC Lease	Interest rate and			
currency swap	Receivables	currency risk	9.438	(9.438)	-
Interest Rate	Fixed interest rate Lease				
Swap	Receivables	Interest rate risk	93	(95)	(2)
	Fixed interest rate FC Issued				
Cross-	Eurobond, FC Lease	Interest rate and			
currency swap	Receivables	currency risk	22.074	(22.686)	(612)

<sup>[\*]</sup> Includes fair value differences arising from changes in foreign exchange rates for hedges against interest rate and foreign currency from the interest rate and foreign exchange risks.

As of 30 September 2019 fair value hedge transactions have been proven to be effective.

In addition, when the hedging instrument expires, is executed or sold and when the hedge relationship becomes ineffective or is discontinued as a result of the hedge relationship being revoked due to ineffectiveness of efficiency tests with the information related discontinuous transactions are given below:

- As of 30 September 2019, related to fair value hedge transactions, the remaining net amount after amortization of the fair value change of the hedged items since the beginning of hedge accounting is TL 2.792 (31 December 2018: TL 7.263).

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Represents the cumulative amounts booked under "Gains/Losses on Derivative Financial Transactions" and "Gains/Losses on Foreign Exchange Transactions" since the beginning of hedge accounting.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Represents the cumulative amounts booked under "Gains / (Losses) on Derivative Financial Transactions" and "Gains/ (Losses) on Foreign Exchange Transactions" since the beginning of hedge accounting.

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 3. Explanations on Cash Flow Hedge:

Hedging instrument	Hedged item	Nature of risk hedged	Hedging ins	trument FV	Net gain/(loss) recognized in OCI during the period	reclassified to income statement during the year	Ineffective portion recognized in income statement
			Assets	Liabilities			
Interest Rate Swap	Floating-rate long Term FC funds borrowed	Cash Flow risk due to changes in interest rate of funds	(55.53		(236.353)	60.986	(4.336)
Cross Currency Swap	Short term FC commercial deposits	Cash Flow risk due to changes in interest rate of funds	2.206.7	19 339.393	(1.147.028)	[412.678]	(109.082)
Cross Currency Swap	Floating-rate FC given loans	Cash Flow risk due to changes in interest rate of funds		- 78.006	374.956	251.513	(7.075)
Interest Rate Swap	Short term TL deposits	Cash Flow risk due to changes in interest rate of funds		- 476.142	[132.123]	13.480	(7.688)

Not asin/(local

As of 30 September 2019 cash flow hedge transactions have been determined as effective.

In addition, when the hedging instrument expires, is executed or sold and when the hedge relationship becomes ineffective or is discontinued as a result of the hedge relationship being revoked with the information related discontinuous transactions are given below:

- As of 30 September 2019, related to cash flow hedge transactions, the remaining before tax amount in equity after amortization of the fair value change of the hedging instruments, since the beginning of hedge accounting is TL 6.072 (31 December 2018: TL (6.113)).

#### IX. EXPLANATIONS ON BUSINESS SEGMENTS:

The Group operates in three main business segments including retail banking, commercial banking, and corporate-investment and private banking and wealth management with treasury activities. These segments have been determined considering customer segments and branch network providing services to customers in accordance with the Bank's organizational structure.

The profitability system generating segment information provides profitability information on the basis of account customer, customer relationship manager, branch segment and product. This information is made available to the branch and Head Office personnel through a web-based management reporting system.

Retail banking offers a variety of retail services such as deposit accounts, retail loans, commercial installment loans, credit cards, insurance products and asset management services. The consumer banking products and services also include bank cards, investment funds trading, automatic payment services, foreign currency trading, safe deposit box rentals, cheques, money transfers, investment banking, telephone and internet banking.

Corporate Banking and Commercial Banking and SME Banking provide financial solutions and banking services to large, medium and small size corporate and commercial customers. The products and services offered to corporate and commercial customers include TL and foreign currency denominated working capital loans financing for investments, foreign trade financing, derivative instruments for hedging purposes of foreign currency and interest risk, letters of credit, foreign currency trading, corporate finance services and deposit and cash management services. In addition, the Bank provides timely and permanent solutions for corporate customers' working capital management, delivers cash management services tailored based on customers' requests that include collection and payment services and liquidity and information management. Project finance loans are provided within the context of investment banking activities. In the scope of private banking, The Bank serves the members of the high-income customers who have expectations for upper-class service quality both in banking and investment transactions. Within the scope of international banking activities, activities are also being carried out in order to

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

provide long-term funding, to provide funding under a price reflecting the country's risk, to diversify funding resources and to form an international investor base on this area.

The Treasury Unit conducts TL and FC spot and forward transactions, treasury bonds, government bonds, Eurobond and private sector bond transactions and also derivative trading activities within determined limits. These transactions are performed according to the Bank's requirements. Furthermore, Treasury Unit also carries out marketing and pricing activities of treasury products for customers and branch network.

Information on business segments as of 30 September 2019 and 31 December 2018 presented in the following tables. Explanations on business segments are prepared on the basis of data obtained from Bank Management Reporting System.

	Retail Banking (**)	Commercial Banking, SME Banking, Corporate-Investment and Private Banking	Treasury	Other and Unallocated	Bank's Total Activities
Current Period - 30 September 2019			•		
Operating Income	7.456.972	5.620.378	1.137.943	1.154.026	15.369.319
Profit from Operating Activities	2.400.022	1.651.620	811.331	340.588	5.203.561
Income from Subsidiaries	-	-	-	6.181	6.181
Profit before Tax	2.400.022	1.651.620	811.331	346.769	5.209.742
Tax Expense	-	-	-	(1.182.035)	(1.182.035)
Minority Shares	-	-	-	11	11
Net Profit for the Period	2.400.022	1.651.620	811.331	(835.255)	4.027.707
Segment Assets	77.004.582	156.349.528	122.581.565	7.233.148	363.168.823
Investments in Associates.	_	_	_	5.521	5.521
Undistributed Assets	-	-	_	16.086.959	16.086.959
Total Assets					379.261.303
Segment Liabilities	147.258.858	82.788.866	75.861.213	7.258.421	313.167.358
Undistributed Liabilities	-	-	-	14.596.486	14.596.486
Shareholders' Equity	-	-	-	51.497.459	51.497.459
Total Liabilities					379.261.303
Other Segment Items					
Capital Investment	-	-	-	783.616	783.616
Amortization	(94.219)	(16.940)	(105)	(143.399)	(254.663)
Non-cash Other Income-Expense	(1.116.658)	(3.096.011)	(30.592)	(840.605)	(5.083.866)

	Date V Daniel Von	Commercial Banking, SME Banking,		Otherwood	Bank's
	Retail Banking (**)	Corporate-Investment and Private Banking	Treasury	Other and Unallocated	Total Activities
Prior Period - 31 December 2018 (*)	• •				
Operating Income	6.465.783	4.273.567	162.692	4.222.292	15.124.334
Profit from Operating Activities	2.919.399	3.433.003	(38.798)	(342.089)	5.971.515
Income from Subsidiaries	-	-	-	6.195	6.195
Profit before Tax	2.919.399	3.433.003	(38.798)	(335.894)	5.977.710
Corporate Tax	-	-	-	(1.289.569)	(1.289.569)
Minority Shares	-	-	-	(1)	(1)
Net Profit for the Period	2.919.399	3.433.003	(38.798)	(1.625.463)	4.688.141
Segment Assets	71.535.564	155.414.381	106.291.403	7.093.603	340.334.951
Investments in Associates.	-	-	-	5.521	5.521
Undistributed Assets	-	-	-	14.341.141	14.341.141
Total Assets					354.681.610
Segment Liabilities	131.439.325	70.722.739	89.927.997	6.902.026	298.992.087
Undistributed Liabilities	-	-	-	11.902.485	11.902.485
Shareholders' Equity	-	-	-	43.787.041	43.787.041
Total Liabilities					354.681.610
Other Segment Items					
Capital Investment	-	-	-	568.739	568.739
Amortization	(40.567)	(458)	2.417	(220.607)	(259.215)
Non-cash Other Income-Expense	(732.268)	(3.602.951)	(3.233)	(637.299)	(4.975.751)

<sup>(\*) 30</sup> September 2018 amounts are used for income statement accounts.

[\*\*] As of 22 November 2018, individual banking and SME banking business units were merged and began to operate as retail banking business units. The balances for the statement of income for the prior period are the amounts after the merger.

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#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# SECTION FIVE INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED ASSETS

# a. Information related to cash equivalents and the account of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (the "CBRT"):

1. Information on cash equivalents and the account of the CBRT:

		Current Period September 2019			
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Cash/Foreign Currency	1.749.481	1.436.753	1.796.419	1.826.133	
The CBRT (*)	4.505.063	27.977.725	2.928.915	23.504.830	
Other (**)	-	59.868	-	57.527	
Total	6.254.544	29.474.346	4.725.334	25.388.490	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Precious metal account amounting to TL 3.367.060 are included in FC (31 December 2018: TL 3.432.683).

#### 2. Information related to the account of the CBRT:

	Current Period 30 September 2018		31 [	Prior Period December 2018
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted Demand Deposits	6.251	-	124	-
Unrestricted Time Deposits	-	-	-	-
Restricted Time Deposits	-	-	-	-
Reserve Requirement	4.498.812	27.977.725	2.928.791	23.504.830
Total	4.505.063	27.977.725	2.928.915	23.504.830

### 3. Explanation on reserve requirements:

In accordance with the "Communiqué Regarding the Reserve Requirements no. 2013/15, the Bank is required to maintain reserves in CBRT for TL and foreign currency liabilities. The reserve requirements can be maintained as TL, USD, EUR and standard gold. CBRT pays interest on reserve balances held in TL and USD.

The required reserve rates for TL liabilities vary between 1 % and 7% for TL deposits and other liabilities according to their maturities as of 30 September 2019 (31 December 2018: 1,5% and 8% for all TL liabilities). The reserve rates for foreign currency liabilities vary between 5% and 21% for deposit and other foreign currency liabilities according to their maturities as of 30 September 2019 (31 December 2018: 4% and 20% for all foreign currency liabilities).

#### b. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

As of 30 September 2019, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss given as collateral/blocked amount to TL 10.635 (31 December 2018: TL 10.599); and there are no financial assets subject to repo transactions (31 December 2018: None).

### Other Financial Assets:

In the previous period, syndicated loans previously granted to Ojer Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. has been restructured. Within this scope, 192.500.000.000 of Group A shares which correspond to 55% of Türk Telekom's issued capital that has been pledged in favor of the lenders in order to establish the collateral of the loans has been transferred successfully on 21 December 2018 to LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (Previously known as Levent Yapılandırma Yönetimi A.Ş.), which has been established as a special purpose company, where all of the lenders directly or indirectly hold a share. The Bank has participated in LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. with a share of 35.56% corresponding to its receivables from OTAŞ.

Subsequently, in the ordinary general assembly meeting of LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. on 23 September 2019, a portion of the loan has been decided to be converted and added to the capital of LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. resulting in an increase in the nominal value of shares from TL 18 to TL 1.416.090. This amount is presented in the financial statements under "Assets Held for Sale and Related to Discounted Operations". As of September 30, 2019, the portion of the loan is TL 6.201.177 and it is classified in "Other Financial Assets" under "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" in the financial statements. The total fair value decrease accounted for the loan andthe amount converted to the capital is TL 689.646 and the total amount is classified under "Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations".

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Precious metal account amounting to TL 59.856 are included in FC (31 December 2018: TL 57.522).

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#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

[Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.]

Assets amounting to TL 6.927.621 have been converted into loans and capital and are measured at their fair values within the context of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. The determination of this value is based on the results of an independent appraisal firm. For the valuation work done, fair value is determined by considering the average of different methods (discounted cash flows, similar market multipliers, similar transaction multipliers in the same sector, market value and analyst reports). The related loan is classified as Level 3 within the context of IFRS 13 Fair Value. The potential changes in the fundamental assumptions used in the valuation will affect the carrying value of the loan and amount converted to capital. The maturity of the loan is 1 year and the maturity can be extended.

The main objective of the lending banks is to transfer the relevant Türk Telekom shares to a related expert investor by providing the necessary conditions as quickly as possible. For the sale of LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş's 55% shares of Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş, on 19 September 2019, an international investment bank has been authorized as a sales consultant and within this context, necessary work related to sales and negotiations with potential investors will be initiated.

#### c. Trading derivative financial assets:

Table of positive differences related to derivative financial assets (\*)

Current Period 30 September 2019		31 D	Prior Period ecember 2018
TL	FC	TL	FC
647.173	-	1.004.135	-
6.807.094	4.843.416	11.211.063	4.810.361
-	-	-	-
15.982	80.429	67.656	454.254
-	-	-	-
7.470.249	4.923.845	12.282.854	5.264.615
	<b>TL</b> 647.173 6.807.094 - 15.982	30 September 2019  TL FC 647.173 6.807.094 4.843.416 15.982 80.429	30 September 2019         31 D           TL         FC         TL           647.173         -         1.004.135           6.807.094         4.843.416         11.211.063           -         -         -           15.982         80.429         67.656           -         -         -

<sup>(\*)</sup> Excluding hedging derivatives financial assets.

#### d. Information on banks account and foreign banks:

Information on banks account:

	Current Period 30 September 2019		Prior Period 31 December 2018	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
Domestic	134.265	597.796	9.099	664.819
Foreign	-	18.941.165	3.107	18.282.373
Head Quarters and Branches Abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	134.265	19.538.961	12.206	18.947.192

### e. Information on financial assets fair value through other comprehensive income:

- 1. As of 30 September 2019, financial assets fair value through other comprehensive income subject to repurchase agreements amounting to TL 10.565.477 (31 December 2018: TL 12.114.655); and those given as collateral/blocked amounting to TL 12.395.288 (31 December 2018: TL 8.854.043).
- 2. (i) Information on financial assets fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Debt Securities	64.399.214	46.920.338
Quoted at Stock Exchange (*)	61.605.153	45.524.169
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	2.794.061	1.396.169
Share Certificates	16.384	13.620
Quoted at Stock Exchange	-	-
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	16.384	13.620
Impairment Provision (-)	1.539.516	2.593.916
Total	62.876.082	44.340.042
(1)		

<sup>(\*)</sup> Investment funds are included.

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### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# f. Information related to loans:

1. Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank:

	30	Current Period September 2019		Prior Period cember 2018
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Direct Loans Granted to Shareholders	-	97	-	1.440
Corporate Shareholders	-	97	-	1.440
Real Person Shareholders	-	-	-	-
Indirect Loans Granted to Shareholders	6.159.226	1.006.165	5.476.437	1.073.121
Loans Granted to Employees	122.583	-	114.675	-
Total	6.281.809	1.006.262	5.591.112	1.074.561

<sup>2.</sup> Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables including loans that have been restructured or rescheduled:

<sup>(</sup>i). Loans at amortised cost (\*):

	_	Loans and other receiva follow up		
Current Period – 30 September 2019	•		Restructured Loans and Receivables	
	Standard Loans and Other Receivables	Loans and Receivables Not Subject to restructuring	Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
Non-specialized Loans				
Loans given to enterprises	28.807.179	1.706.430	24.310	4.423.219
Export Loans	13.097.573	175.110	24.189	242.392
Import Loans	1.920.503	=	=	=
Loans Given to				
Financial Sector	12.920.815	179	=	-
Consumer Loans	25.255.309	2.071.219	1.068.587	29.306
Credit Cards	13.999.034	853.924	593.467	-
Other	80.408.754	6.327.501	617.487	11.292.071
Specialized Loans	-	-	-	-
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-
Total	176.409.167	11.134.363	2.328.040	15.986.988

<sup>[\*]</sup> The balances of loans at fair value profit or loss has not been included. Included lease receivables.

				Prior Period 1 December 2018
Expected Credit Loss Stage I and Stage II	Standard Loans	Loans under Follow-up	Standard Loans	Loans under Follow-up
12 Month Expected Credit Losses	678.903	-	737.932	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	3.554.464	-	2.863.613
Total	678.903	3.554.464	737.932	2.863.613

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

[Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.]

3. Information on consumer loans, personal credit cards, personnel loans and personnel credit cards:

		Medium and	
Current Period- 30.09.2019	Short-term	Long-term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	416.700	26.534.504	26.951.204
Mortgage Loans	749	9.253.124	9.253.873
Automotive Loans	230	94.669	94.899
Consumer Loans	415.721	17.186.711	17.602.432
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans- Indexed to FC	-	1.108	1.108
Mortgage Loans	-	1.108	1.108
Automotive Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans-FC	-	-	-
Mortgage Loans	-	-	-
Automotive Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	_	-	-
Other	_	_	-
Consumer Credit Cards-TL	12.233.776	600.332	12.834.108
With Installment	4.357.507	598.963	4.956.470
Without Installment	7.876.269	1.369	7.877.638
Consumer Credit Cards-FC	14.865	_	14.865
With Installment	-	_	-
Without Installment	14.865	_	14.865
Personnel Loans-TL	3.144	63.416	66.560
Mortgage Loans	-	2.953	2.953
Automotive Loans	_	22	22
Consumer Loans	3.144	60.441	63.585
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans- Indexed to FC	_	_	_
Mortgage Loans	_	_	
Automotive Loans		_	
Consumer Loans		_	
Other	_	_	_
Personnel Loans-FC	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Mortgage Loans Automotive Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Other Personnel Credit Cards-TL	- FF /00	-	55.587
	<b>55.498</b>	<b>89</b> 89	
With Installment	21.408	89	21.497
Without Installment	34.090	-	34.090
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	436	-	436
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	436	-	436
Credit Deposit Account-TL (Real Person)	1.405.549	-	1.405.549
Credit Deposit Account-FC (Real Person)	-	-	<u>-</u>
Total Consumer Loans	14.129.968	27.199.449	41.329.417

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

[Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.]

		Medium and	
Prior Period- 31.12.2018	Short-term	Long-term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	641.242	27.032.858	27.674.100
Mortgage Loans	1.600	10.799.366	10.800.966
Automotive Loans	1.211	136.735	137.946
Consumer Loans	638.431	16.096.757	16.735.188
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans- Indexed to FC	-	1.289	1.289
Mortgage Loans	-	1.289	1.289
Automotive Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans-FC	-	-	-
Mortgage Loans	-	-	-
Automotive Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	_	-	-
Other	_	_	-
Consumer Credit Cards-TL	11.428.605	568.087	11.996.692
With Installment	3.869.730	566.715	4.436.445
Without Installment	7.558.875	1.372	7.560.247
Consumer Credit Cards-FC	11.816	-	11.816
With Installment	-	_	-
Without Installment	11.816	_	11.816
Personnel Loans-TL	5.100	57.903	63.003
Mortgage Loans	-	3.592	3.592
Automotive Loans	_	36	36
Consumer Loans	5.100	54.275	59.375
Other	3.100	54.275	57.575
Personnel Loans- Indexed to FC	_	_	_
Mortgage Loans	_	_	_
Automotive Loans	_	_	_
Consumer Loans	_	-	_
Other	_	-	_
Personnel Loans-FC	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Mortgage Loans Automotive Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Other Personnel Credit Cards-TL		-	
	51.496	24	51.520
With Installment	16.959	24	16.983
Without Installment	34.537	-	34.537
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	152	-	152
With Installment	- 	-	_
Without Installment	152	-	152
Credit Deposit Account-TL (Real Person)	1.403.700	-	1.403.700
Credit Deposit Account-FC (Real Person)	-	-	
Total Consumer Loans	13.542.111	27.660.161	41.202.272

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

[Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.]

4. Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards:

Current Period - 30.09.2019	Short-term	Medium and Long-term	Total
Commercial Installment Loans-TL	313.123	13.442.519	13.755.642
Mortgage Loans	604	6.557	7.161
Automotive Loans	6.362	23	6.385
Consumer Loans	306.157	13.435.939	13.742.096
Other	-	-	-
FC Indexed Commercial Installment Loans	-	134.290	134.290
Mortgage Loans	-	585	585
Automotive Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	=	133.705	133.705
Other	-	=	=
Commercial Installment Loans-FC	9.149	231.027	240.176
Mortgage Loans	-	-	-
Automotive Loans	-	=	=
Consumer Loans	9.149	231.027	240.176
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	2.530.997	6.364	2.537.361
With Installment	766.347	6.340	772.687
Without Installment	1.764.650	24	1.764.674
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	4.068	-	4.068
With Installment	-	=	-
Without Installment	4.068	-	4.068
Credit Deposit Account-TL (Legal Person)	1.159.592	-	1.159.592
Credit Deposit Account-FC (Legal person)	-	_	-
Total	4.016.929	13.814.200	17.831.129
Prior Period - 31.12.2018	Short-term	Medium and Long-term	Total
Commercial Installment Loans-TL	1.013.895	12.614.322	13.628.217
Mortgage Loans	5.555	8.397	13.952
Automotive Loans	38.764	66	38.830
Consumer Loans	969.576	12.605.859	13.575.435
Other	-	=	=
FC Indexed Commercial Installment Loans	4.555	353.390	357.945
Mortgage Loans Automotive Loans	-	1.019	1.019
Consumer Loans	-	-	05/00/
Other	4.555	352.371	356.926
Commercial Installment Loans-FC	8.487	199.661	208.148
Mortgage Loans	-	-	200.140
Automotive Loans	3.515		3.515
Consumer Loans	4.972	199.661	204.633
Other	-	=	=
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	2.693.636	50	2.693.686
With Installment	795.746	43	795.789
Without Installment	1.897.890	7	1.897.897
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	2.752	-	2.752
With Installment Without Installment	2.552	-	
	2.752	=	2.752
Credit Deposit Account-TL (Legal Person)	1.159.752	-	1.159.752
Credit Deposit Account-FC (Legal person)			

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#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

5. Distribution of domestic and foreign loans: Loans are classified according to the locations of the customers:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Domestic Loans	209.898.661	206.437.542
Foreign Loans	9.372.484	9.291.440
Total	219.271.145	215.728.982

<sup>(\*)</sup> Included leasing receivables.

- 6. Loans granted to investments in associates and subsidiaries: None.
- 7. (i) Credit-Impaired Losses (Stage III / Special Provision):

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectibility	1.314.574	724.871
Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectibility	1.214.016	1.226.217
Uncollectible Loans and Receivables	5.251.633	2.929.813
Total	7.780.223	4.880.901

<sup>(\*)</sup> Included leasing receivables.

- 8. Information on non-performing loans (Net):
  - 8. (i) Information on non-performing loans restructured or rescheduled and other receivables:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectibility	Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectibility	Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
Current Period: 30 September 2019			
(Gross Amounts Before Specific Provisions)	67.535	168.208	292.681
Rescheduled Loans and Other Receivables	67.535	168.208	292.681
Prior Period: 31 December 2018			
(Gross Amounts Before Specific Provisions)	37.886	108.383	106.612
Rescheduled Loans and Other Receivables	37.886	108.383	106.612

8. (ii) Information on the movement of total non-performing loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectibility	Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectibility	Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
Prior Period End Balance: 31 December 2018	1.681.186	2.853.788	3.904.054
Additions (+)	5.521.252	620.049	126.785
Transfers from Other Categories of Non- Performing Loans (+) Transfers to Other Categories of Non-Performing	-	3.826.366	4.572.756
Loans (-)	3.826.366	4.572.756	=
Collections (-)	341.689	406.752	489.467
Write-offs (-)	1.626	1.793	2.404
Sold Portfolio (**)	=	=	50.796
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	-	44.588
Consumer Loans	-	-	520
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	5.688
Balance at the End of the Period	3.032.757	2.318.902	8.060.928
Specific Provisions (-)	1.314.574	1.214.016	5.251.633
Net Balance at Balance Sheet	1.718.183	1.104.886	2.809.295
(*) Included leasing receivables			

<sup>(\*)</sup> Included leasing receivables. (\*\*) Ak Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. sold 50.8 million TL of non-performing finance lease receivables to Met-Ay Varlık Yönetim A.Ş. for a consideration of 425 thousand TL.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

[Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ["TL"] unless otherwise stated.]

8. (iii) Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency loans:

	III. Group	III. Group IV. Group	
	Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectibility	Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectibility	Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
Current Period: 30 September 2019			
Balance at the End of the Period	1.173.967	110.163	2.502.698
Specific Provision (-)	400.806	67.199	1.188.983
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	773.161	42.964	1.313.715
Prior Period: 31 December 2018			
Balance at the End of the Period	239.210	1.583.409	533.704
Specific Provision (-)	87.114	532.960	279.665
Net Balance at Balance Sheet	152.096	1.050.449	254.039

In Parent Bank, non-performing loans granted as foreign currency are followed under TL accounts of balance sheet.

8. (iv) Breakdown of non-performing loans according to their gross and net values(\*):

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectibility	Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectibility	Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
Current Period (Net): 30 September 2019			
Loans granted to corporate entities and			
real persons (Gross)	3.032.757	2.318.902	8.060.928
Specific Provision Amount (-)	1.314.574	1.214.016	5.251.633
Loans granted to corporate entities and			
real persons (Net)	1.718.183	1.104.886	2.809.295
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific Provision Amount (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Advances Receivables			
(Gross)	-	-	-
Specific Provision Amount (-)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Advances Receivables (Net)	-	-	-
Prior Period (Net): 31 December 2018			
Loans granted to corporate entities and			
real persons (Gross)	1.681.186	2.853.788	3.904.054
Specific Provision Amount (-)	724.871	1.226.217	2.929.813
Loans granted to corporate entities and			
real persons (Net)	956.315	1.627.571	974.241
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific Provision Amount (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Advances Receivables			
(Gross)	-	-	-
Specific Provision Amount (-)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Advances Receivables (Net)			=
(*)Included leasing receivables			

<sup>[\*]</sup>Included leasing receivables.

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

8. (v) Information on the collection policy of non-performing loans and other receivables:

Non-performing loans and other receivables are collected through legal follow-up and liquidation of collaterals. (\*)

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectibility	Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectibility	Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
Current Period: 30 September 2019			
Interest accruals and valuation differences	391.349	315.847	1.085.961
Provision (-)	168.188	194.337	631.796
Prior Period: 31 December 2018			
Interest accruals and valuation differences	163.127	361.402	139.094
Provision (-)	84.613	168.980	105.678

(\*)Included leasing receivables.

#### q. Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost

1. Information on financial subject to repurchase agreements and those given as collateral/blocked:

	30 :	Current Period September 2019	Prior Perioo 31 December 2018		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Given as collateral/blocked	-	632.523	-	659.977	
Subject to repurchase agreements	329.161	1.807.432	151.531	2.482.866	
Total	329.161	2.439.955	151.531	3.142.843	

2. Information about Government debt securities:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Government debt	11.742.961	9.062.489
Treasury bonds	-	-
Other government debts	747.518	691.694
Total	12.490.479	9.754.183

3. Information on financial assets measured at amortised cost:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Debt Securities	14.239.006	12.328.066
Quoted at stock exchange	14.239.006	12.328.066
Not quoted at stock exchange	-	-
Impairment (-)	42.627	64.585
Total	14.196.379	12.263.481

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#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### 4. The movement of financial assets at amortised costs:

The movement of infancial assets at amortised costs.	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	12.263.481	18.883.032
Foreign Currency Differences on Monetary Assets	255.605	1.683.147
Purchases During Year	3.714.492	1.654.189
Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions (*)	(2.583.389)	(10.713.907)
Impairment Provision (-)	21.960	184.506
Change in Amortised Cost	524.230	572.514
Balance at the End of the Period	14.196.379	12.263.481

<sup>(\*)</sup> The Bank has reviewed its management model for securities in accordance with TFRS 9 standard in the prior period. Securities amounting to TL 4.927.185 previously classified as held to maturity and measured at amortised cost are classified to fair value through other comprehensive income because of the appropriate management model is intended to be used for selling or financing cash flows.

#### h. Information on investments in associates (Net):

- 1. Non-consolidated associates:
  - 1 (i). Reasons for being out of consolidation for non-consolidated associates: In accordance with the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks they have been left out of the scope of consolidation.
  - 1 (ii). Information about non-consolidated associates:

		Bank's share percentage-				
		Address		Bank's risk group share		
	Title	(City / Country)	voting percentage (%)	percentage (%)		
1	Bankalararası Kart Merkezi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	9,98	9,98		
2	Kredi Kayıt Bürosu A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	9,09	9,09		

<sup>1 (</sup>iii). Main financial figures of associates, in the order of the above table.

The financial figures stated below have been obtained from the financial statements date 30 June 2019.

			Total		Income from Marketable	Current		
	Total	Shareholders'	Fixed	Interest	Securities	Period	Prior Period	Fair
	Assets	Equity	Assets	Income	Portfolio	Profit/ Loss	Profit/Loss	Value
1	126.652	82.384	67.670	2.251	-	17.418	8.630	-
2	321.197	213.805	233.553	5.920	-	16.401	23.681	_

### 1 (iv). Movement schedule for non-consolidated subsidiaries:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	5.521	3.923
Movements During the Period		
Purchases	-	-
Bonus Shares and Contributions to Capital	-	1.598
Dividends from Current Year Income	-	-
Sales/Liquidation	-	-
Revaluation Increase	-	-
Impairment Provision (-)	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	5.521	5.521
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the End of the Period (%)	-	

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. Consolidated subsidiaries within the current period: None.

#### i. Information on subsidiaries (Net):

1. Information related to shareholders' equity of major subsidiaries:

The following amounts have been obtained from the financial statements as of 30 September 2019 prepared in accordance with legislation in which companies are subject to.

	Ak Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.	Ak Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Ak Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Akbank AG	AkÖde A.Ş
Paid in Capital	360.007	96.802	10.534	740.648	12.000
Share Premium	-	=	=	-	-
Reserves	494.060	66.116	18.234	3.613.434	(14)
Gains recognized in equity as per TAS	=	(2.046)	(150)	=	=
Profit/Loss	76.287	325.943	89.426	281.470	(4.782)
<ul> <li>Net Current Period Profit</li> </ul>	76.287	92.089	46.595	281.470	(1.690)
- Prior Year Profit/Loss	-	233.854	42.831	-	(3.092)
Development Cost of Operating Lease (-)	41	873	=	257	=
Remaining other intangible assets after offset with					
the related deferred tax liability excluding					
mortgage servicing rights	1.042	11.718	199	3.863	=
Total Common Equity	929.271	474.224	117.845	4.631.432	7.204
Total Additional Tier I Capital	-	-	-	-	-
Portion of Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets					
and Related Deferred Tax Liabilities not deducted					
from the Common Equity as per the 1st Clause of					
Provisional Article 2 of the "Regulation on the					
Equity of Banks" (-)	-	=	=	-	-
Total Tier I Capital	929.271	474.224	117.845	4.631.432	7.204
Tier II Capital	132.943	280	5	30.987	-
CAPITAL	1.062.214	474.504	117.850	4.662.419	7.204
Deductions from Capital	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL CAPITAL	1.062.214	474.504	117.850	4.662.419	7.204

The Bank's subsidiaries, included in the consolidated calculation of capital requirement, do not have additional capital requirements.

- 2. Non-consolidated subsidiaries: None.
- 3. Consolidated subsidiaries:

	Title	Address (City / Country)	Bank's Share Percentage-If Different Voting Percentage (%)	Bank's Risk Group Share Percentage (%)
1	Ak Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	99,99	99,99
2	Ak Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100,00	100,00
3	Ak Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100,00	100,00
4	Akbank AG	Frankfurt/Germany	100,00	100,00
5	AkÖde Elektronik Para ve Ödeme			
	Hizmetleri A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	100,00	100,00

### **AKBANK T.A.Ş.**

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

4. Main financial figures of consolidated subsidiaries, in the order of the above table:

The following amounts have been obtained from the financial statements as of 30 September 2019 prepared in accordance with legislation in which companies are subject to.

	Total Assets	Shareholders' Equity	Total Fixed Assets	Interest Income	Income from Marketable Securities Portfolio	Current Period Profit/ Loss	Prior Period Profit/Loss	Fair Value
1	5.945.479	929.165	189.322	379.232	-	76.287	(7.714)	-
2	1.882.602	486.815	20.246	286.743	3.360	92.089	89.734	-
3	135.497	118.044	5.208	10.771	-	46.595	28.582	-
4	29.874.726	4.635.552	47.968	1.024.435	80.408	281.470	170.855	-
5	8.189	7.204	1.059	1.216	-	(1.690)	(1.587)	_

Though not being the subsidiary of the Bank, A.R.T.S Ltd. which was established in November 1999 respectively in connection with rising long-term financing, is included in the full scope of consolidation as "Structured Entity" due to the 100% control of this entity by the Group.

#### 5. Movement schedule for consolidated subsidiaries:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	5.452.141	4.133.098
Movements During the Period		
Additions (*)	125.000	62.000
Bonus Shares and Contributions to Capital	-	-
Dividends from Current Year Income	493.858	304.959
Sales/Liquidation	-	-
Revaluation Increase (**)	105.641	952.084
Revaluation/Impairment	-	-
Increase/decrease due to foreign exchange valuation of foreign		
subsidiaries	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	6.176.640	5.452.141
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the End of the Period (%)	-	_

<sup>[\*]</sup> These amounts arise from the capital increase of Ak Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. which is 99.99% subsidiary of the Bank by TL 125,000 for the current period, and for the prior period, TL 12,000 that was paid by the Bank for AkÖde Elektronik Para ve Ödeme Hizmetleri A.Ş. which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Bank as founding capital and the capital increase Ak Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Bank by TL 50,000.

6. Sectoral information on consolidated financial subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Subsidiaries	30 September 2019	31 December 2018
Banks	4.635.552	4.248.193
Insurance Companies	-	-
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	929.025	727.051
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries	612.063	476.897

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Amounts refer to revaluation differences arising from accounting of financial associates and subsidiaries under the equity method as explained in the Note III of the Section Three.

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

- 7. Subsidiaries quoted to a stock exchange: None.
- j. Information on joint ventures: None (31 December 2018: None).
- k. Information on finance lease receivables (Net):

	30 S	Prior Period 31 December 2018		
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
2019	700.544	656.311	2.480.090	2.178.794
2020	1.696.845	1.428.825	1.568.621	1.341.508
2021 and following years	2.805.348	2.494.969	2.563.373	2.294.827
Total	5.202.737	4.580.105	6.612.084	5.815.129

#### l. Information on the hedging derivative financial assets:

	-	Current Period ptember 2019	Prior Peri 31 December 20		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Fair Value Hedge	3.813.766	168.536	2.957.837	110.989	
Cash Flow Hedge	2.403.090	18.384	1.735.939	253.669	
Net Investment Hedge in a foreign operation	-	-	-	_	
Total	6.216.856	186.920	4.693.776	364.658	

m. Information on the investment properties: None (31 December 2018: None).

#### n. Information on deferred tax asset:

As of 30 September 2019, foreign currency deferred tax asset of the Group is TL 132.250 (31 December 2018: TL 143.808). Temporary differences subject to deferred tax calculation result from mainly the differences between the book values, tax values and debts of fixed assets and financial assets, and provision for employee rights.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities, which are accounted for the temporary differences arising between applicable accounting policies and valuation principles and tax legislation in the Bank and in consolidated subsidiaries, are presented as net on an individual entity level. As noted in Note XVIII of Section Three, for the purposes of consolidated financial statements deferred taxes arising from different consolidated subsidiaries are presented separately in assets and liabilities. There are no carry forward tax losses that can be used as deductions for the tax calculation. An explanation about the net deferred tax liability is given in Note II-i-2 of Section Five.

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### o. Information on property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Cost	1.043.933	264.463
Accumulated Depreciation (-)	75	79
Net Book Value	1.043.858	264.384
	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Opening Balance Net Book Value	264.384	133.515
Additions (*)	1.533.061	180.171
Disposals (-), net	63.896	49.220
İmpairment (-)	689.691	82
Depreciation (-)	-	-
Closing Net Book Value	1.043.858	264.384

<sup>[\*]</sup> As stated in Note I-b of Section Five, the Bank has 35.56% participation in the newly established LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş., and has reclassified its 18 TL shares under fair value through other comprehensive income in the prior period. Within this scope, the Bank's share in the capital of LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. has increased from 18 TL to 1.416.090 TL. Related amounts are presented in the "additions" row of table above. The fair value decrease amount of 689.646 TL that the Bank has calculated for LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. is shown in the "impairment" row of the table above.

#### p. Information on other assets:

Other assets amounting to TL 7.524.491 (31 December 2018: TL 6.462.174) on the balance sheet and do not exceed 10% of the total assets, excluding the off-balance sheet commitments.

# AKBANK T.A.Ş.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES

#### a. Information on deposits:

- 1. Information on maturity structure of the deposits: There are no seven-day notification deposits.
- 1 (i). Current Period 30 September 2019:

		Up to 1	1 – 3	3 – 6	6 Months	1 Year	Deposits	
	Demand	Month	Months	Months	– 1 Year	and Over	Cumulative	Total
Saving Deposits	8.457.402	9.085.848	38.414.333	181.127	492.186	1.045.488	15.257	57.691.641
Foreign Currency Deposits	27.858.890	15.747.397	72.233.119	3.850.976	3.589.453	15.654.767	1.279	138.935.881
Residents in Turkey	23.357.897	15.632.298	67.006.756	3.077.581	1.258.513	3.276.220	1.198	113.610.463
Residents Abroad	4.500.993	115.099	5.226.363	773.395	2.330.940	12.378.547	81	25.325.418
Public Sector Deposits	1.357.776	14.281	31.485	3.303	351	439	-	1.407.635
Commercial Deposits	7.984.148	5.472.140	10.109.799	118.545	165.932	419.935	-	24.270.499
Other Institutions Deposits	264.889	530.322	2.415.056	9.442	8.924	2.122	-	3.230.755
Precious metals Deposits	3.374.122	-	1.587	-	240.599	53.535	-	3.669.843
Interbank Deposits	1.717.794	222.876	3.911.572	332.884	424.508	15.744	-	6.625.378
The CBRT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	9.542	99.081	41.714	307.078	315.840	4.924	-	778.179
Foreign Banks	414.629	123.795	3.869.858	25.806	108.668	10.820	-	4.553.576
Participation Banks	1.293.623	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.293.623
Other .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	51.015.021	31.072.864	127.116.951	4.496.277	4.921.953	17.192.030	16.536	235.831.632

<sup>1 (</sup>ii). Prior period - 31 December 2018:

	Demand	Up to 1 Month	1 – 3 Months	3 – 6 Months	6 Months – 1 Year	1 Year and Over	Deposits Cumulative	
Saving Deposits	6.822.980	6.345.091	36.807.411	1.723.512	3.056.761	1.092.246	20.081	55.868.082
Foreign Currency Deposits	23.465.232	14.864.820	54.167.714	2.668.885	7.938.266	15.349.849	1.782	118.456.548
Residents in Turkey	19.626.445	14.444.683	50.220.130	1.518.271	1.709.742	2.829.814	1.623	90.350.708
Residents Abroad	3.838.787	420.137	3.947.584	1.150.614	6.228.524	12.520.035	159	28.105.840
Public Sector Deposits	1.071.679	18.189	24.832	2.937	175	410	-	1.118.222
Commercial Deposits	6.762.192	5.773.856	6.509.480	244.718	153.281	333.052	-	19.776.579
Other Institutions Deposits	250.105	469.459	1.277.232	10.479	629.880	237.530	-	2.874.685
Precious metals Deposits	2.274.974	1.274	-	4.647	185.632	17.872	-	2.484.399
Interbank Deposits	1.487.220	1.476.252	4.329.783	301.072	457.058	-	=	8.051.385
The CBRT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	9.795	1.438.343	345.038	6.275	342.171	=	=	2.141.622
Foreign Banks	123.202	37.909	3.984.745	294.797	114.887	-	-	4.555.540
Participation Banks	1.354.223	-	-	-	=	=	=	1.354.223
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Total	42.134.382	28.948.941	103.116.452	4.956.250	12.421.053	17.030.959	21.863	208.629.900

### AKBANK T.A.Ş.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 2. Information on saving deposits insurance:

Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of the saving deposits insurance fund and amounts exceeding the limit of the deposit insurance fund: The deposit amounts of the consolidated subsidiaries located abroad are subject to local insurance regulations and are not included in the table below.

	Under the Guar Insur	antee of Deposit ance	Exceeding the Limit of Deposit Insurance		
	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018	
Saving Deposits	28.433.781	23.246.737	29.248.001	32.618.885	
Foreign Currency Saving Deposits	16.365.687	10.341.024	54.234.924	50.682.638	
Other Deposits in the Form of					
Saving Deposits	1.921.911	1.256.207	1.481.403	1.034.751	
Foreign Branches' Deposits					
under Foreign Authorities' Insurance	-	-	-	-	
Off-shore Banking Regions' Deposits					
under Foreign Authorities' Insurance	-	-	-		

3. Saving deposits of real persons which are not under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance fund:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Foreign Branches' Deposits and other accounts	16	375
Saving Deposits and Other Accounts of Controlling		
Shareholders and Deposits of their Mother, Father, Spouse, Children in care	-	-
Saving Deposits and Other Accounts of President and Members of		
Board of Directors, CEO and Vice Presidents and Deposits of their Mother,		
Father, Spouse and Children in care	1.572.210	1.208.455
Saving Deposits and Other Accounts in Scope of the Property		
Holdings Derived from Crime Defined in Article 282 of Turkish Criminal Law		
no:5237 dated 26.09.2004	-	-
Saving Deposits in Deposit Banks Established in Turkey solely		
to Engage in Off-shore Banking Activities	-	-

### b. Information on trading derivative financial liabilities:

(i). Table of derivative financial liabilities (\*):

	Current Period 30 September 2019		31 D	Prior Period ecember 2018
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	132.440	-	344.315	-
Swap Transactions	7.074.783	1.696.169	10.328.830	853.826
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	1.125	191.406	2.910	606.512
Other	=	-	-	_
Total	7.208.348	1.887.576	10.676.055	1.460.338
(.) =				

<sup>(\*)</sup> Excluding hedge transactions.

### **AKBANK T.A.Ş.**

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### c. Information on borrowings:

1. Information on banks and other financial institutions:

	Current Period 30 September 2019		Prior Period 31 December 2018	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Borrowings from the CBRT	-	-	-	-
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	471.804	1.167.259	279.606	1.268.471
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	49.570	32.522.536	477.107	41.624.699
Total	521.374	33.689.795	756.713	42.893.170

2. Information on maturity structure of borrowings:

	Current Period 30 September 2019		Prior Period 31 December 2018	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	336.970	685.217	253.087	1.223.517
Medium and Long-term	184.404	33.515.871	503.626	41.669.653
Total	521.374	33.689.795	756.713	42.893.170

Securitized borrowings procured via A.R.T.S. Ltd. ("Structured Entity") which the Bank has 100% controlling power, are included in external funding sources of the Bank. Under the securitization program agreements, the Bank has sold foreign trade and customer receivables to A.R.T.S. Ltd.

3. The liabilities providing the funding sources of the Group are deposits, borrowings, marketable securities issued and money market borrowings. Deposits are the most important funding source of the Group and the diversification of these deposits by number and type of depositors with a stable structure does not create any risk concentration. The borrowings are composed of funds such as syndicated and securitized borrowings and post-financing obtained from different financial institutions with different maturity-interest structures and characteristics. There is no risk concentration in any of the funding sources of the Group.

#### d. Information on securities issued (Net):

_	Current Period 30 September 2019		Prior Period 31 December 2018	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Bank bills	2.482.794	-	2.847.485	-
Bonds	2.368.683	8.171.822	2.007.243	8.216.719
Total	4.851.477	8.171.822	4.854.728	8.216.719

#### e. Information on other foreign liabilities:

Other foreign liabilities amounting to TL 3.464.310 under "Other Liabilities" (31 December 2018: TL 3.364.074) and do not exceed 10% of the total balance sheet.

### **AKBANK T.A.Ş.**

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

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#### f. Information on financial leasing agreements:

With the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard valid from 1 January 2019, the difference between operating leases and finance leases has been eliminated and the lease transactions have been expressed under the "Lease Payables" as liability by lessees. Implementation and impacts on transition of TFRS 16 are presented in Note XXIX of Section Three.

Liabilities incurred due to financial leasing agreements:

	Current Period 30 September 2019		Prior Period 31 December 2018	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less Than 1 Year	163.071	70.474	-	-
Between 1-4 Years	388.491	186.559	-	-
More Than 4 Years	551.496	373.474	-	-
Total	1.103.058	630.507	-	

#### g. Information on the hedging derivative financial liabilities:

	Current Period 30 September 2019		Prior Period 31 December 2018	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedge	89.745	230.529	2.611	41.041
Cash Flow Hedge	893.541	73.923	644.958	-
Net Investment Hedge in a foreign operation	-	-	-	-
Total	983.287	304.451	647.569	41.041

#### h. Information on provisions:

#### 1. (i) Information on reserves for employee rights:

According to Turkish Labor Law, the Bank is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed at least one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or who retires.

The compensation amount equals to one month's salary of an employee for each year of service, but this amount is limited up to severance limit decided by law. This liability is not subject to any funding legally and there is no funding requirement.

The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of its employees. TAS 19 requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation for such benefits. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability:

	Current Period	Prior Perioa
	30 September 2019	31 December 2018
Discount Rate (%)	4,99	5,73
Rate for the Probability of Retirement (%)	94,65	94,45

The principal actuarial assumption is that the current maximum liability will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the effects of future inflation. The amount of TL 6.379,86 (1 January 2018: TL 5.001,76) effective from 1 January 2019 has been taken into consideration in calculating the reserve for employee termination benefits.

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### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

Movements in the reserve for employment termination benefits during the period are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
	30 September 2019	31 December 2018
Prior Period Closing Balance	215.202	209.829
Recognized as an Expense During the Period	63.613	69.921
Actuarial Loss / (Gain)	33.279	(6.951)
Paid During the Period	(53.557)	(57.597)
Balance at the End of the Period	258.537	215.202

As of 30 September 2019, the Group has allocated vacation liability amounting to TL 126.603 (31 December 2018: TL 110.046).

2. Information on provisions related with foreign currency difference of foreign indexed loans:

As of 30 September 2019, the Bank has no provision related to foreign currency differences of foreign indexed loans (31 December 2018: None) and the related prior period amount is offset with the balance of foreign currency indexed loans.

3. Information on provisions for non-cash loans that are non-funded and non-transformed into cash:

Expected loss provisions for non-cash loans that are non-funded and non-transformed into cash amounting to TL 310.852 as of 30 September 2019 (31 December 2018: TL 378.740).

- 4. Information on other provisions:
- 4 (i). Information on free provision for possible risks: TL 650.000 (31 December 2018: TL 550.000).

The Bank has allocated free provision amounting TL 650.000 thousand which has been recognised TL 100.000 thousand in current period and TL 550.000 thousand had been recognised in prior years. (31 December 2018: TL 550.000).

4 (ii). The Group has provision for credit cards and banking services promotion activities amounting to TL 49.636 (31 December 2018: TL 50.044).

### i. Explanations on tax liability:

1. Explanations on tax liability:

Tax calculations of the Group are explained in Note XVIII of Section Three. As of 30 September 2019, the corporate tax liability after the deduction of temporary taxes paid is TL 373.328 (31 December 2018: TL 8.037). The current tax asset is TL 252 as of 30 September 2019 (31 December 2018: TL 306.034).

1 (i). Information on taxes payable:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Corporate Taxes Payable	373.327	8.037
Taxation on Marketable Securities	249.310	165.369
Property Tax	2.624	1.983
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	159.315	198.927
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	3.012	-
Value Added Tax Payable	13.150	24.042
Other	94.446	125.982
Total	895.184	524.340

## **AKBANK T.A.Ş.**

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 1 (ii). Information on premium payables:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Social Security Premiums – Employee	1.556	1.162
Social Security Premiums – Employer	190	257
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium- Employee	3	3
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium – Employer	3	3
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions – Employee	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions – Employer	-	-
Unemployment Insurance – Employee	1.957	1.525
Unemployment Insurance – Employer	3.687	2.873
Other	112	380
Total	7.508	6.203

<sup>2.</sup> Information on deferred tax liability:

As of 30 September 2019, Turkish Lira deferred tax liability of the Group amounts to TL 931.827 (31 December 2018: TL 412.665). An explanation about the net deferred tax asset is given in Note I-n of Section Five.

### j. Information on subordinated loan:

	Current Period 30 September 2019		31 D	Prior Period ecember 2018
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Debt Instruments subject to common equity	-	-	-	-
Subordinated Loans	-	-	-	-
Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-
Debt Instruments subject to tier 2 equity	-	5.096.521	-	4.784.477
Subordinated Loans	-	-	-	-
Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	5.096.521	-	4.784.477
Total	-	5.096.521	-	4.784.477

Explanation about the subordinated loans is given in Note I-b of Section Four.

# k. Information on shareholders' equity:

1. Presentation of paid-in capital:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Common Stock	5.200.000	4.000.000
Preferred Stock	-	<u> </u>

2. Amount of paid-in-capital, explanations as to whether the registered share capital system is applied, if so the amount of registered share capital ceiling:

Capital System	Paid-in capital	Ceiling
Registered Share Capital	5.200.000	10.000.000

## **AKBANK T.A.Ş.**

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

3. Capital increases and sources in the current period and other information based on increased capital shares:

			Profit reserves subject	Capital reserves subject
Date	Amount	Cash	to increase	to increase
28 February 2019	1.200.000	1.200.000	-	-

The explanation of the capital increase is disclosed in the footnote XX of Section Three.

- 4. Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period: None.
- 5. Information on capital commitments, the purpose and the sources until the end of the fiscal year and the subsequent interim period: None.
- 6. The effects of anticipations based on the financial figures for prior periods regarding the Group's income, profitability and liquidity, and possible effects of these future assumptions on the Group's equity due to uncertainties at these indicators;

The Group has been continuing its operations with high profitability and has been retaining most of its net profit in the equity, either by increasing its capital or transferring it into reserves. On the other hand, only a small part of the equity is allocated to investment such as associates and fixed assets, thus giving a chance for considerably high free capital which provides funds for liquid and interest bearing assets. Considering all these factors, the Group continues to its operations with strong shareholders' equity.

- 7. Information on privileges given to shares representing the capital: None.
- 8. Information on marketable securities value increase fund:

	Current Period 30 September 2019			
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries,				
and Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference	(843.857)	(628.976)	(1.769.593)	(1.209.685)
Foreign Currency Differences	-	-	-	-
Total	(843.857)	(628.976)	(1.769.593)	(1.209.685)

## AKBANK T.A.Ş.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### III. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS

## a. Explanations on off-balance sheet commitments:

- 1. Type and amount of irrevocable commitments: TL 21.534.997 asset purchase commitments (31 December 2018: TL 15.158.299), TL 21.464.861 commitments for credit card limits (31 December 2018: TL 19.788.847) and TL 2.639.705 commitments for cheque books (31 December 2018: TL 2.514.769).
- 2. Type and amount of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items:

The Group has no probable losses arising from off-balance sheet items. Obligations arising from the off-balance sheet are disclosed in "Off-balance sheet commitments".

2 (i). Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letter of credits:

	Current Period	Prior Period	
	30 September 2019	31 December 2018	
Bank Acceptance Loans	51.968	2.740.341	
Letters of Credit	4.839.069	6.532.762	
Other Guarantees and Warranties	7.630.649	8.579.625	
Total	12.521.686	17.852.728	

2 (ii). Revocable, irrevocable guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
Revocable Letters of Guarantee	976.781	1.015.501
Irrevocable Letters of Guarantee	17.823.154	20.344.230
Letters of Guarantee Given in Advance	1.897.304	2.723.574
Guarantees Given to Customs	2.482.920	2.096.019
Other Letters of Guarantee	9.059.846	8.763.319
Total	32.240.005	34.942.643

#### 3. Information on non-cash loans:

Total amount of non-cash loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
	30 September 2019	31 December 2018
Non-cash Loans Given against Cash Loans	8.468.113	10.507.618
With Original Maturity of 1 Year or Less Than 1 Year	4.489.837	5.190.839
With Original Maturity of More Than 1 Year	3.978.276	5.316.779
Other Non-cash Loans	36.293.578	42.287.753
Total	44.761.691	52.795.371

## **AKBANK T.A.Ş.**

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

#### a. Information on interest income:

1. Information on interest income on loans (\*):

	Current Period 30 September 2019		Prior Perio 30 September 201	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term Loans	7.730.037	579.476	6.846.756	193.763
Medium and Long-term Loans	8.850.503	3.497.338	8.525.960	3.204.170
Interest on Loans Under Follow-Up	933.564	-	372.158	-
Premiums Received from the Resource				
Utilization Support Fund	-	-	-	_
Total	17.514.104	4.076.814	15.744.874	3.397.933

<sup>(\*)</sup> Fee and commission income from cash loans are included.

2. Information on interest income on banks:

	30 Se	Prior Perio 30 September 201		
			TL	FC
From the CBRT	-	-	205.557	1.673
From Domestic Banks	184.549	163.865	120.198	18.285
From Foreign Banks	10.466	272.340	4.241	198.800
From Headquarters and Branches Abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	195.015	436.205	329.996	218.758

3. Information on interest income on marketable securities:

	Current Period 30 September 2019		Prior Perio 30 September 201	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	2.506	-	3.545	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	2.887.955	890.639	2.716.897	690.315
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	713.322	173.120	569.960	236.089
Total	3.603.783	1.063.759	3.290.402	926.404

As stated in note VI of Section Three, 6-month real coupon rates remaining constant throughout the maturity, government bonds with 5-10 years maturity and CPI index in the fair value through other comprehensive income of the Bank is included in the securities portfolio, which are reflected at other comprehensive income and are valued at amortized cost. As stated in Investor's Guide on CPI-Indexed Government Bonds published by Undersecretariat of Treasury, the reference indices used in the calculation of actual coupon payment amounts is based on CPI of two months ago. The Bank sets the estimated inflation rate accordingly. The estimated inflation rate used is updated as needed within the year. As of 30 September 2019, the valuation of these securities is based on 12,00% annual inflation forecast. If the valuation of these CPI-indexed securities was made according to the reference index valid for 30 September 2019, the revaluation differences of financial assets within the equity of the Bank would increase 334 million (full TL amount), the net profit for the period would be 3.586 million TL (full TL amount) with a decrase of 442 million TL (full TL amount).

4. Information on interest income received from associates and subsidiaries: None.

# AKBANK T.A.Ş.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# b. Information on interest expense:

1.Information of interest expense on borrowings (\*):

	30 \$	Current Period September 2019	Prior Perio 30 September 201		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Banks	64.762	1.062.790	58.293	1.028.064	
The CBRT	-	-	-	-	
Domestic Banks	40.781	54.264	17.377	27.429	
Foreign Banks	23.981	1.008.526	40.916	1.000.635	
Headquarters and Branches Abroad	-	-	-	-	
Other Institutions	-	164.913	-	91.419	
Total	64.762	1.227.703	58.293	1.119.483	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Fee and commission expense from cash loans are included.

3.Information on interest expense given to securities issued:

	C 30 Se	Prior Perio 30 September 201		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest expense on securities issued	1.167.904	580.829	738.282	497.833

<sup>4.</sup> Maturity structure of the interest expense on deposits :

There are no seven-day notification deposits.

	_		111	ne Deposits			
	Demand	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 6	Up to 1	1 Year and	
Current Period - 30.09.2019	Deposits	Month	Months	Months	Year	Over	Total
TL							
Bank Deposits	30.681	81.643	30.776	4.427	2.228	1.865	151.620
Saving Deposits	-	832.837	5.179.927	90.611	296.985	168.604	6.568.964
Public Sector Deposits	-	2.380	3.675	245	9	41	6.350
Commercial Deposits	-	969.591	1.359.906	28.491	26.039	43.854	2.427.881
Other Deposits	4	48.227	352.906	6.061	64.014	11.335	482.547
Total	30.685	1.934.678	6.927.190	129.835	389.275	225.699	9.637.362
FC							
Foreign Currency Deposits	9.630	288.450	1.398.138	48.375	71.653	212.492	2.028.738
Bank Deposits	460	2.105	100.724	7.018	12.213	195	122.715
Precious Metals Deposits	-	1	32	-	1.651	495	2.179
Total	10.090	290.556	1.498.894	55.393	85.517	213.182	2.153.632
Grand Total	40.775	2.225.234	8.426.084	185.228	474.792	438.881	11.790.994

			Tir	me Deposits			
Prior Period - 30.09.2018	Demand Deposits	Up to 1 Month	Up to 3 Months	Up to 6 Months	Up to 1 Year	1 Year and Over	Tota
TL							
Bank Deposits	7.235	150.031	29.505	5.523	2.089	-	194.383
Saving Deposits	-	1.193.120	3.638.595	57.428	61.074	53.175	5.003.392
Public Sector Deposits	-	5.234	1.799	150	6	33	7.222
Commercial Deposits	-	747.501	1.318.489	58.739	40.534	42.013	2.207.276
Other Deposits	3	48.782	164.006	17.341	10.696	26.418	267.246
Total	7.238	2.144.668	5.152.394	139.181	114.399	121.639	7.679.519
FC							
Foreign Currency Deposits	7.860	387.842	1.281.491	80.403	229.967	150.171	2.137.734
Bank Deposits	145	31.605	102.700	13.901	6.773	313	155.437
Precious Metals Deposits	-	_	166	-	1.105	448	1.719
Total	8.005	419.447	1.384.357	94.304	237.845	150.932	2.294.890
Grand Total	15.243	2.564.115	6.536.751	233.485	352.244	272.571	9.974.409

<sup>2.</sup> Information on interest expense given to associates and subsidiaries: None.

# AKBANK T.A.Ş.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

[Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.]

# c. Information on trading profit/loss (Net):

Current Period	Prior Period
30 September 2019	30 September 2018
788.299.770	1.146.626.274
333.263	520.541
33.368.823	39.530.969
754.597.684	1.106.574.764
789.187.479	1.146.333.722
158.181	1.571.038
31.619.853	32.834.419
757.409.445	1.111.928.265
(887.709)	292.552
	30 September 2019 788.299.770 333.263 33.368.823 754.597.684 789.187.479 158.181 31.619.853 757.409.445

<sup>(\*)</sup> The net profit resulting from the foreign exchange differences related to derivative financial transactions is TL 2.818.742 (30 September 2018: TL (1.359.873)).

### d. Explanations on other operating income:

Other Operating Income" in the Income Statement mainly includes collections from receivables for which provision has been allocated in prior periods and provisions that have been set aside in prior periods and reversed in the current year with the sale from non-performing loans portfolio.

# e. Provision expenses related to loans and other receivables of the Group:

f. (i) Expected provision expense:

	Current Period	Prior Period
	30 September 2019	30 September 2018
Expected Credit Loss	4.254.201	4.967.266
12 month expected credit loss (stage 1)	120.225	263.780
Significant increase in credit risk (stage 2)	734.650	2.887.708
Non-performing loans (stage 3)	3.399.326	1.815.778
Marketable Securities Impairment Expense		382
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other		
Comprehensive Income	-	382
Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries Securities		
Value Decrease	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-
Other (*)	819.512	<u>-</u>
Total	5.073.713	4.967.648

<sup>(\*)</sup> Includes provisions for impairment losses on assets held for sale and related to discontinued operations and free provision allocated in the current year.

## AKBANK T.A.Ş.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### f. Information related to other operating expenses:

	<b>Current Period</b>	Prior Period
	30 September 2019	30 September 2018
Reserve for Employee Termination Benefits	10.057	8.103
Bank Social Aid Fund Deficit Provision	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Fixed Assets	-	-
Depreciation Expenses of Fixed Assets	240.249	133.983
Impairment Expenses of Intangible Assets	-	-
Goodwill Impairment Expenses	-	-
Amortization Expenses of Intangible Assets	147.693	125.232
Impairment Expenses of Equity Participations for which		
Equity Method is Applied	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Assets Held for Resale	44	82
Depreciation Expenses of Assets Held for Resale	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Fixed Assets Held for Sale	-	-
Other Operating Expenses	2.070.983	1.736.974
Leasing Expenses on TFRS 16 Exceptions	81.463	172.946
Maintenance Expenses	50.526	35.863
Advertisement Expenses	109.016	86.040
Other Expenses	1.829.978	1.442.125
Loss on Sales of Assets	39	433
Other	558.920	512.562
Total	3.027.985	2.517.369

## g. Information on income/loss from minority interest:

	Current Period	Prior Period
	30 September 2019	30 September 2018
Income/(loss) from minority interest	11	[1]

### h. Information on tax provision of continued and discontinued operations:

As of 30 September 2019, the Group has a current tax expense of TL 1.175.254 (30 September 2018: TL 1.079.557), deferred tax expense of TL 541.743 (30 September 2018: TL 1.497.962) and deferred tax income of TL 534.962 (30 September 2018: TL 1.287.950).

The Group has no discontinued operations.

### i. Explanation on current period net profit and loss of continued and discontinued operations:

Net profit of the Group is TL 4.027.696 (30 September 2018: TL 4.688.142).

The Group has no discontinued operations.

### j. Other figures on profit and loss statement:

"Other Fee and Commission Income" in the Income Statement mainly consists of commissions received from credit card, money transfer and insurance transactions.

## **AKBANK T.A.Ş.**

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

[Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.]

### V. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

### a. Information on cash and cash equivalents:

Components of cash and cash equivalents and the accounting policy applied in their determination:

Cash and foreign currency, money in transit, bought bank cheques together with demand deposits at banks including the CBRT are defined as "Cash"; Interbank money market and time deposits in banks with original maturities less than three months and investment in marketable securities excluding equity securities are defined as "Cash equivalents".

1. Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 30 September 2018
Cash	11.904.016	5.790.226
Cash, Foreign Currency and Other	3.622.557	2.205.232
Demand Deposits in Banks (*)	8.281.459	3.584.994
Cash Equivalents	6.528.438	6.907.240
Interbank Money Market Placements	543.010	1.544.455
Time Deposits in Banks	5.977.566	5.356.284
Marketable Securities	7.862	6.501
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	18.432.454	12.697.466

<sup>(\*)</sup> The restricted demand accounts are not included.

# 1. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period:

	Current Period 30 September 2019	Prior Period 30 September 2018
Cash	14.736.732	13.247.165
Cash, Foreign Currency and Other	3.186.247	5.102.975
Demand Deposits in Banks (*)	11.550.485	8.144.190
Cash Equivalents	5.421.938	31.015.191
Interbank Money Market Placements	46.258	7.645.129
Time Deposits in Banks	5.237.790	23.240.562
Marketable Securities	137.890	129.500
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	20.158.670	44.262.356

<sup>(\*)</sup> The restricted demand accounts are not included.

## **AKBANK T.A.Ş.**

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### VI. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO RISK GROUP THAT THE GROUP BELONGS TO:

Information on the volume of transactions relating to the Group's risk group, outstanding loan and deposit transactions and profit and loss of the period:

1.Current Period - 30 September 2019:

Investments in Associates. Subsidiaries and **Joint Ventures** Other Real and Legal Persons that have been (Business Direct and Indirect Partnerships) Shareholders of the Group included in the Risk Group Group's Risk Group Cash Non-Cash Cash Non-Cash Cash Non-Cash Loans 10.973 7.684 5.476.437 1.074.561 Balance at the Beginning of the Period 1.006.262 7.487 5.958 Balance at the End of the Period 6.159.226 529 Interest and Commission Income Received 700.401 5.662 67

2. Prior Period - 31 December 2018:

Investments in Associates. Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures Other Real and Legal (Business **Direct and Indirect** Persons that have been Group's Risk Group Partnerships) Shareholders of the Group included in the Risk Group Non-Cash Non-Cash Non-Cash Cash Cash Cash Loans and Other Receivables 5 605 978 923 699 Balance at the Beginning of the Period 5.476.437 1 074 561 10 973 7.684 Balance at the End of the Period 377.051 Interest and Commission Income Received (\*) 4.467 441 17 (\*) 30 September 2018 balances used for income/expense accounts.

<sup>3.</sup> Information on deposits of the Group's risk group:

Bank's Risk Group	Investments i and Jo Risk Group (Business F		Direct and Indirect Shareholders of the Bank		Other Real and Legal Persons that have been included in the Risk Group	
	Current		Current	Prior	Current	Prior
	Period	Prior Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
	30.09.2019	31.12.2018	30.09.2019	31.12.2018	30.09.2019	31.12.2018
Balance at the Beginning of the						
Period	-	_	5.011.321	3.074.721	1.228.947	2.311.399
Balance at the End of the Period	-	-	4.987.074	5.011.321	1.298.442	1.228.947
Interest expense on Deposits (*)	-	-	91.286	302.509	103.006	69.878

<sup>(\*) 30</sup> September 2018 balances used for income/expense accounts.

## AKBANK T.A.Ş.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

4. Information on forward and option agreements and other similar agreements made with the Group's risk group:

Bank's Risk Group	Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures (Business Partnerships)		Direct and Indirect Shareholders		Other Real and Legal Persons that have been included in the Risk Group	
	Current Period 30.062019	Prior Period 31.12.2018	Current Period 30.09.2019	Prior Period ( 31.12.2018	Current Period 30.09.2019	Prior Period 31.12.2018
Transactions at Fair Value						
Through Profit or Loss						
Beginning of the Period	-	-	10.451.000	13.638.708	_	-
Balance at the End of the Period	-	-	8.824.097	10.451.000	_	-
Total Income/Loss (*)	-	-	(10.216)	81.568	_	-
Transactions for Hedging Purposes						
Beginning of the Period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Income/Loss (*)	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>(\*) 30</sup> September 2018 balances used for income/expense accounts.

Figures presented in the table above show the total of "sale" and "purchase" amounts of the related transactions. Accordingly, as a result of the nature of these transactions, the difference between the "sale" and "purchase" transactions affects the net exposure of the Group. As of 30 September 2019, the net exposure for direct and indirect shareholders of the Group is TL (139.756) (30 December 2018: TL (303.581)).

5. Information regarding benefits provided to the Group's key management:

As of 30 September 2019 benefits provided to the Group's key management amounting to TL 57.598 (30 September 2018: TL 50.176).

# VII. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

None.

# SECTION SIX EXPLANATIONS ON AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

#### I. EXPLANATIONS ON INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The consolidated financial statements for the interim period ended 30 September 2019 have been reviewed by PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. The audit report dated 25 October 2019 is presented preceding the consolidated financial statements.

#### II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES PREPARED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

None.

# AKBANK T.A.Ş.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# SECTION SEVEN (\*) EXPLANATIONS ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

### Message from the Chairman of the Board:

In the third quarter of 2019, supportive monetary policy steps of major central banks and volatile news flow about the trade negotiations between China and the US have become the main developments that shaped the market agenda. There have also been rate cuts in emerging market economies. IMF; on the other hand, revized its global growth projections downward due to global disagreements on trade and technology, Brexit and global geopolitical uncertainties. Oil prices rose after the attack on Saudi oil production plants in September. Domestically, New Economic Program has recently been announced.

Federal Reserve cut its policy rate once again in September after its first rate cut in July due to global economic deceleration and trade tensions, thereby bringing the interest rate corridor to 1.75%-2.00. In its statement, Fed underlined that the US economy was growing moderately and labor market was solid; yet business fixed investment and exports weakened. Fed officials evaluate that the downside risks have increased due to global trade policies and economic conditions outside the US.

In Euro Area, economic activity is trending relatively weak and inflation is trending below its target. European Central Bank cut its deposit rate by 10 basis points to -0.50% to give further stimulus to region's economy; it also strengthened its forward guidance about the low levels of interest rates. In this respect, ECB stated that it expects the key ECB interest rates to remain at their present or lower levels until it has seen the inflation outlook robustly converge to a level sufficiently close to 2% target. Additionally, ECB announced that it would resume a new asset purchase program with net purchases of 20 billion Euros per month. ECB also stated that fiscal policy should be the main policy tool.

Brexit uncertainty has been continuing in Britain as October 31 deadline for Brexit is approaching. Bank of England is expected to shape its monetary policy framework in accordance with the Brexit developments.

Domestically; economy contracted by 1.5% year-over-year in the second quarter of 2019. Yet, on a quarter-on-quarter basis, the economic rebound continued with 1.2% growth. In year-over-year terms, the contraction in private consumption got milder, while the trend in investments remained relatively weak. Net exports continued to contribute positively to growth. Industrial production and confidence indices point out to continuation of the positive tendency in the third quarter. The improvement in the current account balance has also become more noticable along with the decline in imports, as well as the positive trend in exports and tourism revenues. 12-month cumulative current account balance delievered a surplus of 4.4 billion \$ as of July 2019. We expect especially services balance to continue its positive trend in the coming months and envisage 12-month cumulative current account balance to close the year with a slightly positive surplus. In the recently announced New Economic Program, private consumption is expected to contribute positively to growth with pent-up demand, credit and confidence channels. Investments are also expected to grow while net exports' contribution to growth are expected to be slightly negative.

The declining trend in inflation is continuing. In September, consumer inflation declined to 9.26%, its lowest level in 32 months. We expect consumer inflation to close the year at 12.4%. The decline in inflation and accommodative policy steps of major developed economies' central banks brought a policy space, domestically. The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey cut its policy rate by 750 basis points and brought it to 16.50%. New Economic Program states that measures are to be taken to bring inflation further down.

The government budget gave 68 billion TL deficit in January-August period, while primary surplus has become 1.2 billion TL in the same time frame. New Economic Program projects the budget deficit to be 125 billion TL, or 2.9% of GDP, in 2019 year end.

In our banking sector, an acceleration in credit activity is observed due to declining interest rates. Non-performing loan rates rose to 4.7% in August. Capital adequacy ratio is standing at high levels of 17.9%.

In the remainder of 2019 and in 2020; global trade uncertainties and global geopolitical developments are expected to continue to be on the agenda of global markets.

(\*) Amounts in section seven expressed in full Turkish Lira ("TL") amount unless otherwise stated.

# AKBANK T.A.Ş.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### Message from the CEO

We have been observing improvements in macroeconomic indicators. The decline in inflation, which is expected to continue in the coming period, will also contribute to this process and will have a positive impact on domestic demand. During this period, our banking sector continued to create capacity for the development of our economy with its robust structure, strong capital adequacy and liquidity. As Akbank, we achieved healthy results with our solid financials. Through our belief in the future of Turkey and our strong capital, we will continue to support our country.

In this period, the loan support we provided to the economy increased to a total of TL 259 billion, with TL 214 billion in cash loans. Our deposits reached TL 236 billion, while our assets reached the level of TL 379 billion. With our very strong capital adequacy ratio of 19.5, we continued to support the growth and development of the real sector consistently. Our bank reported a net profit of TL 4 billion 28 million, after TL 1 billion 182 million tax provisions.

Akbank has successfully concluded a syndicated loan facility in October. The syndicated loan, which we launched with a target of USD 700 million, received a demand of around 143 percent of the target, exceeding USD 1 billion. Akbank increased the size of the facility to provide USD 810 million of resources to Turkey's economy. We have improved the pricing compared to our September 2018 syndication deal and once again we set the pricing in the market. Although we lowered the pricing, we were able to attract overwhelming global response from international banks. Positive developments regarding the oversubscription, pricing and number of participants indicate global market's confidence in the potential of Akbank and Turkish banking sector.

Akbank will continue to create value through the innovations it brings to banking and its skilled team. We continue to make significant investments in our technological infrastructure and Akbank employees with our comprehensive transformation program, which we call the Next Generation Akbank. We believe in the potential of our country and we are preparing for the future of banking. With the renewed Akbank Mobile, we began to offer our customers a brand new mobile banking experience. We will continue to facilitate the financial life of our customers with our important and innovative projects in the future. I would like to thank Akbankers for their efforts and high performance, and our customers and shareholders for their confidence in Akbank.

## **AKBANK T.A.Ş.**

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### A. INTRODUCTION

### 1. Changes in the Articles of Association during the period:

There are changes in the Articles of Association during the period.

#### **NEW FORM**

#### Capital and Mode and Terms of Payment of Capital: Article: 9 -

**A-** The Bank adopted the authorized capital system in accordance with the provisions of Capital Market Law and implemented the authorized capital system pursuant to the Capital Markets Board's permission No. 116/1376 dated December 2, 1999. The authorized capital of the Bank is TL 10,000,000,000 (ten billion) (full TL) divided into 1,000,000,000,000 (one trillion) registered shares each with a nominal value of 1 Kuruş (full TL).

Capital Markets Board's approval of the authorized capital is valid between 2017 and 2021 (5 years). Even if the authorized capital has not been reached at the end of 2021, in order for the Board of Directors to take a decision to raise the Bank's capital after 2021, the Board is required obtain get the authorization of the General Assembly not longer than 5 years for a new time period after obtaining the permission of the Capital Markets Board for the previously approved authorized capital or a new authorized capital level. In case the aforementioned authorization is not obtained, the Bank shall not increase its capital with a Board of Directors' resolution. The Board of Directors is authorized to issue new shares and raise the issued capital up to the authorized capital in accordance with the provisions of the Capital Markets Law.

- **B-** The issued capital of the Bank is TL 5.200.000.000 (five billion and two hundred million) (full TL) divided into 520.000.000.000 (five hundred and twenty billion) registered shares each with a nominal value of 1 Kurus.
- **C-** The issued capital of TL 5.200.000.000 (five billion and two hundred million) (full TL) is paid fully and in cash, free from collusion.

The shares which represent the capital are registered in accordance with the principles of dematerialization.

When necessary, the Bank's capital can be raised or lowered within the framework of the provisions of the Turkish Commercial Code and the Capital Markets Law.

- **D-** Unless resolved otherwise by the General Assembly, the existing shareholders of the Bank are entitled to acquire, in proportion to their current shareholding, new shares to be issued against new cash capital injection. The unused preemptive rights of the shareholders entitled to these shares in accordance with the related communiqués of the Capital Markets Board and the applicable provisions of the Turkish Commercial Code, by addressing the Bank in the time period to be determined by the Board of Directors which is not to be shorter than 15 or longer than 60 days commencing from the event depicted by the aforementioned legislation shall be void. The shares released due to unused preemptive rights shall be subject to the applicable legislation.
- **E-** All shares must be registered and listed on the Stock Exchange.
- **F-** The Board of Directors is authorized to pass resolutions with respect to issuing shares at a premium or at a discount to the nominal value accordance with the provisions of the Capital Markets Law.

### Meetings of the Board of Directors: Article: 27 -

The Board of Directors meets as rendered necessary by the business and transactions of the Bank. However, a minimum of one meeting per month is mandatory. Each member may request the Chairman in writing to call a meeting of the Board. The

# **AKBANK T.A.Ş.**

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

meetings of the Board of Directors take place at the Bank's headquarters. Meeting at another location which is deemed appropriate is permitted with the approval of more than half of the members and due to exceptional reasons.

Those entitled to attend the Board of Directors' meeting of the Bank may do so by electronic means pursuant to Article 1527 of the Turkish Commercial Code. The Bank may establish an Electronic Meetings System by itself to enable those entitled to attend such meetings and vote by electronic means or purchase service from the systems made for this purpose pursuant to the provisions of Communiqué on Attendance at Meetings of Trading Companies by Electronic Means other than Joint Stock Companies' General Assembly Meetings. The Bank shall enable those entitled to exercise their rights set forth in the relevant regulations within the scope of the Communiqué via the said system or the service to be purchased from system providers pursuant to this provision of the Articles of Association at all meetings.

### 2. Important Issues and Transactions during the period

International Rating Agency Fitch affirmed Akbank's ratings on 21 June 2019.

Following downgrade of Turkey's ratings, International Rating Agency Moody's has changed the ratings of 18 banks including Akbank on 14 June 2019. Moody's downgraded Akbank's long-term deposits and credit assessments by one notch with negative outlook. Accordingly, Long-term Bank Deposit (local currency) was downgraded to "B2" from "B1", Long-term Bank Deposit (foreign currency) was downgraded to "B3" from "B2". Baseline and Adjusted Baseline Credit Assessments were downgraded to "b3" from "b2". Short term ratings have been affirmed.

CMB approval and ohter procedures regarding our Bank's 30% paid-in-capital increase from TL 4.000.000.000 (full TL) to TL 5.200.000.000 (full TL) -paid in cash have been completed and the new version of our Articles of Association Article 9 titled "Capital and Mode and Terms of Payment of Capital" has been registered by Istanbul Trade Registry Office on 22 February 2019

Akbank secured a multi-currency syndicated loan facility from international markets equivalent to US 700 million, comprised of USD 356 million and EUR 303 million with 367 days maturity on 27 March 2019,

Issuance of the Covered Bond with nominal value of TL 200.000.000 (full TL) and with 5 years maturity has been completed on 15 March 2019.

Capital of Ak Lease A.Ş. which is a 99,99% subsidiary of the Bank was increased to TL 373.400.000 (full TL), via TL 125.000.000 (full TL) rights issue.

#### **B. BANKING SECTOR THIRD QUARTER OVERVIEW**

In the first nine months of 2019, loan growth in the sector was 5,8% and deposit growth in the funding side was 16,4%.

## C. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS AND THIRD QUARTER OVERVIEW

### 1. Main Balance Sheet Items (TL Million):

_	30.09.2019 Consolidated Financial Results	31.12.2018 Consolidated Financial Results
Total Asset	379.261	354.682
Loans (including Non-Performing Loans)	214.164	209.313
Deposits	235.832	208.630
Equity	51.497	43.787
Net Income (30.09.2018)	4.028	4.688

## AKBANK T.A.Ş.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### 2. Main Financial Ratios (%):

	30.09.2019	31.12.2018
	Consolidated	Consolidated
	Financial Results	Financial Results
Loan / Total Assets:	56,5	59,0
Deposit / Total Assets:	62,2	58,8
Return on Equity (30.09.2018)	11,2	15,0
Return on Assets (30.09.2018)	1,4	1,7
NPL Ratio (*):	6,0	3,7
Capital Adequacy Ratio:	19,5	16,8
Earnings Per Share (TL) (30.09.2018)	0,00815	0,0117

<sup>(\*)</sup> Excluded lease receivables.

### 3. Akbank 2Q19 Results Overview:

Akbank reported a gross profit of TL 5.210 million, setting aside TL 1.182 million of tax provisions, the bank reported a net consolidated profit of TL 4.028 million in the first nine months of the year. Capital adequency ratio of the bank has realized at 19.5% by the end of 3Q19.

As of September 2019, Akbank's consolidated total asset realized TL 379 billion, cash loans are approximately TL 214 billion and total deposits are approximately TL 236 billion.

Akbank's NPL ratio raised to 6,0%.

## 4. Bank's Expectations For 2019:

Banks' future looking expectations which was announced publicly on January 8, 2019 were below.

2019 Guidance (%)	
Loan Growth	~10
Deposit Growth	~10
Net Interest Margin (swap adjusted (*)	≥3,5
Net Fees & Commission Growth	>20
Operational Expense Growth	~ CPI
Operational Expense/Income	≼35
Total Cost of Risk	<300 bps
NPL Ratio (**)	<6
Capital Adequacy Ratio	~6
Tier 1	~13,5
Return on Assets	≥1,4
Return on Equity	≥12
2020 and after	
Return on Asset	1,7-1,9%
Return on Equity	15-17%

<sup>(\*)</sup> Including short and long term swap transactions.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Excluding any possible NPL sales.