## AKBANK T.A.S.S.

PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES
AT 31 MARCH 2023 TOGETHER WITH
AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT
(Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements, related disclosures and auditor's review report originally issued in Turkish, See Note. I.b of Section three)

## AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ON INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## (Convenience translation of the independent auditor's review report originally issued in Turkish, See Note I of Section Three)

## To the General Assembly of Akbank T.A.Ṣ.;

## Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying unconsolidated balance sheet of Akbank T.A.Ș. ("the Bank") at 31 March 2023 and the related unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income unconsolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, unconsolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the three-monthsperiod then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of interim financial information in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation which includes "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no. 26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

## Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Limited Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists o making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

## Conclusion

Based on our review nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying unconsolidated financial information does not present fairly in all material respects the unconsolidated financial position of Akbank T.A.Ș. at 31 March 2023 and its unconsolidated financial performance and its unconsolidated cash flows for the three-months-period then ended in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

## Report on other regulatory requirements arising from legislation

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section Seven, is not consistent with the reviewed unconsolidated financial statements and disclosures in all material respects.

## Additional Paragraph for Convenience Translation:

BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation explained in detail in Section Three differ from International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board including the application of IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies as of 31 March 2023. Accordingly, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are not intended to present fairly the unconsolidated financial position, results of operations, changes in equity and cash flows of the Bank in accordance with IFRS

[^0]Zeynep Uras, SMMM
Partner

# CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION <br> OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, RELATED DISCLOSURES ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE 

## THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF AKBANK T.A.Ṣ. AS OF 31 MARCH 2023

| Address | $:$ Sabancı Center 34330, 4. Levent / İstanbul |
| :--- | :--- |
| Telephone | $:(0212) 3855555$ |
| Fax | $:(0212) 3195252$ |
| Website | $:$ www.akbank.com |
| E-mail | $: \underline{\text { http://www.akbank.com/tr-tr/genel/Sayfalar/Iletisim-Formu.aspx }}$ |

The unconsolidated financial report for the three-month-period, prepared in accordance with "Communiqué on the Financial Statements and the Related Policies and Disclosures to be Publicly Announced" as regulated by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is consist of the sections listed below.

- Section One - GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK
- Section Two - UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE BANK
- Section Three - EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES
- Section Four - INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK
- Section Five - INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- Section Six - INTERIM REVIEW REPORT
- Section Seven - INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

The accompanying unconsolidated financial statements and notes to these financial statements for three-month period which are expressed, unless otherwise stated, in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL), have been prepared based on the accounting books of the Bank in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, and the related appendices and interpretations on these, and have been independently reviewed

26 April 2023

| Suzan SABANCI DİNÇER | Eyüp ENGIN | Levent DEMİRAĞ | S. Hakan BİNBAŞGIL | Türker TUNALI | Gökhan KAZCILAR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chairman of the | Head of the | Member of the | CEO | Executive Vice | Senior Vice |
| Board of Directors | Audit Committee | Audit Committee |  | President | President |

Contact information of the personnel in charge of addressing questions regarding this financial report:

Name-Surname / Title
: Gökhan KAZCILAR / Senior Vice President
Phone No
: (0 212) 3855555
Fax No
: (0 212) 3251231
I. Bank's foundation date, start-up status, history regarding the changes in this status
II. Explanation about the Bank's capital structure, shareholders of the Bank who are in charge of the management and/or1
III. Explanation on the board of directors, members of the audit committee, president and executive vice presidents, if available, shares of the Bank they possess and their areas of responsibility
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CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

## AKBANK T.A.Ş.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## SECTION ONE

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK

## I. BANK'S FOUNDATION DATE, START-UP STATUS, HISTORY REGARDING THE CHANGES IN THIS STATUS:

Akbank T.A.Ș. ("the Bank" or "Akbank") was established on 30 January 1948 as a private commercial bank, in accordance with the decision of the Council of Ministers, No.3/6710 and is authorized to perform all economic, financial and commercial activities which are allowed by the laws of the Turkish Republic ("T.C."). The status of the Bank has not changed since its foundation.
II. EXPLANATION ABOUT THE BANK'S CAPITAL STRUCTURE, SHAREHOLDERS OF THE BANK WHO ARE IN CHARGE OF THE MANAGEMENT AND/OR AUDITING OF THE BANK DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, CHANGES IN THESE MATTERS (IF ANY) AND THE GROUP THAT THE BANK BELONGS TO:

The Bank's shares have been quoted on the Borsa Istanbul ("BIST") since 1990. In 1998, 4,03\% of the outstanding share capital of the Bank was offered and sold in an international offering outside of Turkey in the form of Ordinary Shares and American Depository Receipts ("ADRs"). As of 31 March 2023, approximately 51\% of the shares are publicly traded, including the ADRs (31 December 2022: 51\%).

The major shareholder of the Bank, directly or indirectly, is Sabancı Group.
III. EXPLANATION ON THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, MEMBERS OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE, PRESIDENT AND EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENTS, IF AVAILABLE, SHARES OF THE BANK THEY POSSESS AND THEIR AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY:

| Title | Name | Responsibility | Education |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chairman: | Suzan SABANCI DİNÇER | Chairman of the Board of Directors | Graduate |
| Board of Directors: | Eyüp ENGİN | Vice Chairman and Executive Board Member | Undergraduate |
|  | A. Fuat AYLA | Executive Board Member | Undergraduate |
|  | Ș. Yaman TÖRÜNER | Board Member | Undergraduate |
|  | Emre DERMAN | Board Member | Graduate |
|  | N. Orhun KÖSTEM | Board Member | Graduate |
|  | K. Özgür DEMIRTAS | Board Member | PhD |
|  | Mehmet Tuğrul BELLi | Board Member | Graduate |
|  | Levent DEMİRAĞ | Board Member | Undergraduate |
|  | S. Hakan BİNBAȘGIL | Board Member and CEO | Graduate |
| CEO: | S. Hakan BİNBAȘGIL | CEO | Graduate |
| Head of Internal Audit: | Savaș KÜLCÜ | Head of Internal Audit | Graduate |
| Executive Vice Presidents: | Bülent OĞUZ | SME Banking | Graduate |
|  | H.Burcu CiVELEK YÜCE | Consumer Banking and Digital Solutions | Graduate |
|  | Ege GÜLTEKIN | Credit Monitoring and Follow-up | Graduate |
|  | Levent C̦ELEBIOĞLU | Corporate and Investment Banking | Undergraduate |
|  | Gökhan GÖKC̦AY | Technology | Graduate |
|  | Çetin DÜZ | Commercial Banking | Graduate |
|  | Türker TUNALI | Financial Management | Undergraduate |
|  | Șahin Alp KELER | Private Banking and Wealth Management | PhD |
|  | Yunus Emre ÖZBEN | Credit Allocation | Graduate |
|  | Zeynep ÖZTÜRK ȘARSEL | Special Credits | Graduate |
|  | Gamze Șebnem MURATOĞLU | Treasury | Graduate |
|  | Pınar ANAPA | People and Culture | Graduate |
| Internal Audit Committee: | Eyüp ENGIN | Head of the Audit Committee | Undergraduate |
|  | Levent DEMIRAĞ | Member of the Audit Committee | Undergraduate |

The shares of individuals above are insignificant in the Bank.

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

## AKBANK T.A.Ş.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
IV. INFORMATION ON THE INDIVIDUAL AND CORPORATE SHAREHOLDERS HAVING CONTROL SHARES OF THE BANK:

| Name/Commercial Title | Share Amounts <br> (Nominal) | Share <br> Percentages | Paid-in Capital <br> (Nominal) | Unpaid <br> Portion |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Hacı Ömer Sabancı Holding A.Ș. | 2.119 .027 | $40,75 \%$ | 2.119 .027 |  |

## v. INFORMATION ON THE BANK'S SERVICE TYPES AND FIELDS OF OPERATION:

The Bank's core business activities consist of consumer banking, SME banking, commercial banking, corporate-investment banking and private banking and wealth management, foreign exchange, money markets, securities transactions (treasury transactions) and international banking services. In addition to regular banking operations, the Bank also provides insurance intermediary services as an agency of Aksigorta A.Ș. and AgeSA Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ș. As of 31 March 2023, the Bank has 709 branches dispersed throughout the country and 1 branch operating abroad (31 December 2022: 710 branches and 1 branch operating abroad).

As of 31 March 2023, the Bank has 12.670 employees (31 December 2022: 12.717).
VI. EXISTING OR POTENTIAL, ACTUAL OR LEGAL OBSTACLES TO IMMEDIATE TRANSFER OF SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY BETWEEN PARENT BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES OR REPAYMENT OF DEBTS:

None.

AKBANK T.A.S.
I. UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MARCH 2023 (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)
(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL).)

|  | ASSETS | Note(Section Five) | CURRENT PERIOD(31/03/2023) |  |  | PRIOR PERIOD <br> (31/12/2022) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | TL | FC | Total | TL | FC | Total |
| 1. | FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net) |  | 174.372 .330 | 240.082.991 | 414.455 .321 | 147.844.008 | 228.509 .557 | 376.353.565 |
| 1.1 | Cash and Cash Equivalents |  | 28.583.415 | 140.633 .128 | 169.216 .543 | 26.564.458 | 134.027.828 | 160.592 .286 |
| 1.1.1 | Cash and Balances with Central Bank | (1-a) | 17.478.582 | 114.471.433 | 131.950.015 | 23.686.721 | 103.846.022 | 127.532 .743 |
| 1.1.2 | Banks | (1-d) | 3.356.621 | 26.163.036 | 29.519.657 | 1.423.105 | 30.182.611 | 31.605 .716 |
| 1.1.3 | Money Markets |  | 7.756.952 | - | 7.756 .952 | 1.459 .782 | - | 1.459.782 |
| 1.1.4 | Expected Loss Provision (-) |  | 8.740 | 1.341 | 10.081 | 5.150 | 805 | 5.955 |
| 1.2 | Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss | (I-b) | 2.680 .053 | 1.194.674 | 3.874 .727 | 2.188 .078 | 947.850 | 3.135 .928 |
| 1.2.1 | Government Debt Securities |  | 614.922 | 293.389 | 908.311 | 146.840 | 164.826 | 311.666 |
| 1.2.2 | Equity Instruments |  | - | 617.946 | 617.946 | - | 555.909 | 555.909 |
| 1.2.3 | Other Financial Assets |  | 2.065 .131 | 283.339 | 2.348.470 | 2.041 .238 | 227.115 | 2.268 .353 |
| 1.3 | Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income | (1-e) | 111.661.645 | 83.037.152 | 194.698.797 | 87.872.549 | 76.998.106 | 164.870 .655 |
| 1.3.1 | Government Debt Securities |  | 93.017 .499 | 63.477 .796 | 156.495 .295 | 82.359.177 | 57.983.499 | 140.342.676 |
| 1.3.2 | Equity Instruments |  | 111.938 | 109 | 112.047 | 96.962 | 109 | 97.071 |
| 1.3.3 | Other Financial Assets |  | 18.532.208 | 19.559.247 | 38.091.455 | 5.416 .410 | 19.014.498 | 24.430 .908 |
| 1.5 | Derivative Financial Assets | (1-c, l-1) | 31.447.217 | 15.218.037 | 46.665 .254 | 31.218 .923 | 16.535.773 | 47.754.696 |
| 1.5.1 | Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss |  | 12.782.115 | 13.466 .648 | 26.248.763 | 12.404.259 | 14.473 .293 | 26.877.552 |
| 1.5.2 | Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income |  | 18.665.102 | 1.751 .389 | 20.416.491 | 18.814 .664 | 2.062 .480 | 20.877.144 |
| II. | FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST (Net) |  | 542.471 .419 | 159.449.844 | 701.921 .263 | 477.776.995 | 159.214 .550 | 636.991.545 |
| 2.1 | Loans | (1-f) | 465.935.020 | 151.878.122 | 617.813 .142 | 408.925.740 | 151.424.448 | 560.350 .188 |
| 2.2 | Lease Receivables | (1-k) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2.3 | Factoring Receivables |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2.4 | Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost | (1-g) | 96.066.258 | 11.696.222 | 107.762.480 | 86.174.530 | 11.980 .146 | 98.154.676 |
|  | Government Debt Securities |  | 96.066.258 | 10.619.095 | 106.685.353 | 86.174 .530 | 10.660.402 | 96.834 .932 |
|  | Other Financial Assets |  | - | 1.077.127 | 1.077.127 | - | 1.319.744 | 1.319 .744 |
| 2.5 | Expected Credit Loss (-) |  | 19.529.859 | 4.124.500 | 23.654.359 | 17.323.275 | 4.190 .044 | 21.513.319 |
| III. | ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | OPERATIONS (Net) | (1-0) | 517.843 | - | 517.843 | 565.378 | - | 565.378 |
| 3.1 | Held for Sale Purpose |  | 517.843 | - | 517.843 | 565.378 | - | 565.378 |
| 3.2 | Related to Discontinued Operations |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| IV. | EQUITY INVESTMENTS |  | 5.782 .477 | 19.921 .911 | 25.704 .388 | 4.810 .233 | 18.736.762 | 23.546 .995 |
| 4.1 | Investments in Associates (Net) | (I-h) | 18.957 | - | 18.957 | 18.957 | - | 18.957 |
| 4.1.1 | Associates Valued Based on Equity Method |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4.1.2 | Unconsolidated Associates |  | 18.957 | - | 18.957 | 18.957 | - | 18.957 |
| 4.2 | Subsidiaries (Net) | (1-i) | 5.763 .520 | 19.921 .911 | 25.685 .431 | 4.791 .276 | 18.736 .762 | 23.528.038 |
| 4.2.1 | Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries |  | 5.763 .520 | 19.921.911 | 25.685.431 | 4.791 .276 | 18.736 .762 | 23.528.038 |
| 4.2.2 | Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4.3 | Joint Ventures (Net) | (1-j) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4.3 .1 | Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4.3.2 | Unconsolidated Joint Ventures |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| v. | PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Net) |  | 15.246 .879 | 38.222 | 15.285.101 | 15.089.012 | 38.270 | 15.127.282 |
| vi. | INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net) |  | 2.658.645 | - | 2.658 .645 | 2.652 .021 | - | 2.652.021 |
| 6.1 | Goodwill |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 6.2 | Other |  | 2.658 .645 | - | 2.658 .645 | 2.652 .021 | - | 2.652 .021 |
| VII. | INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net) | (1-m) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| VIII. | CURRENT TAX ASSET |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| IX. | DEFERRED TAX ASSET | $(1-n)$ | 125.181 | - | 125.181 | - | 192.285 | 192.285 |
| X. | OTHER ASSETS (Net) | (1-p) | 23.330 .328 | 1.170.988 | 24.501.316 | 19.130.112 | 627.272 | 19.757.384 |
|  | TOTAL ASSETS |  | 764.505.102 | 420.663 .956 | 1.185.169.058 | 667.867.759 | 407.318 .696 | 1.075.186.455 |

## AKBANK T.A.S.

I. UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MARCH 2023 [STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION]
(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL).)

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| PRIOR PERIOD |  |  |  |
| (31/12/2022) |  |  |  |



|  |  | Note(Section Five) | CURRENT PERIOD(31/03/2023) |  |  | PRIOR PERIOD (31/12/2022) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TL | FC | Total | TL | FC | Total |
| A. OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (I+ +1+ +11 ) |  |  |  | 590.275.168 | 920.954 .190 | 1.511.229.358 | 523.387.252 | 1.007.840.124 | 1.531.227.376 |
| I. | gUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES | (III) | 92.518.312 | 72.712.330 | 165.230 .642 | 68.059.558 | 72.542.148 | 140.601.706 |
| 1,1 | Letters of Guarantee |  | 73.290.523 | 47.432.403 | 120.722.926 | 51.739.505 | 44.729 .387 | 96.468 .892 |
| 1.1.1 | Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law |  | 902.783 | 5.584.289 | 6.487.072 | 1.375 .563 | 6.044 .920 | 7.420.483 |
| 1.1.2 | Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations |  |  | 2.659.522 | 2.659.522 |  | 2.582.504 | 2.582.504 |
| 1.1.3 | Other Letters of Guarantee |  | 72.387 .740 | 39.188 .592 | 111.576.332 | 50.363 .942 | 36.101.963 | 86.465 .905 |
| 1.2 | Bank Acceptances |  | 4.785 | 191.700 | 196.485 | 4.785 | 190.323 | 195.108 |
| 1.2.1 | Import Letter of Acceptance |  | 4.785 | 191.700 | 196.485 | 4.785 | 190.323 | 195.108 |
| 1.2.2 | Other Bank Acceptances |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 1.3 | Letters of Credit |  | 1.738 .634 | 18.382.311 | 20.120 .945 | 2.058 .977 | 19.240 .609 | 21.299.586 |
| 1.3.1 | Documentary Letters of Credit |  | 1.738 .634 | 15.820 .902 | 17.559.536 | 2.058 .977 | 16.898 .022 | 18.956.999 |
| 1.3.2 | Other Letters of Credit |  | - | 2.561.409 | 2.561.409 |  | 2.342.587 | 2.342.587 |
| 1.4 | Prefinancing Given as Guarantee |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | Endorsements |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5.1 | Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5.2 | Other Endorsements |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.6 | Purchase Guarantees for Securities Issued |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |
| 1.7 | Factoring Guarantees |  | - | 12.985 | 12.985 | - | 12.651 | 12.651 |
| 1.8 | Other Guarantees |  | 7.284 .256 | 6.689 .348 | 13.973 .604 | 5.349.753 | 8.363.051 | 13.712.804 |
| 1.9 | Other Collaterals |  | 10.200.114 | 3.583 | 10.203 .697 | 8.906.538 | 6.127 | 8.912.665 |
| 11. | COMMITMENTS | (III) | 235.134 .798 | 22.709 .056 | 257.843.854 | 154.279 .332 | 15.161.502 | 169.440.834 |
| 2.1 | Irrevocable Commitments |  | 231.650 .830 | 22.709.056 | 254.359.886 | 152.086.287 | 15.161.502 | 167.247.789 |
| 2.1.1 | Asset Purchase Commitments |  | 6.888 .776 | 16.201.769 | 23.090.545 | 1.025 .346 | 6.826 .708 | 7.852.054 |
| 2.1.2 | Deposit Purchase and Sales Commitments |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.1.3 | Share Capital Commitments to Associates and Subsidiaries |  | - |  |  | - |  |  |
| 2.1.4 | Loan Granting Commitments |  | 24.935.779 | 6.493.735 | 31.429.514 | 23.069.404 | 8.330 .744 | 31.400 .148 |
| 2.1.5 | Securities Issue Brokerage Commitments |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.1.6 | Commitments for Reserve Requirements |  | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| 2.1.7 | Commitments for Cheque Payments |  | 7.305 .005 |  | 7.305.005 | 4.523.116 |  | 4.523.116 |
| 2.1.8 | Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments |  | 5.309 |  | 5.309 | 5.260 |  | 5.260 |
| 2.1.9 | Commitments for Credit Card Limits |  | 161.803 .532 |  | 161.803.532 | 106.067.149 |  | 106.067.149 |
| 2.1.10 | Commitments for Credit Cards and Banking Services Promotions |  | 154.012 | - | 154.012 | 125.777 |  | 125.777 |
| 2.1.11 | Receivables from Short Sale Commitments of Marketable Securities |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |
| 2.1.12 | Payables for Short Sale Commitments of Marketable Securities |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2.1.13 | Other Irrevocable Commitments |  | 30.558.417 | 13.552 | 30.571 .969 | 17.270.235 | 4.050 | 17.274 .285 |
| 2.2 | Revocable Commitments |  | 3.483.968 | - | 3.483.968 | 2.193 .045 |  | 2.193 .045 |
| 2.2.1 | Revocable Loan Granting Commitments |  | 3.483.968 | - | 3.483.968 | 2.193 .045 |  | 2.193.045 |
| 2.2.2 | Other Revocable Commitments |  | - | - | - | - |  |  |
| III. | DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS |  | 262.622 .058 | 825.532 .804 | 1.088.154.862 | 301.048.362 | 920.136 .474 | 1.221.184.836 |
| 3.1 | Hedging Derivative Financial Instruments |  | 34.480.081 | 134.443.085 | 168.923.166 | 31.550.734 | 137.049.473 | 168.600.207 |
| 3.1.1 | Fair Value Hedges |  | 20.001 | 56.875.933 | 56.895 .934 | 20.741 | 57.422.029 | 57.442 .770 |
| 3.1.2 | Cash Flow Hedges |  | 34.460 .080 | 77.567.152 | 112.027.232 | 31.529.993 | 79.627.444 | 111.157.437 |
| 3.1.3 | Foreign Net Investment Hedges |  | - | - - | - | - |  |  |
| 3.2 | Trading Derivative Financial Instruments |  | 228.141.977 | 691.089.719 | 919.231 .696 | 269.497.628 | 783.087 .001 | 1.052.584.629 |
| 3.2.1 | Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions |  | 33.699.021 | 57.316.157 | 91.015.178 | 41.831 .750 | 63.823.351 | 105.655.101 |
| 3.2.1.1 | Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Buy |  | 33.484.045 | 13.725.683 | 47.209 .728 | 40.929.678 | 13.131.610 | 54.061 .288 |
| 3.2.1.2 | Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Sell |  | 214.976 | 43.590.474 | 43.805 .450 | 902.072 | 50.691 .741 | 51.593 .813 |
| 3.2.2 | Swap Transactions Related to Foreign Currency and Interest Rates |  | 153.589 .098 | 477.241.386 | 630.830 .484 | 193.562 .550 | 568.870 .277 | 762.432 .827 |
| 3.2.2.1 | Foreign Currency Swap-Buy |  | 4.107 .086 | 186.741.111 | 190.848.197 | 19.963.353 | 219.565.005 | 239.528.358 |
| 3.2.2.2 | Foreign Currency Swap-Sell |  | 106.476.962 | 108.070.477 | 214.547.439 | 128.901.159 | 139.793.964 | 268.695.123 |
| 3.2.2.3 | Interest Rate Swap-Buy |  | 21.502.525 | 91.214 .899 | 112.717.424 | 22.349.019 | 104.755.654 | 127.104.673 |
| 3.2.2.4 | Interest Rate Swap-Sell |  | 21.502.525 | 91.214 .899 | 112.717.424 | 22.349.019 | 104.755.654 | 127.104.673 |
| 3.2.3 | Foreign Currency, Interest Rate and Securities Options |  | 21.780 .975 | 66.724 .808 | 88.505.783 | 15.707.125 | 54.269 .717 | 69.976 .842 |
| 3.2.3.1 | Foreign Currency Options-Buy |  | 21.181.368 | 12.916 .982 | 34.098 .350 | 14.853 .112 | 9.143 .046 | 23.996.158 |
| 3.2.3.2 | Foreign Currency Options-Sell |  | 599.607 | 32.883 .036 | 33.482 .643 | 854.013 | 22.589.883 | 23.443 .896 |
| 3.2.3.3 | Interest Rate Options-Buy |  | - | 10.462.395 | 10.462 .395 | - | 11.268 .394 | 11.268 .394 |
| 3.2.3.4 | Interest Rate Options-Sell |  | - | 10.462.395 | 10.462 .395 |  | 11.268 .394 | 11.268 .394 |
| 3.2.3.5 | Securities Options-Buy |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |
| 3.2.3.6 | Securities Options-Sell |  | - | - | - | - |  |  |
| 3.2.4 | Foreign Currency Futures |  | 18.351 .308 | 17.580.091 | 35.931 .399 | 17.799.388 | 17.211.205 | 35.010 .593 |
| 3.2.4.1 | Foreign Currency Futures-Buy |  | 18.286 .976 | 60.467 | 18.347 .443 | 16.167.045 | 1.519.274 | 17.686.319 |
| 3.2.4.2 | Foreign Currency Futures-Sell |  | 64.332 | 17.519.624 | 17.583.956 | 1.632 .343 | 15.691 .931 | 17.324 .274 |
| 3.2.5 | Interest Rate Futures |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3.2.5.1 | Interest Rate Futures-Buy |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3.2.5.2 | Interest Rate Futures-Sell |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3.2.6 | Other |  | 721.575 | 72.227 .277 | 72.948 .852 | 596.815 | 78.912.451 | 79.509.266 |
| B. CUSTODY AND PLEDGES RECEIVED (IV+V+VI) |  |  | 1.842.329.748 | 1.141.406.655 | 2.983.736.403 | 1.649.986.327 | 1.105.560.976 | 2.755.547.303 |
| Iv. | ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY |  | 141.426.180 | 156.900.955 | 298.327.135 | 120.301.657 | 145.032.321 | 265.333.978 |
| 4.1 | Customer Fund and Portfolio Balances |  | 61.614 .500 | 20.436.278 | 82.050.778 | 46.396 .383 | 12.805.794 | 59.202.177 |
| 4.2 | Investment Securities Held in Custody |  | 2.673 .830 | 29.936.125 | 32.609.955 | 3.422.376 | 28.918.489 | 32.340 .865 |
| 4.3 | Cheques Received for Collection |  | 65.664 .556 | 10.177.556 | 75.842 .112 | 59.865.366 | 9.750.401 | 69.615.767 |
| 4.4 | Commercial Notes Received for Collection |  | 10.678.505 | 13.984 .620 | 24.663.125 | 9.930 .098 | 14.741 .077 | 24.671.175 |
| 4.5 | Other Assets Received for Collection |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4.6 | Assets Received for Public Offering |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4.7 | Other Items Under Custody |  | 794.789 | 82.366 .376 | 83.161.165 | 687.434 | 78.816 .560 | 79.503.994 |
| 4.8 | Custodians |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| v. | PLedges received |  | 470.084.579 | 284.524.977 | 754.609 .556 | 432.902 .956 | 280.114.115 | 713.017 .071 |
| 5.1 | Marketable Securities |  | 481.029 | 6.530.443 | 7.011.472 | 481.495 | 5.799.505 | 6.281 .000 |
| 5.2 | Guarantee Notes |  | 1.094.352 | 1.989 .258 | 3.083 .610 | 1.004.209 | 2.039.754 | 3.043 .963 |
| 5.3 | Commodity |  | 800.508 | 670.601 | 1.471.109 | 842.908 | 653.844 | 1.496.752 |
| 5.4 | Warranty |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 5.5 | Immovables |  | 304.109.250 | 225.147.184 | 529.256.434 | 267.693.248 | 223.653 .844 | 491.347.092 |
| 5.6 | Other Pledged Items |  | 163.599 .440 | 50.187.491 | 213.786.931 | 162.881.096 | 47.967.168 | 210.848.264 |
| 5.7 | Pledged Items-Depository |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| vi. | Accepted bill, guarantees and warrantees |  | 1.230.818.989 | 699.980 .723 | 1.930.799.712 | 1.096.781.714 | 680.414 .540 | 1.777.196.254 |
|  | TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (A+B) |  | 2.432.604.916 | 2.062.360.845 | 4.494.965.761 | 2.173.373.579 | 2.113.401.100 | 4.286.774.679 |

AKBANK T.A.S
III. UNCONSOL̇IDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL).)

|  | INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS | Note (Section Five) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { CURRENT PERIOD } \\ \text { (01/01-31/03/2023) } \end{array}$ | PRIOR PERIOD (01/01-31/03/2022) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | INTEREST INCOME | (IV-a) | 35.499.406 | 19.836.030 |
| 1.1 | Interest on Loans | (IV-a-1) | 21.097.167 | 12.205 .723 |
| 1.2 | Interest on Reserve Requirements |  | - | 241.175 |
| 1.3 | Interest on Banks | (IV-a-2) | 414.401 | 22.433 |
| 1.4 | Interest on Money Market Transactions |  | 149.160 | 81.215 |
| 1.5 | Interest on Marketable Securities Portfolio | (IV-a-3) | 13.789.774 | 7.256 .333 |
| 1.5.1 | Fair Value Through Profit or Loss |  | 17.532 | 6.047 |
| 1.5.2 | Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income |  | 6.181 .845 | 3.165 .443 |
| 1.5.3 | Measured at Amortised Cost |  | 7.590 .397 | 4.084.843 |
| 1.6 | Financial Lease Interest Income |  | - | - |
| 1.7 | Other Interest Income |  | 48.904 | 29.151 |
| II. | INTEREST EXPENSE (-) | (IV-b) | 22.554.799 | 8.788.689 |
| 2.1 | Interest on Deposits | (IV-b-4) | 19.151 .175 | 6.080 .056 |
| 2.2 | Interest on Funds Borrowed | (IV-b-1) | 1.061.735 | 359.998 |
| 2.3 | Interest Expense on Money Market Transactions |  | 1.076.428 | 1.173 .199 |
| 2.4 | Interest on Securities Issued | (IV-b-3) | 879.059 | 913.113 |
| 2.5 | Interest on Leases |  | 35.079 | 23.067 |
| 2.6 | Other Interest Expenses |  | 351.323 | 239.256 |
| III. | NET INTEREST INCOME (I - II) |  | 12.944.607 | 11.047.341 |
| IV. | NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME |  | 4.378 .092 | 1.807 .235 |
| 4.1 | Fees and Commissions Received |  | 5.371 .852 | 2.393 .670 |
| 4.1.1 | Non-cash Loans |  | 308.765 | 201.951 |
| 4.1.2 | Other |  | 5.063 .087 | 2.191 .719 |
| 4.2 | Fees and Commissions Paid (-) |  | 993.760 | 586.435 |
| 4.2.1 | Non-cash Loans |  | 1.236 | 1.290 |
| 4.2.2 | Other |  | 992.524 | 585.145 |
| V . | DIVIDEND INCOME | (IV-c) | 1.134 | 8.650 |
| VI. | TRADING INCOME /(LOSS) (Net) |  | 5.647 .979 | 3.112.338 |
| 6.1 | Trading Gains / (Losses) on Securities |  | 1.830.604 | 148.939 |
| 6.2 | Gains / (Losses) on Derivative Financial Transactions |  | 1.639.633 | (4.764.036) |
| 6.3 | Foreign Exchange Gains / (Losses) |  | 2.177.742 | 7.727.435 |
| VII. | OTHER OPERATING INCOME | (IV-d) | 1.428.285 | 909.159 |
| VIII. | GROSS OPERATING INCOME (III+IV+V+VI+VII) |  | 24.400 .097 | 16.884.723 |
| IX. | EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (-) | (IV-e) | 3.168.458 | 1.854.064 |
| X. | OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-) |  | 154.380 | 1.926 .228 |
| XI. | PERSONNEL EXPENSE (-) |  | 3.056.172 | 1.261 .982 |
| XII. | OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-) | (IV-f) | 6.699 .805 | 2.107 .575 |
| XIII. | NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII) |  | 11.321.282 | 9.734.874 |
| XIV. | EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER |  | - | - |
| XV. | INCOME/(LOSS) FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED |  |  |  |
|  | BASED ON EQUITY METHOD |  | 1.339.531 | 696.281 |
| XVI. | INCOME/(LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION |  | - | - |
| XVII. | PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS (XIII+...+XVI) |  | 12.660 .813 | 10.431.155 |
| XVIII. | TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS ( $\pm$ ) | (IV-g) | 1.949 .513 | 2.384 .346 |
| 18.1 | Current Tax Provision |  | 2.838 .517 | 10.489 .040 |
| 18.2 | Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+) |  | 696.648 | 430.659 |
| 18.3 | Deferred Tax Income Effect (-) |  | 1.585.652 | 8.535.353 |
| XVIII. | CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS (XVII $\pm$ XVIII) | (IV-h) | 10.711.300 | 8.046.809 |
| XIX. | INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS |  | - | - |
| 20.1 | Income from Non-current Assets Held for Sale |  | - | - |
| 20.2 | Profit from Sales of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures |  | - | - |
| 20.3 | Income from Other Discontinued Operations |  | - | - |
| XX. | EXPENSES FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-) |  | - | - |
| 21.1 | Expenses for Non-current Assets Held for Sale |  | - | - |
| 21.2 | Loss from Sales of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures |  | - | - |
| 21.3 | Expenses for Other Discontinued Operations |  | - | - |
| XXI. | PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XIX-XX) |  | - | - |
| XXII. | TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS ( $\pm$ ) |  | - | - |
| 23.1 | Current Tax Provision |  | - | - |
| 23.2 | Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+) |  | - | - |
| 23.3 | Deferred Tax Income Effect (-) |  | - | - |
| XXIII. | CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII $\pm$ XXIII) |  | - | - |
| XXIV. | NET INCOME/(LOSS) (XIX+XXIV) |  | 10.711.300 | 8.046.809 |
|  | Earning/(Loss) per share (in TL full) |  | 0,02060 | 0,01547 |

## AKBANK T.A.Ṣ. <br> IV. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 <br> (Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL).)

|  |  | CURRENT PERIOD (31/03/2023) | PRIOR PERIOD (31/03/2022) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. | CURRENT PERIOD INCOME/LOSS | 10.711.300 | 8.046.809 |
| II. | OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | (1.594.570) | 7.874 .435 |
| 2.1 | Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss | 908.568 | 74.111 |
| 2.1.1 | Property and Equipment Revaluation Increase/Decrease |  | (3.535) |
| 2.1.2 | Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase/Decrease |  | - |
| 2.1.3 | Defined Benefit Plan Remeasurement Gain/Loss | - |  |
| 2.1.4 | Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss | (52.331) | 75.681 |
| 2.1.5 | Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss | 960.899 | 1.965 |
| 2.2 | Reclassified Through Profit or Loss | (2.503.138) | 7.800.324 |
| 2.2.1 | Foreign Currency Translation Differences | 870.193 | 1.068 .970 |
| 2.2.2 | Valuation and/or Reclassification Income/Expense of the Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other |  |  |
|  | Comprehensive Income | (3.475.792) | 7.606.711 |
| 2.2.3 | Cash Flow Hedge Income/Loss | (291.543) | 1.748 .821 |
| 2.2.4 | Foreign Net Investment Hedge Income/Loss | (716.238) | (943.442) |
| 2.2.5 | Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Loss | - | - |
| 2.2.6 | Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Loss | 1.110 .242 | (1.680.736) |
| III. | TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II) | 9.116 .730 | 15.921.244 |

[^1]V. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN THE SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2023



| I. | Prior Period End Balance | 5.200.000 | 3.505.742 | 1.84.886 | 9.019.730 | 11.66.660) | 1.326 .108 | ${ }^{13.626 .116}$ | 8.565.935 | 13.966.462] | 56.070.405 | 60.024.084 | 153.599.884 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{21}^{11 .}$ | Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8 | : |  | : | : | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.1 2.2 | Effects of Corrections ${ }_{\text {a }}$ Affects of the Changes in Accunting Policies | - | : | : | : | : |  | : | : | $:$ |  |  |  |
| III. | Adjusted Beginning Balance ( $1+11$ ) | 5.20.000 | 3.505.742 | 1.894.886 | 9.019.730 | (1.66.660) | 1.326 .108 | ${ }^{13.626 .116}$ | 8.565.935 | [3.966.662] | 56.00.405 | 60.024.084 | 153.599.884 |
| ı. | Total Comprehensive Income |  |  |  | 960.899 |  | [52.331] | 870.193 | (2.617.45) | (755.836) |  | 10.711.300 | 9.116.730 |
| v. | Capital Increase by Cash | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| v. | Capital Increase by Internal Sources |  |  |  |  |  | 14.976 |  |  |  |  |  | 14.976 |
| vil. | Paid-in capital inflation adjustment difference |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| vill. | Convertible Bonds to Shares |  | : | : |  | : | - |  |  | : | $\div$ |  |  |
| \|x. | Subordinated Debt Instruments |  |  |  | (43.287] |  | : |  |  |  | 43.287 |  |  |
| xı. | Profit Distribution |  | - | - |  | - | - |  |  | - | 51.028.084 | ${ }^{(60.024 .084)}$ | (8.996.000) |
| 11.1 11.2 | Dividends paid |  |  |  |  | : | : |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {[8,996.000 }}$ [51028084] | [8.996000) |
| 11.2 11.3 | Transfers to Reserves Other |  | $:$ | $:$ |  | : | $:$ |  |  | $:$ | 51.028.084 | [51.028.084] |  |

Period-End Balance $(I+1+1+1\|+\ldots+x+x\|)$
$5.200 .000 \quad 3.500 .742$
$\begin{array}{lll}1.894 .886 & 9.937 .342 & (1.666 .660)\end{array}$
$1.288 .753 \quad 14.496 .309$
5.948.440
[4.722.298] $\quad 107.141 .776$
V. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN THE SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

$\underset{\text { (31/03/2022) }}{\text { CURRET PERIOD }}$

| 1. | Prior Period End Balance | 5.200.000 | 3.505.742 | 1.894.886 | 2.997832 | [356.69] | 1.334.001 | 9.173 .818 | [1.725.442] | [3.220.011) | 45.044.998 | 12.125.908 | 75.954.951 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , | Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.1 |  | $\checkmark$ |  | - | $\checkmark$ | - | - |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| III. | Adjusted Beginning Balance (l+11) | 5.200.000 | 3.50.742 | 1.894 .886 | 2.997832 | (356.69]) | 1.334.001 | 9.173 .818 | (1.725.442) | (3.220.011) | 45.024.998 | 12.125.908 | 75.954.951 |
| iv. | Total Comprehensive Income | - |  |  | ${ }^{(1.570)}$ |  | 75.81 | 1.068 .970 | 6.089 .513 | 641.841 |  | 8.046 .809 | 15.921.244 |
| v. | Capital Increase by Cash |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| vi. | Capital Increase by Internal Sources | - | - |  |  | - |  | - |  |  | - |  |  |
| vil. | Paid-in capital inflation adjustment difference | - |  | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |
| ix. | Convertibe Bonds to Shares | $:$ | $:$ |  | $\div$ | $\div$ |  | $:$ | - | $:$ |  |  |  |
| $\times$ | Increase/Decrease by Other Changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\times 1$. | Profit Distribution | - |  | - |  | : | : |  |  | - | ${ }^{10.914 .308}$ | (12.125.908) | ${ }^{11.211 .600}$ |
| 11.1 11.2 | Dividends paid Transers to Reserves | : |  | : |  |  | - |  |  | $:$ | 10.944.308 |  | (1.211.60) |
| 11.3 | Other | - |  | - |  | - | - | . |  | - |  |  |  |

## AKBANK T.A.Ṣ.

VI. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

## (Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

$\left.\begin{array}{llrl} & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Note }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { CURRENT PERIOD } \\ \text { (31/03/2023) }\end{array} \\ \hline & \text { PRIOR PERIOD } \\ \text { (31/03/2022) }\end{array}\right]$

## SECTION THREE

## EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## I. EXPLANATIONS ON BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

a. The preparation of the financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents:

The unconsolidated financial statements are prepared within the scope of the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" related with Banking Law numbered 5411 published in the Official Gazette no. 26333 dated 1 November 2006 and in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to accounting and financial reporting principles published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA"), Turkey Accounting Standard 34 ("IAS 34") Interim Financial Reporting Standard which is constituted by Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") and in case where a specific regulation is not made by BRSA, "Turkish Financial Reporting Standards" ("TFRS") and related appendices and interpretations put into effect by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). The format and content of the publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements and notes to these statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué on Publicly Announced Financial Statements, Explanations and Notes to These Financial Statements" and "Communiqué On Disclosures About Risk Management To Be Announced To Public By Banks" and amendments to this Communiqué. The Bank maintains its books in Turkish Lira in accordance with the Banking Law, Turkish Commercial Code and Turkish Tax Legislation.

The unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in TL, under the historical cost convention except for the financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value. Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates by the Bank management to exercise its judgment on the assets and liabilities of the balance sheet and contingent issues as of the balance sheet date. These estimates, which include the fair value calculations of financial instruments and impairments of financial assets are being reviewed regularly and, when necessary, suitable corrections are made and the effects of these corrections are reflected to the income statement. Assumptions and estimates that are used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are explained in the following related disclosures.

## Explanation for convenience translation to English:

The differences between accounting principles, as described in these preceding paragraphs and accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which unconsolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have not been quantified in these unconsolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these unconsolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

## b. Accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements:

Accounting policies and valuation principles adopted when preparing financial statements are in line with the legislation, communiqué, explanation and circular released by BRSA concerning accounting and financial reporting, and, for matters which are not regulated by the foregoing, with the provisions of TAS/TFRS (together "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation) put into force by Public Oversight.

On 20 January 2022, the Public Oversight Authority made a statement on whether the Financial Reporting Standard ("TAS 29") in Hyperinflationary Economies shall be applied within the scope of Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, Financial Reporting Standard for Large and Medium Sized Enterprises. Accordingly, it has been stated that companies applying TFRS do not need to make any adjustments in their financial statements for 2021 within the scope of TAS 29 Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies. As of the preparation date of these financial statements, no new announcement has been made by the Public Oversight Authority in this context, and no inflation adjustment has been made in the financial statements dated 31 March 2023 within the scope of TAS 29 Financial Reporting Standard in Hyperinflationary Economies.

The tension between Russia and Ukraine since the beginning of 2022 has turned into a crisis and a hot conflict and continues as of the date of preparation of these financial statements. The Bank does not have operations in either country, and the said crisis is not expected to have a direct impact on the Bank's operations. Developments are followed and their estimated effects are

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

## AKBANK T.A.S.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
evaluated within the scope of the relevant accounting standards and reflected in the financial statements.
In addition to the aid provided to the region due to the earthquake disaster that occurred in Kahramanmaraș and surrounding provinces in February, customers affected by the earthquake were offered interest-free deferral of their loan and credit card debts and free transaction/service opportunities. The effects of the earthquake disaster were reviewed and it was evaluated that there was no effect on the financial statements that would affect the going concern.

## II. EXPLANATIONS ON STRATEGY OF USING FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND EXPLANATIONS ON FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS:

The Bank's core business activities include consumer banking, SME banking, commercial banking, and corporate-investment banking and private banking and wealth management, foreign exchange, money markets, securities transactions (Treasury transactions) and international banking services. By nature, the Bank's activities are principally related to the use of financial instruments. As the main funding source, the Bank accepts deposits from customers for various periods and invests these funds in high quality assets with high interest margins. Other than deposits, the Bank's most important funding sources are equity, marketable securities issued, money market borrowings and mostly borrowings from foreign financial institutions. The Bank follows an asset-liability management strategy that mitigates risk and increases earnings by balancing the funds borrowed and the investments in various financial assets. The main objective of asset-liability management is to limit the Bank's exposure to liquidity risk, interest rate risk, currency risk and credit risk while increasing profitability and strengthening the Bank's equity. The AssetLiability Committee ("ALCO") manages the assets and liabilities within the trading limits on the level of exposure placed by the Executive Risk Committee ("ERC").

Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated with the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising from such transactions are recognized in the income statement under the account of "Net foreign exchange gains/losses".

As of 31 March 2023, foreign currency denominated balances are translated into TL using the exchange rates of TL 19,1532 and TL 20,8450 for USD and EURO respectively.

## III. EXPLANATIONS ON EQUITY INVESTMENTS:

Investments in associates and subsidiaries are accounted in accordance with the "Turkish Accounting Standard on Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements Standard" ("TAS 27").

Financial associates and subsidiaries are accounted by using the equity method as described in the "Turkish Accounting Standard for Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" ("TAS 28"). The carrying value of financial subsidiaries with the equity method is reflected to the financial statements considering the Bank's share of the net assets of the subsidiary. While the Bank's share on profits or losses of financial subsidiaries are accounted in the Bank's income statement, the Bank's share in other equity of financial subsidiaries are reflected in the Bank's shareholders' equity. Dividend income from those subsidiaries are accounted by reducing the book value of the subsidiary.

Non-financial associates and subsidiaries are stated with their cost values at the financial statements in accordance with the "Turkish Accounting Standard on Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements Standard" ("TAS 27"). The right to receive dividends from non-financial subsidiaries is reflected to the income statement.

## IV. EXPLANATIONS ON FORWARD TRANSACTIONS, OPTIONS AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS:

The Bank's major derivative instruments consists of foreign currency and interest rate swaps, cross currency swaps, currency options and currency forwards.

The Bank classifies its derivative instruments as "Derivative Financial Assets and Derivative Financial Liabilities Measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss" in accordance with "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" (TFRS 9).

Liabilities and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are followed in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

Derivative instruments are remeasured at fair value after initial recognition. In accordance with the classification of the derivative instrument, if the fair value of a derivative financial instrument is positive, it is recorded to the account "Derivative Financial Assets

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Measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss" or "Derivative Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income"; if the fair value difference is negative, it is disclosed in "Derivative Financial Liabilities Measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss" or "Derivative Financial Liabilities Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income". Differences in the fair value of trading derivative instruments are accounted as income/loss from derivative financial transactions under "trading income/loss" item in the income statement. The basis on accounting of derivative instruments for hedging purposes are explained in Note XI of Section Four. The fair values of the derivative financial instruments are calculated using quoted market prices or by using discounted cash flow models.

As of 31 March 2023, the Bank has no embedded derivative instruments (31 December 2022: None).

## V. EXPLANATIONS ON INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSE:

Interest income and expenses are recognized in the income statement by using the "Effective interest rate method". Starting from 1 January 2018, the Bank has started to calculate interest accrual on non-performing loans. Net book value of the non-performing loans (Gross Book Value - Expected Credit Loss) are rediscounted with effective interest rate and recognized with the gross book value of the non-performing loan. Non-performing loans rediscounts are evaluated on customer basis and are discontinued if there is in case of low collectibility.

## VI. EXPLANATIONS ON FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME AND EXPENSES:

Fees and commission income/expenses are primarily recognized on an accrual basis or "Effective interest rate method" and TFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" according to the nature of the fee and commission, except for certain commission income and fees for various banking services which are recorded as income at the time of collection. Contract based fees or fees received for services such as the purchase and sale of assets on behalf of a third party or legal person are recognized as income at the time of collection.

## VII. EXPLANATIONS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS:

The Bank categorizes its financial assets as "Fair Value Through Profit/Loss", "Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" or "Measured at Amortized Cost". Such financial assets are recognized or derecognized according to TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Part 3 Issued for classification and measurement of the financial instruments published in the Official Gazette No. 29953 dated 19 January 2017 by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). Financial assets are measured at fair value at initial recognition in the financial statements. During the initial recognition of financial assets other than "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss", transaction costs are added to fair value or deducted from fair value.

## Classification and measurement of financial assets

According to TFRS 9 requirements, classification and measurement of financial assets will depend on the business model within which financial assets are managed and their contractual cash flow characteristics whether the cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.

## Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest:

For the purposes of this assessment, "principal" is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. "Interest" is defined as consideration for the time value of money, for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Bank will consider the contractual terms of the instrument. This will include assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making the assessment, the Bank consider:

- Contingent events that would change the amount and timing of cash flows;
- Leverage features;
- Prepayment and extension terms;
- Terms that limit the Bank's claim to cash flows from specified assets
- Features that modify consideration for the time value of money - e.g. periodic reset of interest rates.

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The Bank fulfills the on-balance sheet classification and measurement criteria by applying the procedures described above for all financial assets.

Upon initial recognition each financial asset will be classified as either fair value through profit or loss, amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
The Bank recognize a financial asset into financial statements when it becomes a party to the contractual terms of a financial instrument. During the first recognition of a financial asset into the financial statements, business model determined by Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration.

When the business model determined by the Bank management is changed, all financial assets affected by this change are reclassified and the reclassification is applied in the future. In this case, no adjustment is made for the gain, loss or interest rates previously recognized in the financial statements.

## a. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss:

"Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss" are financial assets other than the ones that are managed with business model that aims to hold to collect contractual cash flows or business model that aims to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of the assets; and if the contractual terms of the financial asset do not lead to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest at certain date; that are either acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in prices or are financial assets included in a portfolio aiming to short-term profit making. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and remeasured at their fair value after recognition. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are reflected in the income statement.

## b. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

In addition to financial assets within a business model that aims to hold to collect contractual cash flows and aims to hold to sell, financial asset with contractual terms that lead to cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest at certain dates, they are classified as fair value through other comprehensive income.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition cost reflecting the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. Interest income calculated with effective interest rate method arising from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement.
"Unrealized gains and losses" arising from the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, and impairment of the asset and they are accounted under the "Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified through profit or loss" under shareholders' equity. When these securities are collected or disposed of, the related fair value differences accumulated in the shareholders' equity are transferred to the income statement.

Equity instruments classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are accounted at their fair values. Exceptionally, cost can be an appropriate estimation method in determining fair value. This is only possible if there is insufficient recent information on the measurement of fair value or if fair value can be measured by more than one method, and the cost reflects the fair value estimate in the best way. In the case of using this method, the accumulated fair value differences will not be reflected in the income statement.

During initial recognition the Bank can choose in an irrevocable was to record the changes of the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading purposes in the other comprehensive income. In the case of this preference, the dividend from the investment is taken into the financial statements as profit or loss.

## c. Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost:

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at acquisition cost including the transaction costs which reflect the fair value of those instruments and subsequently recognized at amortized cost by using effective interest rate method.Interest income obtained from financial assets measured at amortized cost is accounted in income statement.

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"Fair value through other comprehensive income" and "measured at amortized cost" securities portfolio of the Bank include Consumer Price Indexed (CPI) Bonds. These securities are valued and accounted using the effective interest rate method based on the real coupon rates and the reference inflation index at the issue date and the estimated inflation rate. The reference indices used in calculating the actual coupon payment amounts of these assets are based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) of prior two months. The Bank also sets the estimated inflation rate accordingly. The estimated inflation rate used is updated as needed within the year.

In this context, the valuation of these securities was made according to an annual inflation forecast of $35,00 \%$ as of 31 March 2023 . At the end of the year, the real inflation rate is used.

## d. Derivative Financial Assets:

The major derivative instruments utilized by the Bank are foreign currency and interest rate swaps, cross currency swaps, currency options and currency forwards.

Derivative financial instruments of the Bank are classified under "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" ("TFRS 9"), "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value through Profit or Loss".
Payables and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

Derivative transactions are valued at their fair values subsequent to their acquisition. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, if the fair value is positive, the amount is classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" or "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income", if the fair value is negative, the amount is classified as "Derivative Financial Liabilities Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" or "Derivative Financial Liabilities Designated at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income". The fair value differences of derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement under trading profit/loss line in profit/loss from derivative financial transactions. The principles for the recognition of derivative transactions intended for hedging purposes are disclosed in the note numbered XI of Section Four. The fair value of derivative instruments is calculated by taking into account the market value of the derivatives or by using the discounted cash flow model. When inactive market conditions exist, observable inputs used in the determination of fair values are adjusted using appropriate assumptions and considering the volume and level of activity in the markets.

## e. Loans

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortised cost using the "Effective Interest Rate (internal rate of return) Method".

## 1. Loans measured at amortised cost:

These financial assets are divided into three categories depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition:

Stage 1:
For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk is recorded in the amount of 12-month expected credit losses.

## Stage 2:

In the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset is transferred to Stage 2 . Impairment for credit risk is determined on the basis of the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses.

## Stage 3:

Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime expected credit losses are recognized.

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## 2. Loans measured at fair value through profit or loss:

Loans at fair value through profit and loss, terms of the contract for loans, if at certain dates it does not result in cash flows involving interest payments arising from the principal and principal balances, it is recorded at fair value and is subject to fair value assessment following the recognition. Gains and losses resulting from the valuation are included in profit/loss accounts.

In certain circumstances cases, restructuring or altering the contractual cash flows of a financial instrument may result in the disposal of the existing financial asset in accordance with TFRS 9. A revised financial asset is considered as a new financial asset when the change in the financial asset is once excluded from the financial statement and the revised financial asset is recognized in accordance with TFRS 9.

The Bank assesses whether the new financial asset contains solely payments of principal and interest when the new conditions for the instrument have determined that there are significant changes compared to the initial conditions in the relevant contracts.

In the event that the contractual conditions for the financial asset do not result in cash flows that include solely payments of principal and interest on certain dates, the related financial asset is recognized with its fair value and is subject to valuation.

## Significant increase in credit risk:

If the credit risk of financial assets determined to be significantly increasing, afore-mentioned assets are transferred to the stage II. For stage I loans expected loss (provision) amounts are calculated for 1-year and for stage II loans expected loss (provision) is calculated for the remaining life of the loan.

In addition, the key considerations in determining whether a significant increase in the credit risk of financial asset and transferring it to stage 2, but are not limited with these, the following;

- Past due date is 30 or more
- Restructuring of loans
- If the loan classified as under follow-up
- Assessment of significant increase in the probability of impairment based on rating notes.

Definition of increase in the probability of default is the comparison between the probability of default on loan's opening date, obtained from bank's internal rating-based credit rating models and probability of default on reporting date. If the loan's estimated probability of default on reporting date exceeds the threshold values determined, it is considered to be worsening of the probability of default.

## Definition of Default:

The Bank considers that there is a default on the relevant debt in the following two cases:

1. Objective Default Definition: It means that the debt is overdue by more than 90 days. The definition of default, which is applicable to the Bank and its consolidated financial institutions, is based on the criteria that the debt is overdue by more than 90 days.
2. Subjective Default Definition: It means the determination that the debt will not be paid. If it is determined that the borrower cannot fulfill its debts related to the loan, regardless of whether there is a balance in delay or the number of days of delay, the debtor is considered in default.

## Write-off Policy:

Within the framework of the provisions of the "Regulation Amending the Regulation on the Procedures and Principles Regarding the Classification of Loans and Provisions for These" published in the Official Gazette dated 6 July 2021 and numbered 31533 the portion of the loans that are classified under "Fifth Group-Loans with a Loss Qualification" and for which a lifetime expected loan loss provision or special provision is made due to the default of the borrower, for which there are no reasonable expectations for the recovery of the loans, within the scope of TFRS 9, as of the first reporting period (interim or year-end reporting period) following their classification in this Group, deducted from the records within the period deemed appropriate by the bank, taking into account the situation of the debtor. In determining the cluster within this scope, the following indicators are used;

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- In the corporate, commercial, SME and consumer segment follow-up portfolio, with very low or no collection expectation
- Monitored in the 5th group as of the last reporting period,
- Having a provision rate of $90 \%$ or more,
- No active payment plans
- No Credit Guarantee Fund (CGF) secured loan

Loans and provision ratio of $100 \%$ all abusive and fraudulent tracking accounts are included in the deletion of the active account.

The process of write-off the loans is an accounting practice and does not result in waiving the right to receivable regarding the related loans. Existing administrative and legal follow-up processes regarding the loans deducted from the record are continued. Partial write-off transactions mean that the financial asset will be repaid at a certain rate by the debtor, and the remaining amount after the payment or the part within the Bank that is classified under group 5 and has no reasonable expectations for its recovery will be removed from the financial statements. Regarding the write-off (asset disposal) process; the effect of the amount written off during the period and the amount written off on the NPL ratio is disclosed in the footnotes of the financial statements.

## VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES:

The Bank allocates impairment for expected loss on financial assets measured at amortized cost and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

As of 1 January 2018, the Bank recognize provisions for impairment in accordance with TFRS 9 requirements according to the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside" published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 numbered 29750. The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probabilityweighted and include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

## Expected Credit Loss (ECL) Calculation - Input and Forecasting Methodologies

Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is calculated as 12 months or lifetime, depending on whether there is a significant increase in credit risk after initial recognition or whether an asset is considered as a credit loss. Expected Credit Loss is calculated by using the Probability of Default (PD), Loss Given Default (LGD) and Exposure at Default (EAD) components.

- Exposure at Default: Specifies the amount of risk that the borrower should pay in case of default. It is kept in the system by constantly calculated until the maturity of the borrower. The amount of extra risk that can be incurred in the event of default is included in the calculations by using the credit conversion rate (CCR) calculated for the irrevocable commitment products.
- Probability of Default (PD): PD indicates the probability of default due to inability of the borrower to meet its debt obligations. It has been calculated for 12 months or lifetime depends on increase on borrower's credit risk. Calculation of the lifetime default rate is carried out by drawing the actual default rate figures to the long term using various functions, based on historical data.
- Loss Given Default (LGD): In case of default of the borrower, Loss Given Default has been calculated as dividing Expected Credit Loss to Exposure at Default (EAD). LGD models includes data such as product type, customer segment, collateral structure, customer repayment performance.

Expected Credit Loss is calculated over the remaining maturity using the PD, LGD and EAD components. Calculated values are discounted on a monthly basis using the original effective interest rate or an approximate value of the discount rate. The expected credit loss value is calculated for all customers over the maturity period. However, for those who do not have a significant increase in credit risk, the 12 -month ECL is taken into account, and for those with a significant increase in credit risk, the ECL value calculated over the remaining period is taken into account.

Within the scope of TFRS 9, models of Probability of default (PD), Lost given default (LGD) and Exposure at default (EAD) have been developed. The models used by the IRB "(Internal Rating Based Approach)" are taken into account when creating these models. The models developed under TFRS 9 have a detailed segment structure. Loans that have similar characteristics are segmented in order to reflect the expected credit losses collectively in financial reports. When creating the segmentation structure, the following information of the loans is taken into consideration.

1. Customer type (retail or corporate / commercial)
2. Product type
3. IRB rating notes/scores

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4. Customer credit performance
5. Collateral type
6. Collection Period
7. Exposure at default

In addition, in the calculation of Expected Credit Loss in accordance with TFRS 9, certain part of commercial and corporate loans are subject to individual assessment on a customer basis due to internal policies. This calculation is made by discounting the expected cash flows from the customer or the collateral sales to their present value with the effective interest rate. Within the scope of individual evaluations, regional developments are also taken into account as well as sectoral risks.

The Bank has reflected the possible effects of the earthquake in February in its financial statements in the calculation of the expected credit loss for its loans, taking into account the reasonable and supportable information.
Macro-economic indicators are taken into account in determining the PD component in the expected credit loss calculation. Future macroeconomic forecasts are reflected in the ECLs using more than one scenario.
The risk parameters used in the TFRS 9 calculations include prospective macroeconomic information. While macroeconomic information is included, models and estimates reflecting the relationships between model risk parameters and macroeconomic variables are taken into consideration. The main macroeconomic indicator of these estimation models are the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) growth rate. Macroeconomic estimation models include more than one scenario and the related scenarios are taken into account in the expected credit loss calculations.
Expected credit loss calculations are reviewed at least once a year, the macroeconomic model used in the process and scenario weights has been no revised during the reporting period.

- The expected credit loss calculation is made by considering 3 different scenarios the best, the worst, and the base.

Within the scope TFRS 9, macroeconomic expectations directly affect provisions (Expected Credit Loss-ECL). Related impact is realized when the default ratio of the Bank moves the default rate calculated for each maturity up or down. The main parameters of default ratio model are macroeconomic variables and the provision figures change when prospective estimations are revised.

The PD values subject to the ECL calculation have been obtained for the following portfolios.

| Consumer/Commercial | Portfolio |
| :--- | :--- |
| Retail | Consumer |
| Retail | Automotive |
| Retail | Mortgage |
| Retail | Credit Card |
| Retail | Overdraft Account |
| Commercial | Micro |
| Commercial | Company |
| Commercial | Commercial |
| Commercial | Corporate |

In prospective expectations, 3 scenarios are being used as the base, the worst and the best. Final provisions are calculated by weighting on the possibilities given to the scenarios.

## IX. EXPLANATIONS ON OFFSETTING FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay the related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

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## X. EXPLANATIONS ON SALES AND REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING TRANSACTIONS:

Securities subject to repurchase agreements ("Repos") are classified as "Financial assets at fair value difference through profit or loss", "Financial assets at fair value difference through other comprehensive income" and "Measured at amortized cost" in the balance sheet according to the investment purposes and measured according to the portfolio of the Bank to which they belong. Funds obtained under repurchase agreements are accounted under "Funds provided under repurchase agreements" in liability accounts and differences between the sale and repurchase prices determined by these repurchase agreements are accrued evenly over the life of the repurchase agreement using the "Effective interest (internal return) method".

Funds given against securities purchased under agreements to resell ("Reverse repos") are accounted under "Receivables from money market" in the balance sheet. The difference between the purchase and resell price determined by these repurchase agreements is accrued evenly over the life of repurchase agreements using the "Effective interest rate method".

As of 31 March 2023, the Bank has marketable securities amounting to TL 1.790.593 (31 December 2022: TL 1.733.498).

## XI. EXPLANATIONS ON ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (NET):

Property and equipment held-for-sale consist of tangible assets that were acquired due to non-performing receivables, and are accounted in the financial statements in accordance with the regulations of "Turkish Financial Reporting Standard for Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations (TFRS 5)".

The Bank has no discontinued operations.

## XII. EXPLANATIONS ON GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS:

The Bank has no goodwill.
Intangible assets are measured at cost on initial recognition and any directly attributable costs of setting the asset to work for its intended use are included in the initial measurement. Subsequently, intangible assets are carried at historical costs after the deduction of accumulated depreciation and the provision for value decreases.

Intangibles are amortized over three to fifteen years (their estimated useful lives) using the straight-line method. The useful life of the asset is determined by assessing the expected useful time of the asset, technical, technological and other kinds of wear and tear and all required maintenance expenses necessary to utilize the economic benefit from the asset.

## XIII. EXPLANATIONS ON PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:

Property and equipment is measured at its cost when initially recognized and any directly attributable costs of setting the asset in working order for its intended use are included in the initial measurement. Subsequently, property and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and provision for value decrease.

The Bank has started to account properties under the tangible assets with their revalued amount instead of cost values in accordance with "TAS 16 Plant and Equipment". The revaluation difference arising from the valuations made by the appraisal firms authorized by Capital Markets Board ("CMB") and BRSA is accounted in Investment Properties Revaluation Differences line under the Shareholders' Equity.

As of each reporting date, the Bank evaluates whether there is any indication that its assets may be impaired; If such indication exists, it estimates the recoverable amount of the related asset in accordance with TAS 36 - Impairment in Assets and if the recoverable amount is below the book value of the related asset, it reserves provision for impairment.

Depreciation is calculated over the cost of property and equipment using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives are stated below:

## Buildings

Vault
Transportation Vehicles
Other property and equipments

50 years
$5-50$ years
5-7 years
3-15 years

Gains and losses on the disposal of property and equipment are determined by deducting the net book value of the property and equipment from its sales revenue.

Expenditures for the repair and renewal of property and equipment are recognized as expense. The capital expenditures incurred in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase the future benefit of the asset are capitalized on the cost of the

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tangible asset. Capital expenditures include the cost components that increase the useful life, or the capacity of the asset, increase the quality of the product or decrease its costs.

## XIV. EXPLANATIONS ON LEASING TRANSACTIONS:

With the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard which became effective as of 1 January 2019, the difference between the operating lease and financial lease was removed and the lease transactions were started to be recognised under "Tangible Fixed Assets" as an asset (tenure) and under "Liabilities from Leasing" as a liability.

## XV. EXPLANATIONS ON PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted in accordance with the "Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" ("TAS 37").

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. A provision for contingent liabilities arising from past events should be recognized in the same period of occurrence in accordance with the periodicity principle.

A liability is recognized as a contingent liability where a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of more than one events not wholly within the control of the Bank; or a present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability and disclosed in the footnotes.

## XVI. EXPLANATIONS ON CONTINGENT ASSETS:

Contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the entity. Contingent assets are not recognized in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized. Contingent assets are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements in which the change occurs.

## XVII. EXPLANATIONS ON OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO EMPLOYEE RIGHTS:

## a. Employment termination benefits and vacation rights:

Obligations related to employment termination and vacation rights are accounted in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard for Employee Rights" ("TAS 19").

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Bank and its subsidiaries operating in Turkey are required to pay a specific amount to the employees who have retired or whose employment is terminated other than the reasons specified in the Turkish Labor Law. According to the related regulation, the Bank is obliged to pay termination benefits for employees who retire, quit for their military service obligations, who have been dismissed as defined in the related regulation or who have completed at least one year of service. The reserve for employment termination benefits represents the present value of the estimated total reserve for the future probable obligation of the Bank arising from this liability. In accordance with TAS 19, actuarial gains and losses are recognized in equity

## b. Retirement Rights:

The Bank's personnel are members of the "Akbank T.A.Ș. Personnel Pension Fund Foundation" ("Pension Fund") established in accordance with the Social Security Law numbered 506, temporary article No.20. The financial statements of the Pension Fund have been audited as of year ends by an independent actuary in accordance with the 38th article of the Insurance Supervisory Law and the "Actuarial Regulation" based on the same article.

Temporary 23rd article paragraph ("the paragraph") 1 of the Banking Law No 5411 published in the Official Gazette no. 25983 dated 1 November 2005 envisaged that Banks would transfer their pension funds to the Social Security Institution ["SSI") within three years following the publication date of the Banking Law, and regulated the principles of this transfer. The first paragraph of the related article was rescinded as from the 30 June 2007, the publication date of the decision of the Constitutional Court dated 22

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March 2007. The reasoned decree regarding the rescission of the mentioned paragraph was published in the Official Gazette numbered 26731, dated 15 December 2007.

Following the publication of the reasoned decree of the Constitutional Court, Turkish Grand National Assembly commenced to work on a new law regarding the transfer of the members of funds to the Social Security Institution; the related articles of the Social Security Law ("New Law") numbered 5754 regarding the transfer of the funds, were ratified by the TGNA General Meeting on 17 April 2008 and came into effect following the publication in the Official Gazette numbered 26870, dated 8 May 2008.

The main opposition party had appealed to the Constitutional Court for the cancellation of some of the articles of the New Law including transfer of the Funds to the SSI on 19 June 2008. The Constitution Court has dismissed the appeal with the decision taken in the meeting dated 30 March 2011. The reasoned decision has been published in the Official Gazette numbered 28156 dated 28 December 2011.

The New Law was requiring that present value of post-employment benefits at the transfer date shall be calculated by a commission consisting of the representatives of SSI, Ministry of Finance, Undersecretariat of Treasury, Undersecretariat of State Planning Organization, BRSA, SDIF and banks and funds, by using a technical discount rate of 9,8 percent taking into consideration the transferrable contributions and payments of the funds including any monthly payment differences paid by the funds above the limits within the framework of SSI regulations. Accordingly the transfer required by the New Law was to be completed until 8 May 2011. According to the decision of the Council of Ministers published on the Official Gazette dated 9 April 2011 no. 27900, the time frame for related transfer has been extended for two years. Within the postponement right granted to the Council of Ministers through the change in the first clause of the 20th provisional article of the "Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law no. 5510 " published on the Official Gazette no. 28227 dated 8 March 2012, the transfer process has been postponed for one more year with the decision of the Council of Ministers published in the Official Gazette no. 28987 dated 30 April 2014. The Council of Ministers has been authorized to determine the transfer date in accordance with the last amendment in the first paragraph of the 20th provisional article of Law No. 5510 implemented by the Law No. 6645 on Amendment of the Occupational Health and Safety Law and Other Laws and Decree Laws published on the Official Gazette dated 23 April 2015 and numbered 29335. According to paragraph (I) of Article 203 of Law no. 703 which published on the Official Gazette no. 30473 dated 9 July 2018, the phrase, placed in 20th provisional article of Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law no.5510, "Council of Ministers" is authorized to determine the date of transfer to the Social Security Institution has been replaced with "President".
According to the New Law, following the transfer of the members of the fund to the SSI, the funds and institutions will continue to provide the non-transferrable social benefits and payments which are included in the articles of association of the fund.
As of December 31, 2022, the Bank has booked provision in its financial statements within the scope of TAS 19 - Employee Benefits for the entire technical gap determined by the report prepared by an actuary registered in the actuaries register. This amount has been classified as other provision item.

## XVIII. EXPLANATIONS ON TAXATION:

## a. Current Tax:

As of 31 March 2023, the current corporate tax rate is $25 \%$. The corporate tax rate has been permanently increased to $25 \%$ for banks, consumer finance companies, factoring and financial leasing companies, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies in accordance with the publication of the Law No. 7394 in the Official Gazette dated 15 April 2022.

The corporate tax rate is applied to tax base which is calculated by adding certain non deductible expenses for tax purposes and deducting certain exemptions (like dividend income) and exclusion of deductions on accounting income. If there is no dividend distribution, no further tax charges are made.
Dividends paid to non-resident corporations, which have a place of business in Turkey or are resident corporations, are not subject to withholding tax. Otherwise, dividends paid are subject to withholding tax at the rate of $10 \%$. An increase in capital via issuing bonus shares is not considered as profit distribution and thus does not incur withholding tax.

Corporations calculate advance tax with their current rate on quarterly profits and pay until the evening of the same day by declaring until the 17th day of the second month following that period.
Advance tax paid by corporations which is for the current period is credited against the annual corporation tax calculated on their annual corporate income in the following year. Despite the offset, if there is temporary prepaid tax remaining, this balance can be refunded or used to offset any other financial liabilities to the government.

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A $75 \%$ portion of the capital gains derived from the sale of equity investments and a $50 \%$ portion of the capital gains derived from the sale of immovable properties held for at least two years is tax exempt, if such gains are added to paid-in capital or held in a special fund account under liability for five years.

Under the Turkish Corporate Tax Law, losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns until the last day of the following fourth month after the closing of the accounting year to which they relate. Tax returns are open for five years from the beginning of the year following the date of filing during this period the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may issue re-assessments based on their findings.

Current tax, related to items recognized directly in equity is also credited or charged directly to equity.
As of the end of the 2021 calendar year, the conditions sought for inflation adjustment in the calculation of corporate tax have been fulfilled, within the framework of the repeated provision of Article 298/A of the Tax Procedure Law. However, with the regulation made with the Law No. 7352 dated 20 January 2022, the application of inflation adjustment in the calculation of corporate tax was postponed to 2023. According to this; TPL financial statements for the 2021 and 2022 accounting periods, including the provisional tax periods, have not been adjusted for inflation, and for the 2023 accounting period; will not be subject to inflation adjustment as of the provisional tax periods, and the TPL financial statements dated 31 December 2023 will be subject to inflation adjustment regardless of whether the inflation adjustment conditions are met or not. Profit/loss difference arising from inflation adjustment in VUK financial statements will be shown in previous years' profit/loss accounts and will not affect the corporate tax base.

The amendments in duplicate Article 298/C̦ and temporary Article 32 of the Tax Procedural Law allows for the permanent and temporary revaluation of companies. Accordingly, as of the beginning of the 2022 accounting period, our Bank first updated the value of its fixed assets recorded in company assets as per temporary Article 32 of the Tax Procedural Law, and then revalued them in accordance with duplicate Article 298/C̦ of the Tax Procedural Law. As a result of these transactions, the Tax Procedural Law depreciation amounts subject to corporate income tax will be calculated using the updated, revalued amounts. As per the relevant legislation, increased value amounts are recognised in a special fund account under equity.

## b. Deferred Tax:

The Bank calculates and reflects deferred tax in accordance with the provisions of "Turkish Accounting Standard for Income Taxes" ("TAS 12") for taxable temporary differences that arise between the book value of an asset or liability and its tax basis determined in accordance with the tax legislation. With the publication of the Law No. 7394 in the Official Gazette dated 15 April 2022, the corporate tax rate has been increased to $25 \%$ permanently, and as of 31 March 2023 and 31 December 2022, the deferred tax has been calculated over $25 \%$ for banks, consumer finance companies, factoring and financial leasing companies, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all resulting temporary differences whereas deferred tax assets resulting from temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

Deferred tax asset had not been provided over provisions for possible risks and general loan loss provisions according to the circular of BRSA numbered BRSA.DZM.2/13/1-a-3 and dated 8 December 2004.Deferred tax rate calculation has started to be measured over temporary expected provision losses differences according to TFRS 9 articles from 1 January 2018. Deferred tax calculation is not made for free provisions.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented on a net basis by considering the domestic and foreign branches' financial statements separately.

Deferred tax, related to items recognized directly in equity is also credited or charged directly to equity.

## XIX. EXPLANATIONS ON BORROWINGS:

Debt instruments with different characteristics such as syndicated and securitized borrowings and post-financing obtained from foreign financial institutions, marketable securities issued in domestic and foreign markets and money market borrowings are major funding source of the Bank. Mentioned borrowings are carried initially at acquisition cost and subsequently recognized at the discounted value calculated by using the "Effective interest rate method"

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## XX. EXPLANATIONS ON ISSUANCE OF SHARE CERTIFICATES:

There is no share certificate issuance in 2023.

## XXI. EXPLANATIONS ON AVALIZED DRAFTS AND ACCEPTANCES:

Avalized drafts and acceptances shown as liabilities against assets are included in the off-balance sheet commitments.

## XXII. EXPLANATIONS ON GOVERNMENT GRANTS:

As of 31 March 2023 and 31 December 2022, there is no government grant for the Bank.

## XXIII. EXPLANATIONS ON SEGMENT REPORTING:

An operating segment is a component of an entity:
a. that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses lincluding revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity),
b. whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and,
c. for which discrete financial information is available.

Reporting according to the operational segments is presented in Note IX of Section Four.

## XXIV. PROFIT RESERVES AND PROFIT DISTRIBUTION:

Retained earnings as per the statutory financial statements other than legal reserves are available for distribution, subject to the legal reserve requirement referred to below.
Under the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves consist of first legal reserve and second legal reserve. First legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of $5 \%$, until the total reserve is equal to $20 \%$ of issued and fully paid-in share capital. Second legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of $10 \%$ of distributions in excess of $5 \%$ of issued and fully paid-in share capital, but Holding companies are not subject to such transaction. According to the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves can only be used to compensate accumulated losses and cannot be used for other purposes unless they exceed $50 \%$ of paid-in capital.
The Ordinary General Assembly Meeting of the Bank was held on 28 March 2023. In the Ordinary General Assembly, it was decided to distribute TL 8.996 .000 cash dividend over the TL 60.024 .084 net income from 2022 operations to the Bank's shareholders. It was also resolved in the General Assembly to transfer TL 7.334 to special funds account under other capital reserves, to allocate TL 873.600 as legal and TL 50.147.140 as extraordinary reserves.

## XXV. EARNINGS PER SHARE:

Earnings per share disclosed in the income statement are calculated by dividing net profit for the period by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the related period concerned.

|  | Current Period | Prior Period <br> 31 March 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Net Profit for the Period | 10.711 .300 | 8.046 .809 |
| Average Number of Issued Common Shares (Thousand) | 520.000 .000 | 520.000 .000 |
| Earnings Per Share (Amounts presented as full TL) | $\mathbf{0 , 0 2 0 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{0 , 0 1 5 4 7}$ |

In Turkey, companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("Bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year has been adjusted in respect of bonus shares issued without a corresponding change in resources by giving them a retroactive effect for the year in which they were issued and for each earlier period. In case bonus shares are distributed after the balance sheet date but before the preparation of the financial statements, earnings per share is calculated considering the new number of shares.

No bonus shares issued in 2023 (2022: None).

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## XXVI. RELATED PARTIES:

Parties defined in Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411 are deemed as related parties. Transactions with related parties are presented in Note VI of Section Five.

## XXVII. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT ASSETS:

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash includes cash effectives, cash in transit, purchased cheques and demand deposits including balances with the Central Bank; and cash equivalents include interbank money market placements, time deposits at banks with original maturity periods of less than three months and investments on marketable securities other than common stocks.

## XXVIII. RECLASSIFICATIONS:

None.

## XXIX. DISCLOSURES OF TFRS 16 LEASES:

## TFRS 16 "Leases" Standard

## Bank-lessee :

The Bank assesses whether the contract has the quality of a lease or whether the lease includes the transaction at the beginning of a contract. In case the contract is transferred for a certain period of time to control the use of the asset defined for a price, it is either leased or includes a lease. The Bank reflects the existence of a right of use and a lease liability to the financial statements at the effective date of the lease.

Right of use assets:
The right to use asset is first recognized by cost method and includes:
a) The initial measurement amount of the lease obligation,
b) the amount obtained by deducting all the rental incentives received from all lease payments made at or before the beginning of the lease;
c) all initial direct costs incurred by the Bank

When applying the cost method, the existence of the right to use:
a) accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and
b) Measures the restatement of the lease obligation at the restated cost.

The Bank applies the provisions of depreciation regulated under the TAS 16 Tangible Assets Standards, while depreciating the rights of use assets.

The Lease Obligations:
At the effective date of the lease, the Bank measures its leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. Lease payments are discounted using the Bank's average borrowing interest rates.
The lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability consist of the payments to be made for the right of use during the lease term of the underlying asset and the unpaid payments at the effective date of the lease.

After the effective date of the lease, the Bank measures the leasing liability as follows:
a) Increase the book value to reflect the interest on the lease obligation
b) Reduces the book value to reflect the lease payments made and
c) The book value is measured to reflect reassessments and restructuring, or reflect to fixed lease payments as of revised nature.

The interest on the lease liability for each period in the lease period is the amount calculated by applying a fixed periodic interest rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability.

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Details based on the asset with regard to the recognised right of use is as follows:

$$
31 \text { March } 202331 \text { December } 2022
$$

| Real estate | 1.153 .420 | 1.061 .102 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Total right of use asset | $\mathbf{1 . 1 5 3 . 4 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 0 6 1 . 1 0 2}$ |

Details of depreciation expense based on the asset with regard to the recognised right of use asset is as follows:
31 March 202331 December 2022

| Real estate | 402.387 | 381.778 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Total right of use asset depreciation expense | $\mathbf{4 0 2 . 3 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{3 8 1 . 7 7 8}$ |

Lease agreements for vehicles and ATMs, which are determined as low value by the Bank with short-term lease agreements with a duration of 12 months or less, have been evaluated within the scope of the exemption granted by the standard. Within this scope, TL 70.315 has been paid in the relevant period.

The right and obligation of the lessee to use assets classified as finance leases has been measured at the carrying amount of such assets before the transition period.

## SECTION FOUR

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK

## I. EXPLANATIONS ON EQUITY:

Total capital amount and Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks". Additionally, calculated according to BRSA regulations dated 21 December 2021, numbered 9996 and 31 January 2023, numbered 10496. As of 31 March 2023 based on recent regulation changes;

1) In the calculation of the amount based on credit risk, the CBRT exchange rate for 31 December 2022 can be used when calculating the valuation amounts in foreign currency,
2) In case the net valuation differences of the securities owned by banks and acquired before 21 December 2021 in the "Securities at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income" portfolio are negative, these differences may not be taken into account in the equity amount.
As of 31 March 2023, taking into consideration the above-mentioned regulations, the current period equity of the Bank has been calculated as TL 175.574.621 (31 December 2022: TL 173.886.957), and the capital adequacy ratio is 20,14\% (31 December 2022: 24,92\%). This ratio is above the minimum ratio required by the legislation.

## a. Information about total capital items:

## COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL

| Paid-in capital following all debts in terms of claim in liquidation of the Bank | 7.094 .886 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Share issue premiums | 3.505 .742 |  |
| Reserves | 107.141 .776 |  |
| Gains recognized in equity as per TAS | 35.460 .166 |  |
| Profit | 10.711 .300 |  |
| Current Period Profit | 10.711 .300 |  |
| Prior Period Profit | - |  |
| Shares acquired free of charge from subsidiaries, affiliates and jointly controlled partnerships and cannot be recognized within profit for the period |  |  |
| Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions | 163.942.336 |  |
| Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital |  |  |
| Common Equity as per the 1st clause of Provisional Article 9 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks | 12 |  |
| Portion of the current and prior periods' losses which cannot be covered through reserves and losses reflected in equity in accordance with TAS |  |  |
| Improvement costs for operating leasing | 83.042 |  |
| Goodwill (net of related tax liability) | - |  |
| Other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability) | 2.646.939 | 2.646 .939 |
| Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) | - |  |
| Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk | 3.817 .788 |  |
| Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision |  |  |
| Gains arising from securitization transactions | - |  |
| Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities | - |  |
| Defined-benefit pension fund net assets | - |  |
| Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Common Equity | - |  |
| Shares obtained contrary to the 4th clause of the 56th Article of the Law | - |  |
| Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns $10 \%$ or less of the issued common share capital exceeding $10 \%$ of Common Equity of the Bank |  |  |
| Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns $10 \%$ or more of the issued common share capital exceeding $10 \%$ of Common Equity of the Bank |  |  |
| Portion of mortgage servicing rights exceeding 10\% of the Common Equity | - |  |
| Portion of deferred tax assets based on temporary differences exceeding 10\% of the Common Equity | - |  |
| Amount exceeding $15 \%$ of the common equity as per the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks |  |  |
| Excess amount arising from the net long positions of investments in common equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns $10 \%$ or more of the issued common share capital |  |  |
| Excess amount arising from mortgage servicing rights | - |  |
| Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences | - |  |
| Other items to be defined by the BRSA | - |  |
| Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital | - |  |
| Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier 1 Capital | 14.818 .941 |  |
| Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital | 149.123.395 |  |

## ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL

Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA (Temporary Article 4]

## Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions

## Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital

Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Additional Tier I Capital
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest in Bank's additional equity and components of equity issued by financial institutions with compatible with Article 7
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10\% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10\% Threshold of above Tier I Capital
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10\% of the Issued Share Capital
Other items to be defined by the BRSA

## Transition from the Core Capital to Continue to deduce Components

Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)
Deductions to be made from common equity in the case that adequate Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital is not available (-)
Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital
Total Additional Tier I Capital
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital=Common Equity+Additional Tier I Capital)
TIER II CAPITAL
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by the BRSA
17.105.212

Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)
Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks) 9.393.973
Tier II Capital Before Deductions
Deductions From Tier II Capital
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest on Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial institutions with the conditions declared in Article 8
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns $10 \%$ or less of the issued common share capital exceeding $10 \%$ of Common Equity of the Bank (-)
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Additional Tier I Capital item of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns $10 \%$ or more of the issued common share capital exceeding $10 \%$ of Common Equity of the Bank
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)

## Total Deductions from Tier II Capital

Total Tier II Capital
Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)

## Deductions from Total Capital

Deductions from Capital Loans granted contrary to the 50th and 51th Article of the Law
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Deducted Components
The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the $10 \%$ of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than $10 \%$ of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than $10 \%$ of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than $10 \%$ of the issued common share capital of the entity, mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds

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|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 | Amounts related to treatment before 1/1/2014 (*) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL CAPITAL |  |  |
| Total Capital | 175.574.621 |  |
| Total Risk Weighted Amounts | 871.680 .989 |  |
| Capital Adequacy Ratios |  |  |
| Core Capital Adequacy Ratio (\%) | 17,11\% |  |
| Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (\%) | 17.11\% |  |
| Capital Adequacy Ratio (\%) | 20,14\% |  |
| BUFFERS |  |  |
| Total additional Common Equity Tier 1 Capital requirement ratio ( $\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c}$ ) | 2,51\% |  |
| a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (\%) | 2,50\% |  |
| b) Bank specific total common equity tier 1 capital ratio (\%) | 0,01\% |  |
| c) Systemic significant bank buffer ratio (**) (\%) | 0,00\% |  |
| The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on |  |  |
| Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles |  |  |
| Portion of the total of net long positions of investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns $10 \%$ or less of the issued share capital exceeding the $10 \%$ threshold of above Tier I capital |  |  |
| Portion of the total of investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns $10 \%$ or less of the issued share capital exceeding the $10 \%$ threshold of above Tier I capital |  |  |
| Amount arising from mortgage-servicing rights | - |  |
| Amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences | 125.181 |  |
| Limits related to provisions considered in Tier II calculation |  |  |
| General provisions for standard based receivables (before tenthousandtwentyfive limitation) | 12.744 .606 |  |
| Up to $1.25 \%$ of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard approach used | 9.393 .973 |  |
| Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the |  |  |
| Excess amount of total provision amount to \& 0,6 of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based |  |  |
| Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between January 1, 2018 and January 1, 2022) |  |  |
| Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4 | - |  |
| Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4 | - |  |
| Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4 | - |  |
| "Regulations regarding to changes on Regulation on Equity of Banks" and taken into consideration at the end of transition process. |  |  |
| [**] Systemically Important Bank Buffer ratio represented as $0.00 \%$ since it is necessary systematic important banks that are not obligated to prepare consolidated financial state Banks Regulation, Article 4 paragraph 4". | ortant Bank B the "Systemic | ffer Ratio for lly Important |

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

## AKBANK T.A.S. <br> NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023 <br> (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

|  | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 | Amounts related to treatment before 1/1/2014(*) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL |  |  |
| Paid-in capital following all debts in terms of claim in liquidation of the Bank | 7.094 .886 |  |
| Share issue premiums | 3.505 .742 |  |
| Reserves | 56.070 .405 |  |
| Gains recognized in equity as per TAS | 36.560 .844 |  |
| Profit | 60.024.084 |  |
| Current Period Profit | 60.024.084 |  |
| Prior Period Profit |  |  |
| Shares acquired free of charge from subsidiaries, affiliates and jointly controlled partnerships and cannot be recognized within profit for the period | 13.490 |  |
| Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions | 163.269.451 |  |
| Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital |  |  |
| Common Equity as per the 1st clause of Provisional Article 9 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks | 384 |  |
| Portion of the current and prior periods' losses which cannot be covered through reserves and losses reflected in equity in accordance with TAS | 7.514.331 |  |
| Improvement costs for operating leasing | 89.961 |  |
| Goodwill (net of related tax liability) | - |  |
| Other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability) | 2.279.464 | 2.279.464 |
| Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) |  |  |
| Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk | 4.036.445 |  |
| Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision | - |  |
| Gains arising from securitization transactions | - |  |
| Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities | - |  |
| Defined-benefit pension fund net assets | - |  |
| Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Common Equity | - |  |
| Shares obtained contrary to the 4th clause of the 56th Article of the Law | - |  |
| Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10\% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding $10 \%$ of Common Equity of the Bank |  |  |
| Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns $10 \%$ or more of the issued common share capital exceeding $10 \%$ of Common Equity of the Bank |  |  |
| Portion of mortgage servicing rights exceeding 10\% of the Common Equity | - |  |
| Portion of deferred tax assets based on temporary differences exceeding 10\% of the Common Equity | - |  |
| Amount exceeding $15 \%$ of the common equity as per the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks |  |  |
| Excess amount arising from the net long positions of investments in common equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns $10 \%$ or more of the issued common share capital |  |  |
| Excess amount arising from mortgage servicing rights | - |  |
| Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences | - |  |
| Other items to be defined by the BRSA | - |  |
| Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier \|| Capital | - |  |
| Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier 1 Capital | 13.920 .585 |  |
| Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital | 149.348.866 |  |

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE
AKBANK T.A.Ș.
NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)

## Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions

## Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital

Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Additional Tier I Capital
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest in Bank's additional equity and components of equity issued by financial institutions with compatible with Article 7
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns $10 \%$ or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the $10 \%$ Threshold of above Tier I Capital
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10\% of the Issued Share Capital
Other items to be defined by the BRSA

## Transition from the Core Capital to Continue to deduce Components

Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)
Deductions to be made from common equity in the case that adequate Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital is not available (-)
Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital

## Total Additional Tier I Capital

Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital=Common Equity+Additional Tier I Capital)
TIER II CAPITAL
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by the BRSA
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)
Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks) 7.899 .126
Tier II Capital Before Deductions

## Deductions From Tier II Capital

Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest on Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial institutions with the conditions declared in Article 8
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns $10 \%$ or less of the issued common share capital exceeding $10 \%$ of Common Equity of the Bank (-)
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Additional Tier I Capital item of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns $10 \%$ or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10\% of Common Equity of the Bank
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)

## Total Deductions from Tier II Capital

Total Tier II Capital
Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)

## Deductions from Total Capital

Deductions from Capital Loans granted contrary to the 50th and 51th Article of the Law
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)

## In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Deducted Components

The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the $10 \%$ of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than $10 \%$ of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than $10 \%$ of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than $10 \%$ of the issued common share capital of the entity, mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences which will not be deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds


CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE
AKBANK T.A.Ș.
NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
b. Information about instruments that will be included in total capital calculation:

Current Period
31 March 2023

## Details on Subordinated Liabilities:

| Issuer | AKBANK T.A.Ș |
| :--- | :---: |
| Identifier(s) (CUSIP, ISIN vb.) XS1772360803 / US00972BAC37 |  |

Subject to British Common Law and in terms of certain articles to Turkish Regulations. It is issued within the scope of the Debt Instruments Disclosure of the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Equities of Banks of the BRSA.
Governing law (s) of the instrument

## Regulatory treatment

| Subject to 10\% deduction as of 1/1/2015 | No |
| :---: | :---: |
| Eligible on unconsolidated and /or consolidated basis | Unconsolidated and Consolidated |
| Instrument type | Subordinated Liabilities (Securities) |
| Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting date) | 7.655 million TL (in full TL amount) |
| Nominal value of instrument | 7.655 million TL (in full TL amount) |
| Accounting classification of the instrument | Subordinated Loans (347011 Accounting Number) |
| Issuance date of instrument | 27 February 2018 |
| Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity) | Maturity |
| Original maturity of the instrument | Maturity date: 27 April 2028 |
| Issuer call subject to prior supervisory (BRSA) approval | Yes |
| Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount | There is an early repayment option on 27.04.2023. The reimbursement amount is 7.655 million TL (in full TL amount) |
| Subsequent call dates, if applicable | - |
| Coupon/dividend payment |  |
| Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments | Fixed |
| Coupon rate and any related index | 6,8\% |
| Existence of any dividend payment restriction | None |
| Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory | None |
| Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem | None |
| Noncumulative or cumulative | Noncumulative |
| Convertible or non-convertible into equity shares |  |
| If convertible, conversion trigger (s) | None |
| If convertible, fully or partially | None |
| If convertible, conversion rate | None |
| If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion | None |
| If convertible, type of instrument convertible into | None |
| If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into | None |
| Write-down feature |  |
| If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s) | Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BRSA may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operating license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all of its shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of the Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders loccurrence of either condition means the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer will become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down. |
| If bond can be written-down, full or partial | Partially or fully |
| If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary | Continuously |
| If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism | There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms. |
| Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation linstrument type immediately senior to the instrument) | In priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are nonsubordinated loans. |
| In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of " Own fund regulation '" | The instrument is in compliance with article number 8. |
| Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of " Own fund regulation' | The instrument is not in compliant with article numbered 7. |

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE
AKBANK T.A.Ș.
NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

Current Period
31 March 2023

| Details on Subordinated Liabilities: |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Issuer | AKBANK T.A.Ș |
| Identifier(s) (CUSIP, ISIN vb.) |  |

Subject to British Common Law and in terms of certain articles to Turkish Regulations. It is issued within the scope of the Debt Instruments Disclosure of the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Equities of Banks of the BRSA.

## Regulatory treatment

| Subject to 10\% deduction as of 1/1/2015 | No |
| :---: | :---: |
| Eligible on unconsolidated and /or consolidated basis | Unconsolidated and Consolidated |
| Instrument type | Subordinated Liabilities (Securities) |
| Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting date) | 9.576 million TL (in full TL amount) |
| Nominal value of instrument | 9.576 million TL (in full TL amount) |
| Accounting classification of the instrument | Subordinated Loans (347011 Accounting Number) |
| Issuance date of instrument | 22 June 2021 |
| Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity) | Maturity |
| Original maturity of the instrument | Maturity date: 22 June 2031 |
| Issuer call subject to prior supervisory (BRSA) approval | Yes |
| Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount | There is an early repayment option on 22.06 .2026 . The reimbursement amount is 9.576 million $T L$ (in full TL amount) |
| Subsequent call dates, if applicable |  |
| Coupon/dividend payment |  |
| Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments | Fixed |
| Coupon rate and any related index | 6,8\% |
| Existence of any dividend payment restriction | None |
| Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory | None |
| Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem | None |
| Noncumulative or cumulative | Noncumulative |
| Convertible or non-convertible into equity shares |  |
| If convertible, conversion trigger (s) | None |
| If convertible, fully or partially | None |
| If convertible, conversion rate | None |
| If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion | None |
| If convertible, type of instrument convertible into | None |
| If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into | None |
| Write-down feature |  |
| If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s) | Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BRSA may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operating license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all of its shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of the Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders loccurrence of either condition means the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer will become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down. |
| If bond can be written-down, full or partial | Partially or fully |
| If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary | Continuously |
| If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism | There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms. |
| Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation linstrument type immediately senior to the instrument) | In priority of receivables, it comes after the debt instruments which are nonsubordinated loans. |
| In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of " Own fund regulation " | The instrument is in compliance with article number 8. |
| Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation" | The instrument is not in compliant with article numbered 7 . |

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

## AKBANK T.A.Ș.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
c. The difference between Total Capital and Equity in the unconsolidated balance sheet mainly arises from expected credit loss provisions arising from loans classified under stage I and stage II and subordinated loans. In the calculation of Total Capital, up to $1,25 \%$ of expected credit loss from stage 1 and stage 2 over the credit risk amount and subordinated loans with nominal amounts, by reducing $20 \%$ each year if the remaining maturity is $100 \%$ less than 5 year, are taken into consideration as Tier II Capital. Additionally, the losses reflected to equity under TAS which is subject to deduction from TIER I capital are determined by excluding the losses from cash flow hedging. On the other hand, in the calculation of the Total Capital, improvement costs for operating leases followed under tangible assets in the balance sheet, intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities, other items defined by the regulator are taken into consideration as amounts deducted from Total Capital.

## II. EXPLANATIONS ON CURRENCY RISK:

The difference between the Bank's foreign currency denominated and foreign currency indexed assets and liabilities is defined as the "Net Foreign Currency Position" and is the basis of currency risk. Foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities, together with purchase and sale commitments, give rise to foreign exchange exposure. The Bank keeps the foreign exchange exposure amount within the limits set by the ERC. The ERC, taking into account the economic conditions and market developments, sets a limit for the size of a foreign exchange exposure.

Those limits are individually determined and followed for both the net overall foreign currency position and for the foreign exchange exposure. Derivative financial instruments like forward foreign exchange contracts and currency swaps are used as tools for foreign exchange exposure management.
The Bank's foreign exchange bid rates as of the date of the financial statements and for the last five days prior to that date are presented below:

|  | USD | EURO |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Balance Sheet Evaluation Rate | TL 19,1532 | TL 20,8450 |
| 1.Day bid rate |  |  |
| 2.Day bid rate | TL 19,1532 | TL 20,8450 |
| 3.Day bid rate | TL 19,1070 | TL 20,8021 |
| 4.Day bid rate | TL 19,0839 | TL 20,7201 |
| 5.Day bid rate | TL 19,0680 | TL 20,6467 |

The simple arithmetic average of the Bank's foreign exchange bid rates for the last thirty days preceding the balance sheet date for major foreign currencies are presented in the table below:

| USD | : TL 18,9780 |
| :--- | :--- |
| EURO | TL 20,2989 |

As of 31 December 2022;

|  | USD | EURO |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Balance Sheet Evaluation Rate | TL 18,6983 | TL 19,9349 |

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

AKBANK T.A.S.<br>NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023<br>(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## Information related to Bank's Currency Risk:

The table below summarizes the Bank's net foreign currency position, categorized by currency. Foreign currency indexed assets are classified as Turkish Lira assets according to the Uniform Chart of Accounts. In currency risk calculation, foreign currency indexed assets are considered as foreign currency items. In accordance with the "Communiqué on Calculation of Foreign Currency Net Position/Capital Standard Ratio by banks in stand-alone and consolidated basis"; prepaid expenses in assets and shareholders' equity in liabilities are excluded in the currency risk calculation. Therefore, there are differences between the amounts of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities demonstrated on the table below and the amounts on the balance sheet.

| Current Period - 31 March 2023 | EURO | USD | Other FC | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and Balances with Central Bank (*) | 34.547 .960 | 61.943 .477 | 17.979 .996 | 114.471.433 |
| Banks (*******) | 5.741 .401 | 17.755.697 | 2.665 .938 | 26.163 .036 |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss | 36.934 | 1.157.740 | - | 1.194.674 |
| Money Markets | - | - | - | - |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income | 3.674.461 | 77.108 .834 | 2.253 .857 | 83.037.152 |
| Loans and Lease Receivables (**) | 89.442 .111 | 62.557 .031 | 49.081 | 152.048.223 |
| Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures | 19.921.911 | - | - | 19.921 .911 |
| Other financial assets measured at amortised cost | - | 11.696 .222 | - | 11.696 .222 |
| Hedging Derivative Financial Assets | - | 3.210 .891 | 1.098.891 | 4.309 .782 |
| Tangible Assets (Net) | - | 38.222 | - | 38.222 |
| Intangible Assets (Net) | - | - | - | - |
| Other Assets (***) | (299.582) | 8.136 .187 | 10.614 | 7.847.219 |
| Total Assets | 153.065.196 | 243.604.301 | 24.058.377 | 420.727.874 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Bank Deposits (****) | 2.905 .928 | 15.574 .915 | 130.475 | 18.611 .318 |
| Foreign Currency Deposits (****) | 81.609 .735 | 150.433 .750 | 51.646 .016 | 283.689 .501 |
| Money Markets | - | 48.502 .550 | - | 48.502 .550 |
| Borrowings | 12.769 .130 | 51.329 .714 | - | 64.098 .844 |
| Securities Issued (Net) (*****) | 208.748 | 37.493 .946 | - | 37.702 .694 |
| Miscellaneous Payables | 1.344.427 | 22.622.855 | 169.665 | 24.136 .947 |
| Hedging Derivative Financial Liabilities | - | - | - | - |
| Other Liabilities | 1.684 .850 | 2.843 .371 | 71.801 | 4.600 .022 |
| Total Liabilities | 100.522.818 | 328.801.101 | 52.017 .957 | 481.341 .876 |
| Net on Balance Sheet Position | 52.542.378 | (85.196.800) | (27.959.580) | (60.614.002) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Net off-Balance Sheet Position (******) | (50.336.219) | 75.801 .646 | 28.629.699 | 54.095.126 |
| Financial Derivative Assets | 29.974 .433 | 205.469.239 | 40.789 .721 | 276.233.393 |
| Financial Derivative Liabilities | 80.310 .652 | 129.667.593 | 12.160.022 | 222.138.267 |
| Non-cash Loans | 34.103.154 | 36.322.024 | 2.287.152 | 72.712.330 |
| Prior Period - 31 December 2022 |  |  |  |  |
| Total Assets | 157.174 .562 | 238.628.784 | 11.690.011 | 407.493 .357 |
| Total Liabilities | 102.016.669 | 317.643 .690 | 47.632 .893 | 467.293.252 |
| Net on-Balance Sheet Position | 55.157 .893 | (79.014.906) | (35.942.882) | (59.799.895) |
| Net off-Balance Sheet Position (******) | (51.820.284) | 80.661 .731 | 36.184.249 | 65.025 .696 |
| Financial Derivative Assets | 32.546 .408 | 226.483.305 | 48.608 .795 | 307.638 .508 |
| Financial Derivative Liabilities | 84.366 .692 | 145.821.574 | 12.424 .546 | 242.612 .812 |
| Non-cash Loans | 33.539.115 | 36.160 .254 | 2.842.779 | 72.542.148 |

(*) Of the Cash Equivalents and Central Bank and Other FC, TL 17.011.506 (31 December 2022: TL 4.174.588) are precious metal deposit account in demand
${ }^{(* *)}$ The foreign currency indexed loans balance in the Turkish Lira accounts is TL 170.101 (31 December 2022: TL 307.517).
${ }^{(* * *)}$ Derivative financial assets and expected credit losses are classified under other assets. The expected loss amount of foreign currency indexed loans balance is TL 2.044 (31 December 2022: TL 2.716). Prepaid assets amounted TL 104.139 ( 31 December 2022: TL 130.140) is excluded in the financial statements.
(****) Of the foreign currency deposits TL 42.301.510 (31 December 2022: TL 35.783.135) and Bank Deposits Other FC of the TL 65.670 ( 31 December 2022: TL 58.579) are precious metal deposit account in demand.
(*****) Securities issued as subordinated loan classified under subordinated loans in the balance sheet are included
$(* * * * * *)$ Presents the net balance of receivables and payables from derivative transactions. Foreign Exchange spot dealings shown under "Asset purchase commitments" in the financial statements are included in the net off-balance sheet position.
${ }^{(* * * * * * *)}$ Derivative collaterals given to foreign banks are included.

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

## AKBANK T.A.S.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## III. EXPLANATIONS ON INTEREST RATE RISK:

"Interest Rate Risk" can be defined as the impact of interest rate changes on interest-sensitive asset and liability items of both on and off-balance sheets of the Bank. The ERC sets limits for the interest rate sensitivity of on and off-balance sheet items and the sensitivity is closely monitored and reported weekly. In the case of high market fluctuations, daily transaction based reporting and analyses are made.

The Bank manages the interest rate risk on a portfolio basis and tries to minimize the risk effect on the profitability, financial exposure and cash flows by applying different strategies. Basic methods such as using fixed or floating interest rates for different portfolios and maturities, setting the fixed margin in floating rates, or varying the rates for the short or long-term positions are applied actively.
a. Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on repricing dates):

| Current Period - 31 March 2023 | Up to 1 Month | 1-3 Months | 3-12 <br> Months | 1-5 Years | 5 Years and Over | Non-Interest Bearing | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and Balances with Central Bank | 14.523.536 | - |  | - | - | 117.426.479 | 131.950.015 |
| Banks (*****) | 5.404 .461 | 3.507 .619 |  | - | - | 20.607.577 | 29.519.657 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Net) | 12.330 | 490.091 | 60.264 | 210.080 | 195.047 | 2.906 .915 | 3.874 .727 |
| Money Markets | 5.359 .133 | 2.397 .819 |  | - | - |  | 7.756.952 |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Comprehensive Income | 17.187.469 | 29.030.929 | 49.416.473 | 76.295.581 | 21.273.764 | 1.494 .581 | 194.698 .797 |
| Loans and Lease Receivables (*) | 204.671.679 | 126.622.015 | 164.329.408 | 82.820.262 | 22.747.873 | 16.621 .905 | 617.813.142 |
| Other financial assets measured at amortised |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| cost | - | 42.106.921 | 44.668 .378 | 14.490 .702 | 6.496 .479 | - | 107.762.480 |
| Other Assets (**) | 8.799 .340 | 28.784.026 | 12.192.886 | 687.550 | 9.556 | 41.319 .930 | 91.793 .288 |
| Total Assets | 255.957.948 | 232.939.420 | 270.667.409 | 174.504.175 | 50.722.719 | 200.377.387 | 1.185.169.058 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank Deposits | 6.360 .543 | 11.442 .755 | 3.263 .395 | - | - | 921.046 | 21.987.739 |
| Other Deposits | 307.630 .717 | 135.554.488 | 44.837 .505 | 243.375 | 6 | 264.336.614 | 752.602 .705 |
| Money Markets | 41.459 .328 | 14.672.981 | 8.447 .725 | - | - | - | 64.580.034 |
| Miscellaneous Payables | 5.605.187 | 11.522.825 | 4.392 .055 | 1.062.761 | 6.022 | 22.122.290 | 44.711 .140 |
| Securities Issued (Net) (***) | 257.852 | 301.316 | 1.860 .115 | 20.681 .936 | 17.313.662 | - | 40.414.881 |
| Borrowings | 23.599.217 | 34.273.479 | 6.290 .888 | 78.689 | - | - | 64.242.273 |
| Other Liabilities (****) | 4.211 .435 | 6.698.732 | 3.740 .476 | 1.168.417 | 708.209 | 180.103.017 | 196.630 .286 |
| Total Liabilities | 389.124.279 | 214.466.576 | 72.832.159 | 23.235.178 | 18.027.899 | 467.482 .967 | 1.185.169.058 |
| Balance Sheet Long Position | - | 18.472.844 | 197.835.250 | 151.268.997 | 32.694.820 |  | 381.799.067 |
| Balance Sheet Short Position | (133.166.331) | - | - | - | - | (267.105.580) | (381.799.067) |
| Off-balance Sheet Long Position | 5.744 .692 | 44.978.477 | - | 174.715 | - | - | 50.897 .884 |
| Off-balance Sheet Short Position | - | - | (23.597.351) | - | - | - | (23.597.351) |
| Total Position | (127.421.639) | 63.451 .321 | 174.237.899 | 151.443.712 | 32.694.820 | (267.105.580) | 27.300.533 |

[*] Non-performing loans are presented in the" non-interest bearing " column. Interest rediscount started to be calculated for non-performing loans as of 1 January 2018, said amount was indicated on "without interest" column since there is no other suitable column in the above table.
(**) Derivative financial assets and expected credit losses are classified under other assets.
${ }^{(* * *)}$ Securities issued as subordinated loan classified under subordinated loans in the balance sheet are included
${ }^{* * * * *)}$ Shareholders' equity is presented under "Other liabilities" item at "Non-interest bearing" column.
${ }^{(* * * * *)}$ Derivative collaterals given to foreign banks are included.

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| Prior Period-31 December 2022 | Up to 1 Month | 1-3 Months | 3-12 <br> Months | $\begin{array}{r} 1-5 \\ \text { Years } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 5 Years and Over | Non-Interest Bearing | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and Balances with Central Bank | 22.974.985 | - | - | - | - | 104.557.758 | 127.532 .743 |
| Banks (****) | 3.559.377 | 3.725.053 | 15.156 | - | - | 24.306 .130 | 31.605 .716 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Net) | 1 | 291 | 53.036 | 119.991 | 164.095 | 2.798.514 | 3.135.928 |
| Money Markets | 983.080 | 476.702 | - | - | - | - | 1.459.782 |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income | 16.585.316 | 17.444.458 | 38.539.336 | 67.104.478 | 23.695.425 | 1.501.642 | 164.870.655 |
| Loans and Lease Receivables (*) | 172.880 .005 | 110.168.717 | 172.805.178 | 70.132.041 | 17.457 .263 | 16.906.984 | 560.350 .188 |
| Other financial assets measured at amortised cost | 40.382.262 | 1.103 .650 | 38.665.799 | 14.935.049 | 3.067 .916 | - | 98.154.676 |
| Other Assets (**) | 7.919 .920 | 31.292.454 | 10.805.340 | 291.211 | - | 37.767.842 | 88.076.767 |
| Total Assets | $\mathbf{2 6 5 . 2 8 4 . 9 4 6}$ | 164.211.325 | $\mathbf{2 6 0 . 8 8 3 . 8 4 5}$ | 152.582.770 | 44.384.699 | 187.838.870 | 1.075.186.455 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank Deposits | 5.749 .449 | 6.638.654 | 2.369 .133 | - | - | 1.448.252 | 16.205.488 |
| Other Deposits | 272.044 .950 | 131.472.144 | 29.441.298 | 89.219 | - | 230.071.663 | 663.119 .274 |
| Money Markets | 41.657 .450 | 10.871.401 | 1.501.004 | - | - | - | 54.029.855 |
| Miscellaneous Payables | 5.001 .718 | 10.685.700 | 7.748.181 | 342.177 | - | 20.340.264 | 44.118.040 |
| Securities Issued (Net) (***) | 79.732 | 358.202 | 1.493 .577 | 20.413 .088 | 16.895 .052 | - | 39.239 .651 |
| Borrowings | 9.547 .202 | 36.820 .956 | 17.915.065 | 113.537 | - | - | 64.396.760 |
| Other Liabilities (****) | 3.514.341 | 6.543.715 | 5.908 .849 | 847.825 | 614.619 | 176.648.038 | 194.077.387 |
| Total Liabilities | 337.594.842 | 203.390 .772 | 66.377.107 | 21.805 .846 | 17.509.671 | 428.508.217 | 1.075.186.455 |
| Balance Sheet Long Position | - | - | 194.506.738 | 130.776.924 | 26.875.028 | - | 352.158 .690 |
| Balance Sheet Short Position | (72.309.896) | (39.179.447) | - | - | - | (240.669.347) | (352.158.690) |
| Off-balance Sheet Long Position | 8.835 .650 | 41.732.537 | - | - | - | - | 50.568.187 |
| Off-balance Sheet Short Position | - | - | (23.559.562) | (1.048.630) | - | - | (24.608.192) |
| Total Position | (63.474.246) | 2.553 .090 | 170.947.176 | 129.728.294 | 26.875.028 | (240.669.347) | 25.959.995 |

[*] Non-performing loans are presented in the" non-interest bearing " column. Interest rediscount started to be calculated for non-performing $^{(1)}$ loans as of 1 January 2018, said amount was indicated on "without interest" column since there is no other suitable column in the above table.
$\left({ }^{* *}\right)$ Derivative financial assets and expected credit losses are classified under other assets.
${ }^{(* * *)}$ Securities issued as subordinated loan classified under subordinated loans in the balance sheet are included
$\left(^{* * * *)}\right.$ Shareholders' equity is presented under "Other liabilities" item at "Non-interest bearing" column.
${ }^{(* * * * *)}$ Derivative collaterals given to foreign banks are included.
b. Average interest rates for monetary financial instruments (\%):

Average interest rates in the above tables are the weighted average rates of the related balance sheet items.

| Current Period - 31 March 2023 | EURO | USD | Yen | TL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and Balances with Central Bank | - | - | - | - |
| Banks | - | 5,10 | - | 19,24 |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (Net) | 6,18 | 7,36 | - | 12,41 |
| Money Markets | - | - | - | 19,94 |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (Net) | 4,20 | 5,90 | 3,09 | 19,46 |
| Loans and Lease Receivables (***) | 6,72 | 10,12 | - | 19,96 |
| Other financial assets measured at amortised cost | - | 6,14 | - | 32,02 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Bank Deposits (*) | 3,30 | 6,85 | - | 21,52 |
| Other Deposits (*) | 0,19 | 1,28 | - | 17,85 |
| Money Markets | - | 6,75 | - | 8,75 |
| Miscellaneous Payables | - | 4,52 | - | - |
| Securities Issued (Net) (**) | 4,00 | 6,44 | - | 13,08 |
| Borrowings | 4,44 | 7,23 | - | 18,14 |

[^2]| Prior Period - 31 December 2022 | EURO | USD | Yen | TL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and Balances with Central Bank | - | - | - | - |
| Banks | - | 2,38 | - | 20,17 |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (Net) | 4,89 | 7,36 | - | 10,78 |
| Money Markets | - | - | - | 14,88 |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (Net) | 4,20 | 5,73 | 3,09 | 29,35 |
| Loans and Lease Receivables (***) | 5,83 | 9,29 | - | 20,31 |
| Other financial assets measured at amortised cost | - | 6,22 | - | 76,44 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Bank Deposits (*) | 2,77 | 4,84 | - | 14,51 |
| Other Deposits (*) | 0,23 | 1,71 | 0,01 | 15,79 |
| Money Markets | - | 5,06 | - | 9,14 |
| Miscellaneous Payables | - | 3,65 | - | - |
| Securities Issued (Net) (**) | 4,00 | 6,43 | - | 13,17 |
| Borrowings | 4,18 | 6,72 | - | 19,40 |

(*) Demand deposit balances are included in average interest rate calculation.
${ }^{(* *)}$ Securities issued as subordinated loan classified under subordinated loans in the balance sheet are included
${ }^{(* * *)}$ Credit card balances are not included in average interest rate calculation.

## IV. EXPLANATIONS ON POSITION RISK OF EQUITY SECURITIES:

The Bank doesn't have any subsidiaries and affiliates that are traded on the "BIST"

## V. EXPLANATIONS ON LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO:

The liquidity risk of the Bank is the risk of being unable to fulfill its payment obligations on time due to not having enough cash sources or cash inflows to finance its cash outflows fully and on time due to cash flow instabilities.

Liquidity risk arises from situations in which the Bank is unable to meet the cash outflows with its cash sources and borrowing opportunities over collateralizing marketable securities, in case of sudden fund withdrawals by the individual/institutional funders of the Bank.
a) Information on risk capacity of the Bank, responsibilities and structure of liquidity risk management, the Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application:

The Bank's liquidity and funding policy is to own sufficient liquidity reserve and funding opportunities to meet Bank's liabilities even in cases of stress, resulting from the market conditions or other conditions specific to the Bank.

The Bank has capacity to meet a high risk with broad and stable deposit, strong base capital structure and diversified foreign borrowing sources and is capable of providing additional liquidity with high quality liquid securities in its portfolio and available limits at both the Central Bank of Turkey and other Money markets.

Management of liquidity risk is shared by the ERC, ALCO, Treasury Department and Risk Management Department. The ERC determines the liquidity management policies and the appropriate liquidity risk level in line with the Bank's risk appetite and monitors whether the liquidity risk is managed under the framework of determined policies and within the defined limits.

The different categories of defined limits are;

- Limits related to wholesale funding sources,
- Limits related to liquid asset buffer,
- Limits related to the cash inflows coverage capacity to cash outflows,
- Limits related to cash outflow coverage capacity in the stress environment

ALCO takes decision to use alternative funding sources, pricing of obtained funds and granted loans, and other decisions of Daily liquidity management. Treasury Department ensures that the Bank meets its short, middle and long term liabilities, with the transactions made in accordance with ALCO decisions order to utilize excess funding or close the funding gap, occurring on foreign currencies or maturity terms. Risk Management Department measures and monitors the liquidity risk, with the reports

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prepared and analyses made, and informs the top management. Liquidity risk reporting consists of periodic and special purpose reports prepared to be discussed in the ERC and ALCO meetings, stress tests, scenario analyses, risk limit compliance reports and legal liquidity reports.
b) Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy and the functioning between the Bank and the Bank's subsidiaries:

Each of the Bank's subsidiaries within the consolidation scope manages its own liquidity. Nevertheless, there are defined limits related to the funding amount that the Bank will provide to a subsidiary, in case of liquidity issues. Cumulative liquidity gap resulted in stress scenarios of subsidiaries, should not exceed the fund limits provided by the Bank.

## c) Information on the Bank's funding strategy including the policies on funding types and variety of maturities:

The Bank targets to obtain additional funding sources besides the strong capital structure, from the most possible diversified, long term stable sources, considering cost factors. In this direction, concentration ratios such as share of retail funding sources in total funding sources, share of deposits of high amount in total deposit, share of borrowings made from the market in total market volume are monitored and limited with the applied risk limits. Treasury Unit performs necessary work to obtain long term foreign funding.

## d) Information on liquidity management on the basis of currencies constituting a minimum of five percent of the Bank's total liabilities:

Almost all of the Bank's liabilities are in TL, USD or EUR currencies and TL funds comprise of mainly equity and deposits. The Bank's liquidity in TL is managed with repurchase agreements made at CBRT/BIST using high quality securities owned by the Bank. Together with keeping the main purpose as using liabilities in TL in funding assets in TL, foreign currency liabilities are used in creating assets in TL using foreign exchange swaps, when necessary. Liquidity management is performed in the scope of internal risk limits, such as short term borrowing limits from markets determined by the Bank, market concentration limits, liquidity stress scenario, and cumulative liquidity gap.
Foreign currency funds are obtained through foreign exchange deposit accounts, foreign based, foreign currency loans, securities issued and repurchase agreements. Foreign currency liquidity management is performed using internal risk limits defined for liquidity buffer kept at correspondent banks and monitored daily in the scope of the Bank's risk limits, and cumulative gap in the scope of liquidity stress scenario, and other risk limits defined for wholesale funding and concentration. The Bank has available foreign currency borrowing limits at CBRT/BIST and other banks.
e) Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques:

Liquidity risk is mitigated by using techniques such as maintaining high quality liquid asset buffer to cover possible fund outflows, diversification of funding sources so far as possible and inclusion to the base, homogenizing the maturity distribution of repayments as far as possible, obtaining limits from funding institutions to use when necessary and ensuring that a determined portion of funding sources are comprised of deposit.

## f) Information on the use of stress tests:

In cases of negative conditions such as an impairment in the securities in the Bank's portfolio, inability to replace short and long term borrowings, fast cash outflow, increase in non-performing loan ratio, high margin calls, the extent and duration of sufficient liquidity is analyzed by the stress tests made by the Risk Management Department. Risk limits determined according to analysis results exist within the Bank. It is ensured that the necessary actions are taken by sharing the analysis results and risk limit compliance status with the ALCO, ERC and related business units. The effects of cash inflows and outflows under different stress scenarios have been studied and evaluated.

## g) General information on urgent and unexpected liquidity situation plans:

Necessary strategy and procedures for the management of possible liquidity crisis are determined with the Liquidity Contingency Plan, which is approved and reviewed every year by the ERC. The actions to be taken favor the benefits of depositors, creditors of the Bank and shareholders. In case one or several emergency situations occur, Bank's Liquidity Contingency Plan is put into use. After Liquidity Contingency Plan is put into use, Liquidity Contingency Management Committee is responsible from the determination of actions to be taken.

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Liquidity Coverage Ratio:

| Current Period - 31.03.2023 |  | Rate of "Percentage to be taken into account" not Implemented Total value (*) |  | Rate of "Percentage to be taken into account" <br> Implemented Total value (*) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TL+FC | FC | TL+FC | FC |
| HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS (HQLA) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | High quality liquid assets |  |  | 239.041.234 | 129.677.765 |
| CASH OUTFLOWS |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Retail and Customers Deposits | 509.899 .169 | 209.913.162 | 45.639 .815 | 20.991.316 |
| 3 | Stable deposits | 107.130.689 | - | 5.362 .967 | - |
| 4 | Less stable deposits | 402.768 .480 | 209.913.162 | 40.276 .848 | 20.991.316 |
| 5 | Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business |  |  |  |  |
|  | Customers Deposits | 241.977.040 | 110.599.043 | 123.689.061 | 64.647.221 |
| 6 | Operational deposits | - | - | - | - |
| 7 | Non-Operational Deposits | 206.881.093 | 85.933.554 | 92.421 .744 | 39.983.078 |
| 8 | Other Unsecured Funding | 35.095.947 | 24.665.489 | 31.267 .317 | 24.664 .143 |
| 9 | Secured funding |  |  | 4.589.453 | 4.589 .453 |
| 10 | Other Cash Outflows | 24.502.664 | 34.710 .573 | 8.201 .705 | 24.956 .339 |
| 11 | Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions | 6.419 .743 | 23.887.275 | 6.419 .743 | 23.887.275 |
| 12 | Debts related to the structured financial products | 20.842 | - | 20.842 | - |
| 13 | Commitment related to debts to financial markets and other off balance sheet liabilities | 18.062.079 | 10.823.298 | 1.761 .120 | 1.069.064 |
| 14 | Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time by the Bank and other contractual commitments | 2.890 .454 | - | 144.523 | - |
| 15 | Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments | 266.695.171 | 59.669 .450 | 13.334 .759 | 2.983 .473 |
| 16 | TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS |  |  | 195.599.316 | 118.167.802 |
| CASH INFLOWS |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | Secured Lending Transactions | 17.043 | - | - | - |
| 18 | Unsecured Lending Transactions | 67.115.568 | 24.597.657 | 45.382 .513 | 21.277 .975 |
| 19 | Other contractual cash inflows | 2.791 .686 | 75.827.879 | 2.790 .742 | 75.827 .568 |
| 20 | TOTAL CASH INFLOWS | 69.924 .297 | 100.425.536 | 48.173 .255 | 97.105.543 |
|  |  |  |  | Upper limit applied amounts |  |
| 21 | TOTAL HQLA STOCK |  |  | 239.041.234 | 129.677.765 |
| 22 | TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS |  |  | 147.426.061 | 29.541 .950 |
| 23 | Liquidity Coverage Ratio (\%) |  |  | 162,14 | 438,96 |

(*) Simple arithmetic average calculated for the last three months by using the amounts calculated based on weekly simple arithmetic averages.

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| Prior Period - 31.12.2022 |  | Rate of "Percentage to be taken into account" not Implemented Total value (*) |  | Rate of "Percentage to be taken into account" Implemented Total value (*) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TL+FC | FC | TL+FC | FC |
| HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS (HQLA) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | High quality liquid assets |  |  | 239.433.160 | 144.339.483 |
| CASH OUTFLOWS |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Retail and Customers Deposits | 444.770 .037 | 213.952 .822 | 41.236 .127 | 21.395 .282 |
| 3 | Stable deposits | 64.817 .551 | - | 3.240 .878 | - |
| 4 | Less stable deposits | 379.952.486 | 213.952.822 | 37.995 .249 | 21.395 .282 |
| 5 | Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business |  |  |  |  |
|  | Customers Deposits | 244.650.107 | 134.155.002 | 129.295.179 | 78.376 .010 |
| 6 | Operational deposits | - | - | - | - |
| 7 | Non-Operational Deposits | 206.805.836 | 105.508.556 | 94.876 .343 | 49.731 .489 |
| 8 | Other Unsecured Funding | 37.844 .271 | 28.646 .446 | 34.418 .836 | 28.644 .521 |
| 9 | Secured funding | - | - | 491.846 | 491.846 |
| 10 | Other Cash Outflows | 21.175.052 | 33.073.310 | 8.642.808 | 25.245 .405 |
| 11 | Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions | 7.261 .888 | 24.383 .177 | 7.261 .888 | 24.383 .177 |
| 12 | Debts related to the structured financial products | 9.240 | - | 9.240 | - |
| 13 | Commitment related to debts to financial markets and other off balance sheet liabilities | 13.903.924 | 8.690 .133 | 1.371 .680 | 862.228 |
| 14 | Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time by the Bank and other contractual commitments | 1.994.365 | - | 99.718 | - |
| 15 | Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments | 192.018.843 | 58.576 .360 | 9.600 .942 | 2.928 .818 |
| 16 | TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS |  |  | 189.366 .620 | 128.437.361 |
| CASH INFLOWS |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | Secured Lending Transactions | 36.841 | - | - | - |
| 18 | Unsecured Lending Transactions | 62.926 .251 | 26.551.939 | 44.050 .892 | 24.085.689 |
| 19 | Other contractual cash inflows | 3.225 .651 | 88.243.815 | 3.217 .596 | 88.241 .580 |
| 20 | TOTAL CASH INFLOWS | 66.188.743 | 114.795 .754 | 47.268.488 | 112.327.269 |
|  |  |  |  | Upper limit applied amounts |  |
| 21 | TOTAL HQLA STOCK |  |  | 239.433.160 | 144.339.483 |
| 22 | TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS |  |  | 142.098.132 | 32.109 .340 |
| 23 | Liquidity Coverage Ratio (\%) |  |  | 168,50 | 449,52 |

[^3]CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

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Liquidity coverage ratio is calculated by comparing the high quality liquid assets owned by the Bank to net cash outflow in one month maturity. Balance sheet accounts that are significant on the ratio can be listed as reserve requirements maintained at CBRT, marketable securities that are not subject to repurchase agreements or not given as collateral, corporate deposits, bank deposits, foreign funds and borrowings from banks. The effect of these accounts on the liquidity coverage ratio is higher than other accounts, since these accounts have a higher share in liquid assets and net cash outflows.

Periodic increases are observed in the liquidity coverage ratio during the weeks where the foreign currency reserve option is used in reserve requirements in CBRT, high amounts are maintained in bank placements or repurchase agreement volume decreases, on the other hand, fluctuations may occur in the liquidity coverage ratio during the weeks where the share of corporate or bank funds increase, or long term foreign funds which are replaced when due, such as syndicated loans are due in one month. Despite these fluctuations, it is observed that the ratio does not decrease below $148 \%$ during the period and remain at a quite higher level that the legal lower limit.
Although the derivative transactions create net cash flow of small amount in terms of total liquidity coverage ratio, fluctuations in foreign currency derivative transactions, especially in foreign exchange swaps cause the foreign currency liquidity coverage ratio to be affected.

The Bank's high quality liquid assets mainly comprise of CBRT accounts by $50 \%$ and securities issued by Undersecreteriat of the Treasury by $40 \%$. Funding sources are mainly distributed between individual and retail deposits by $65 \%$, corporate deposits by $25 \%$, and borrowings from banks by $2 \%$ and collateralized borrowings such as repurchase agreements by $5 \%$.
Cash outflow amounting to TL 1.289 million (in full TL amount) is calculated based on the change of margin call amounts of derivative transactions and repurchase agreements during the last two years.
The Bank follows up and manages the liquidity coverage ratio including its foreign branch. There is no limitation which avoids liquidity transfer between the Bank and the foreign branch. In this context, the foreign branch does not create any additional liquidity risk for the Bank. The Bank follows up and manages the liquidity coverage ratio including its foreign branch. There is no limitation which avoids liquidity transfer between the Bank and the foreign branch. In this context, the foreign branch does not create any additional liquidity risk for the Bank.
In accordance with the "Regulation On Calculation of Bank's Liquidity Coverage Ratio", published in Official Gazette no. 28948, dated 21 March 2014, the weeks in which the highest and the lowest liquidity coverage ratio is calculated over the last three months are presented below.

|  | Current Period - 31.03.2023 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | TL+FC | FC |
| Lowest | 147,61 | 352,80 |
| Week | 31.03 .2023 | 31.03 .2023 |
| Highest | 181,86 | 478,48 |
| Week | 10.03 .2023 | 10.02 .2023 |


|  | Prior Period - 31.12.2022 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | TL+FC | FC |
| Lowest | 150,09 | 408,68 |
| Week | 16.12 .2022 | 30.12 .2022 |
| Highest | 190,61 | 523,59 |
| Week | 4.11 .2022 | 11.11 .2022 |

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Breakdown of assets and liabilities according to their outstanding maturities:

| Current Period - 31 March 2023 | Demand | Up to 1 Month | $1-3$ <br> Months | 3-12 <br> Months | $\begin{array}{r} 1-5 \\ \text { Years } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 5 Years and Over | Unallocated (*) | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and Balances with Central Bank | 68.405.883 | 63.544 .132 | - | - | - | - | - | 131.950.015 |
| Banks (******) | 20.607.577 | 5.404.461 | 3.507 .619 | - | - | - | - | 29.519 .657 |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (Net) | 2.906 .915 | 12.331 | 57 | 32.588 | 727.789 | 195.047 | - | 3.874 .727 |
| Money Markets |  | 5.359 .133 | 2.397 .819 | - | - | - | - | 7.756.952 |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Comprehensive Income | 1.494.581 | 310.788 | 2.250 .977 | 37.683.188 | 114.679.067 | 38.280 .196 | - | 194.698 .797 |
| Loans and Lease Receivables (*****) |  | 153.573.929 | 111.420 .571 | 167.621 .968 | 108.314.861 | 60.259.908 | 16.621 .905 | 617.813.142 |
| Other financial assets measured at amortised |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| cost | - | - | 13.254.417 | 1.102 .923 | 68.701 .595 | 24.703 .545 | - | 107.762.480 |
| Other Assets (*) | - | 4.852 .920 | 3.280 .072 | 4.941 .257 | 25.217.061 | 12.182.048 | 41.319 .930 | 91.793.288 |
| Total Assets | 93.414 .956 | 233.057.694 | 136.111.532 | 211.381 .924 | 317.640.373 | 135.620.744 | 57.941.835 | 1.185.169.058 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank Deposits | 921.046 | 6.360 .543 | 11.442 .755 | 3.263 .395 | - | - | - | 21.987.739 |
| Other Deposits | 264.336.614 | 307.630.717 | 135.554 .488 | 44.837 .505 | 243.375 | . 6 | - | 752.602 .705 |
| Borrowings | - | 16.837.130 | 5.221 .308 | 17.982.807 | 22.678.983 | 1.522.045 | - | 64.242 .273 |
| Money Markets | - | 35.173 .651 | 13.540 .806 | 8.641 .348 | 4.932 .754 | 2.291.475 | - | 64.580 .034 |
| Securities Issued (Net) (**) | - | 257.852 | 301.316 | 1.860 .115 | 20.681.936 | 17.313.662 | - | 40.414.881 |
| Miscellaneous Payables | - | 1.304.260 | 3.943 .381 | 3.158 .530 | 11.387.981 | 2.794.698 | 22.122.290 | 44.711 .140 |
| Other Liabilities (***) | 2.499 .447 | 8.297.366 | 2.365 .815 | 3.035 .310 | 7.071.003 | 2.302.402 | 171.058.943 | 196.630.286 |
| Total Liabilities | 267.757.107 | 375.861 .519 | 172.369.869 | 82.779.010 | 66.996.032 | 26.224.288 | 193.181.233 | 1.185.169.058 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Liquidity Excess/ (Gap) | (174.342.151) | (142.803.825) | (36.258.337) | 128.602 .914 | 250.644.341 | 109.396.456 | (135.239.398) | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net off-balance sheet position | - | 2.309.145 | 975.977 | 3.020.422 | 14.190.001 | 6.804.988 | - | 27.300 .533 |
| Financial Derivative Assets | - | 195.480.647 | 73.685 .804 | 85.316 .993 | 132.537.771 | 81.973 .252 | - | 568.994 .467 |
| Financial Derivative Liabilities | - | 193.171.502 | 72.709 .827 | 82.296 .571 | 118.347 .770 | 75.168 .264 | - | 541.693 .934 |
| Non-cash loans (****) | - | 6.045.046 | 1.902.669 | 47.706.641 | 57.364.190 | 52.212.096 | - | 165.230 .642 |

Prior Period - 31 December 2022

| Total Assets | 97.087 .903 | 188.817 .298 | 103.146 .383 | 203.130 .437 | 273.927 .708 | 154.401 .900 | 54.674 .826 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total Liabilities | 233.703 .592 | 322.332 .409 | 152.610 .602 | 80.854 .105 | 68.634 .281 | 25.932 .999 | 191.118 .467 |
| Net Liquidity Gap | $\mathbf{1 3 6 . 6 1 5 . 6 8 9} \boldsymbol{1 . 0 7 5 . 1 8 6 . 4 5 . 4 5 5}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 3 3 . 5 1 5 . 1 1 1 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 4 9 . 4 6 4 . 2 1 9 ]}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 2 . 2 7 6 . 3 3 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 5 . 2 9 3 . 4 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 8 . 4 6 8 . 9 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 3 6 . 4 4 3 . 6 4 1 )}$ |


| Net Off-balance sheet Position | - | $\mathbf{1 . 3 7 9 . 5 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 4 8 9 . 5 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 9 9 3 . 7 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{8 . 0 2 0 . 4 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 0 7 6 . 7 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 . 9 5 9 . 9 9 5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Financial Derivative Assets | - | 194.423 .409 | 112.489 .759 | 80.767 .340 | 146.191 .938 | 93.520 .414 | - | $\mathbf{6 2 7 . 3 9 2 . 8 6 0}$ |
| Financial Derivative Liabilities | - | 193.043 .904 | 111.000 .200 | 78.773 .602 | 138.171 .529 | 80.443 .630 | - | $\mathbf{6 0 1 . 4 3 2 . 8 6 5}$ |
| Non-cash Loans (****) | - | $\mathbf{5 . 6 3 1 . 0 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{9 6 9 . 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 . 5 6 8 . 6 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 5 . 1 5 9 . 0 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 8 . 2 7 3 . 8 5 2}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 0 . 6 0 1 . 7 0 6}$ |

(*) Assets that are necessary for banking activities and that cannot be liquidated in the short-term, such as fixed and intangible assets, investments, subsidiaries, stationery, prepaid expenses and loans under follow-up, are shown in this column. Expected credit losses are included.
${ }^{(* *)}$ Securities issued as subordinated loan classified under subordinated loans in the balance sheet are included.
(***) Shareholders" Equity is presented under "Other Liabilities" item in the "Unallocated" column.
${ }^{(* * * * *)}$ Amounts related to Letters of Guarantee represent contractual maturity and related amounts. Amounts are demand and can be withdrawn optional.
$(* * * * * *)$ The non-performing loans are stated in the "Unallocatable" column.
(******) Derivative collaterals given to foreign banks are included.

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## VI. EXPLANATIONS ON LEVERAGE RATIO:

a. Information on subjects that causes difference in leverage ratio between current and prior periods:

As of 31 March 2023, the leverage ratio of the Bank calculated from 3 months average amounts is $9,44 \%$ ( 31 December 2022: $10,47 \%)$. This ratio is above the minimum ratio which is $3 \%$.
b. Disclosure of Leverage ratio template:

|  |  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 (*) | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 (*) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Balance sheet Assets |  |  |
| 1 | Balance sheet assets lexcluding derivative financial assets and credit derivatives, including collaterals) | 1.103.184.461 | 1.004.782.453 |
| 2 | (Assets deducted from Core capital) | - | - |
| 3 | Total risk amount of balance sheet assets (sum of lines 1 and 2) | 1.103.184.461 | 1.004.782.453 |
|  | Derivative financial assets and credit derivatives |  |  |
| 4 | Cost of replenishment for derivative financial assets and credit derivatives | 52.692 .922 | 40.646 .045 |
| 5 | Potential credit risk amount of derivative financial assets and credit derivatives | 11.457.769 | 9.978 .630 |
| 6 | Total risk amount of derivative financial assets and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 and 5) | 64.150 .691 | 50.624.675 |
| 7 | Financing transactions secured by marketable security or commodity Risk amount of financing transactions secured by marketable security or commodity | 21.438 .450 | 9.465 .773 |
| 8 | Risk amount arising from intermediary transactions | - | - |
| 9 | Total risk amount of financing transactions secured by marketable security or commodity (sum of lines 7 and 8) | 21.438 .450 | 9.465 .773 |
|  | Off-balance sheet transactions |  |  |
| 10 | Gross notional amount of off-balance sheet transactions | 387.132 .588 | 288.053 .067 |
| 11 | (Correction amount due to multiplication with credit conversion rates) | (2.666.504) | (1.812.291) |
| 12 | Total risk of off-balance sheet transactions (sum of lines 10 and 11) | 384.466 .084 | 286.240.776 |
|  | Capital and total risk |  |  |
| 13 | Core Capital | 148.486.229 | 141.505.543 |
| 14 | Total risk amount(sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12) | 1.573.239.686 | 1.351.113.677 |
|  | Leverage ratio |  |  |
| 15 | Leverage ratio | 9,44\% | 10,47 |

(*) Three months average values.

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## VII. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT TARGET AND POLICIES:

Notes and explanations in this section have been prepared in accordance with the Communiqué on Disclosures about Risk Management to be announced to Public by Banks that have been published in Official Gazette no. 29511 on 23 October 2015 and became effective as of 31 March 2016. Due to usage of standard approach for the calculation of capital adequacy ratio by the Bank, tables, which have to be prepared within the scope of Internal Rating-Based (IRB) approach, are not presented.

In the event of unexpected negative economic conditions, stress tests are carried out regularly considering the exchange rate and interest rate shocks and the deterioration of the loan portfolio at different stress rates.

## Overview of RWA:

$\left.\begin{array}{llrr}\text { Minimum capital } \\ \text { requirement }\end{array}\right)$

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## VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON HEDGE TRANSACTIONS:

The Bank hedges its TL and foreign denominated fixed rate financial assets with cross currency swaps and interest rate swaps. Within the scope of fair value hedge, fair value changes of hedging instrument and hedged item are accounted in the income statement. As long as the hedge relationship is effective, fair value change of the hedged item is disclosed together with its related asset in the balance sheet for TL denominated fixed rate mortgage loans. Fair value changes which have already been booked in equity, have been reclassified from equity to income statement for TL and FC denominated fixed rate financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Bank hedges against its cash flow risk stemming from foreign currency denominated floating rate financial liabilities with interest rate and cross currency swaps. Within the scope of cash flow hedge accounting, effective part of the fair value changes of the hedging instrument are accounted in equity under "Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss" whereas ineffective part is accounted in the income statement. At instances when cash flows relating to hedged item (interest expense) affect the income statement, profit/loss of the related hedging item is taken out of the equity and reflected on the income statement.

Prospective tests are performed at the inception of the hedge relationships and both prospective and retrospective tests are performed at each reporting period-end regularly by using "Dollar off-set method". In this method, changes in the fair value of the hedged item and changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments between the designation date and each reporting period-end are compared and effectiveness ratio is calculated. In the determination of the fair values of hedging instruments and hedged item, market yield curves are used. Hedge accounting principles are applied by assessing the calculated effectiveness ratio within the scope of TAS 39.

When the hedging instrument expires, is executed or sold and when the hedge relationship becomes ineffective or is discontinued as a result of the hedge relationship being revoked due to ineffectiveness of efficiency tests;

- The hedging gains and losses that were previously recognized under equity are transferred to profit or loss when the cash flows of the hedged item are realized,
- Adjustments made to the carrying amount of the hedged item are transferred to profit and loss with straight line method for portfolio hedges or with effective interest rate method for micro hedges.
In case the hedged item is derecognized, hedge accounting is discontinued and within context of fair value hedge accounting, adjustments made to the value of the hedged item are accounted in income statement.

The replacement or rollover of a hedging instrument into another hedging instrument is not an expiration or termination if such replacement or rollover is part of the entity's documented hedging strategy.

The Bank also applies net investment risk hedging in order to hedge its foreign currency risk from its investments abroad. The effective part of the fair value change of the hedging instrument in the hedging transaction in question was accounted in the "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses to be Reclassified in Profit or Loss" account under equity.

Within the scope of the Major Indicative Interest Rates Reform in 2022, new alternative interest rates will be used instead of the current benchmark interest rates, especially Libor. In addition to floating rate assets such as securities indexed to benchmark interest rates and loans, Banks' financial statements include liabilities such as securities issued, borrowed loans and derivative transactions, and off-balance sheet instruments. With the regulations published in September 2019 and December 2020 regarding the implementation of the aforementioned reform, early implementation of the amendments was permitted, while temporary exemption was given to the applications related to the determination of cash flows of hedge accounting and the termination of transactions. A working group was established to evaluate the impact of the interest rate reform on the financial statements and to adapt to reform. Reform changes have not been implemented early and developments are followed by the working group. As of 31 March 2023, there are no transactions subject to hedge accounting for which benchmark interest rate changes have been applied.

The average remaining maturity of the floating-rate USD Libor-Indexed borrowings directly affected by the interest rate reform is 2,1 years and the remaining amount is USD 602.194. Foreign currency interest swap transactions were made to hedge the cash

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flow risk of the aforementioned borrowing and subject to hedge accounting. There is no hedge accounting transaction terminated under the published exceptions.
As of 31 March 2023, contractual amounts of derivative financial instruments designated as hedging instruments and the net fair values carried in the balance sheet are summarized in the following table:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 |  |  | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Notional Amount | Assets | Liabilities | Notional Amount | Assets | Liabilities |
| Interest Rate and Cross Currency Swaps |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -TL | 34.480 .081 | 18.718.147 | 243.797 | 31.550 .734 | 18.868.111 | 494.476 |
| -FC | 134.443.085 | 4.309 .782 | - | 137.049.473 | 4.923 .523 | 1 |
| Total | 168.923.166 | 23.027.929 | 243.797 | 168.600.207 | 23.791.634 | 494.477 |

## 1. Explanations on Accounting Net Investment Hedge:

The Bank has been using hedge against fair value strategy to hedge against foreign currency risk born of EUR 787 million (31 December 2022: EUR 787 million) which represents share premiums and paid-in-capital of Akbank AG, one of its subsidiaries. EUR 787 million of syndication loans used by the Group have been classified as "hedge instruments."

## 2. Explanations on Fair Value Hedge:

Current Period: 31.03.2023

| Hedging Instrument | Hedged Item | Risk Exposure | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Fair Value } \\ \text { Difference of } \\ \text { Hedging Instrument } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Fair Value Difference of Hedged Items (*) | Ineffective Portion (**) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest Rate Swap | Fixed interest rate FC financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | Interest rate risk | $1.211 .715$ | (1.280.097) | (68.382) |
| Cross-currency swap | Fixed interest rate FC financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, FC borrowings | Interest rate and currency risk | 77.508 | (76.995) | 513 |
| Cross-currency swap | Fixed interest rate TL Commercial Loans. FC borrowings | Interest rate and currency risk | 8.290 | (8.202) | 88 |

$\overline{(*)}$ Includes fair value differences arising from changes in foreign exchange rates for the hedge transactions having risk exposure of both interest rate and foreign currency. ${ }^{(* *)}$ Represents the cumulative amounts booked under "Gains / (Losses) on Derivative Financial Transactions" and "Gains / (Losses) on Foreign Exchange Transactions" since the beginning of hedge accounting.

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Prior Period: 31.12.2022

| Hedging Instrument | Hedged Item | Risk Exposure | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Fair Value } \\ \text { Difference of } \\ \text { Hedging Instrument } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Fair Value Difference of Hedged Items (*) | Ineffective Portion (**) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest Rate Swap | Fixed interest rate FC financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | Interest rate risk | $1.511 .190$ | (1.573.124) | (61.934) |
| Cross-currency swap | Fixed interest rate FC financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, FC borrowings | Interest rate and currency risk | 48.507 | (48.327) | 180 |
| Cross-currency swap | Fixed interest rate TL Commercial Loans. FC borrowings | Interest rate and currency risk | 8.096 | (8.574) | (478) |

$1^{(*)}$ Includes fair value differences arising from changes in foreign exchange rates for the hedge transactions having risk exposure of both interest rate and foreign currency. ${ }^{(* *)}$ Represents the cumulative amounts booked under "Gains / (Losses) on Derivative Financial Transactions" and "Gains / (Losses) on Foreign Exchange Transactions" since the beginning of hedge accounting.

In addition, when the hedging instrument expires, is executed or sold and when the hedge relationship becomes ineffective or is discontinued as a result of the hedge relationship being revoked due to ineffectiveness of efficiency tests with the information related discontinuous transactions are given below:

- As of 31 March 2023, related to fair value hedge transactions, there is no remaining net amount after amortization of the fair value change of the hedged items since the beginning of hedge accounting (31 December 2022: TL (38)).

3. Explanations on Cash Flow Hedge:


In addition, when the hedging instrument expires, is executed or sold and when the hedge relationship becomes ineffective or is discontinued as a result of the hedge relationship being revoked with the information related discontinuous transactions are given below:

- As of 31 March 2023, related to cash flow hedge transactions, there is no remaining before tax amount in equity after amortization of the fair value change of the hedging instruments, from the beginning of hedge accounting (31 December 2022: none).

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## IX. EXPLANATIONS ON BUSINESS SEGMENTS:

The Bank operates in three main business segments including consumer banking, SME banking, commercial banking, and corporate-investment and private banking and wealth management with treasury activities. These segments have been determined considering customer segments and branch network providing services to customers in accordance with the Bank's organizational structure

The profitability system generating segment information provides profitability information on the basis of account customer, customer relationship manager, branch segment and product. This information is made available to the branch and Head Office personnel through a web-based management reporting system.

Consumer banking offers a variety of retail services such as deposit accounts, retail loans, commercial installment loans, credit cards, insurance products and asset management services. The consumer banking products and services also include bank cards, investment funds trading, automatic payment services, foreign currency trading, safe deposit box rentals, cheques, money transfers, investment banking, telephone and internet banking.
Corporate banking, commercial banking and SME banking, provide financial solutions and banking services to large, medium and small size corporate and commercial customers. The products and services offered to corporate and commercial customers include TL and foreign currency denominated working capital loans financing for investments, foreign trade financing, derivative instruments for hedging purposes of foreign currency and interest risk, letters of credit, foreign currency trading, corporate finance services and deposit and cash management services. In addition, the Bank provides timely and permanent solutions for corporate customers' working capital management, delivers cash management services tailored based on customers' requests that include collection and payment services and liquidity and information management. Project finance loans are provided within the context of investment banking activities. In the scope of private banking, The Bank serves the members of the high-income customers who have expectations for upper-class service quality both in banking and investment transactions.
Within the scope of international banking activities, activities are also being carried out in order to provide long-term funding, to provide funding under a price reflecting the country's risk, to diversify funding resources and to form an international investor base on this area.

The Treasury Unit conducts TL and FC spot and forward transactions, treasury bonds, government bonds, Eurobond and private sector bond transactions and also derivative trading activities within determined limits. These transactions are performed according to the Bank's requirements. In addition to marketing and pricing activities for the branch network of Treasury products and customers, foreign trade financing, foreign exchange and TL "clearing" services are also carried out for customers.

Information on business segments as of 31 March 2023 and 31 December 2022 presented in the following tables. Explanations on business segments are prepared on the basis of data obtained from Bank Management Reporting System.

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|  | Consumer Banking | Commercial Banking, SME Banking, Corporate Banking and Private Banking | Treasury | Other and Unallocated | Bank's Total Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current Period - 31 March 2023 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating Income | 8.522.397 | 11.881 .557 | 10.581 .388 | (6.586.379) | 24.398 .963 |
| Profit from Operating Activities | 1.436 .146 | 9.273 .382 | 10.330.914 | (9.720.294) | 11.320.148 |
| Income from Subsidiaries | - | - | - | 1.134 | 1.134 |
| Income/(loss) from investments in subsidiaries consolidated based on equity method |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Profit before Tax | 1.436.146 | 9.273 .382 | 10.330.914 | (8.379.629) | 12.660 .813 |
| Corporate Tax | - | - | - | (1.949.513) | (1.949.513) |
| Net Profit for the Period | 1.436.146 | 9.273 .382 | 10.330.914 | (10.329.142) | 10.711 .300 |
| Segment Assets | 239.718.066 | 449.841 .223 | 411.888 .840 | - | 1.101.448.129 |
| Investments in Associates | - | - | - | 25.704 .388 | 25.704.388 |
| Undistributed Assets | - | - | - | 58.016 .541 | 58.016 .541 |
| Total Assets |  |  |  |  | 1.185.169.058 |
| Segment Liabilities | 441.724.842 | 326.725.633 | 188.290.453 | - | 956.740 .928 |
| Undistributed Liabilities | - | - | - | 74.692 .540 | 74.692 .540 |
| Shareholders' Equity | - | - | - | 153.735.590 | 153.735 .590 |
| Total Liabilities |  |  |  |  | 1.185.169.058 |


|  | Consumer Banking | Commercial Banking, SME Banking, Corporate Banking and Private Banking | Treasury | Other and Unallocated | Bank's Total Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prior Period - 31 December 2022 (*) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating Income | 2.897 .762 | 4.758 .306 | 6.655.032 | 2.564 .973 | 16.876.073 |
| Profit from Operating Activities | 162.488 | 3.588 .985 | 6.458 .046 | (483.295) | 9.726 .224 |
| Income from Subsidiaries | - | - | - | 8.650 | 8.650 |
| Income/(loss) from investments in subsidiaries consolidated based on equity |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Profit before Tax | 162.488 | 3.588.985 | 6.458 .046 | 221.636 | 10.431.155 |
| Corporate Tax | - | - | - | (2.384.346) | (2.384.346) |
| Net Profit for the Period | 162.488 | 3.588.985 | 6.458 .046 | (2.162.710) | 8.046.809 |
| Segment Assets | 190.937.387 | 433.472 .211 | 374.455.783 | - | 998.865 .381 |
| Investments in Associates | - | - | - | 23.546 .995 | 23.546 .995 |
| Undistributed Assets | - | - | - | 52.774 .079 | 52.774 .079 |
| Total Assets |  |  |  |  | 1.075.186.455 |
| Segment Liabilities | 375.880 .715 | 293.443.729 | 182.118 .596 | - | 851.443 .040 |
| Undistributed Liabilities | - | - | - | 70.143.531 | 70.143.531 |
| Shareholders' Equity | - | - | - | 153.599 .884 | 153.599 .884 |
| Total Liabilities |  |  |  |  | 1.075.186.455 |

(*) 31 March 2022 balances used for income/expense accounts.

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## SECTION FIVE <br> INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS

a. Information related to cash equivalents and the account of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey lthe "CBRT"):

1. Information on cash equivalents and the account of the CBRT:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| Cash/Foreign Currency | 2.951 .947 | 10.904.977 | 3.041.404 | 7.978.757 |
| The CBRT ( ${ }^{\text {) }}$ | 14.526.635 | 102.211 .542 | 20.645.317 | 95.135 .790 |
| Other (**) | - | 1.354.914 | - | 731.475 |
| Total | 17.478.582 | 14.471.433 | 23.686.721 | 103.846.022 |
| (*) Precious metal account amounting to TL 15.656 .620 are included in FC (31 December 2022: TL 3.443.117). <br> ${ }^{(* *)}$ Precious metal account amounting to TL 1.354 .886 are included in FC (31 December 2022: TL 731.471). |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Information related to the account of the CBRT: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |  |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| Unrestricted Demand Deposits | 4.036 |  | 1.214 |  |
| Unrestricted Time Deposits | - | - | - | 2.330 .773 |
| Restricted Time Deposits | - | - | - |  |
| Reserve Requirement | 14.522.599 | 102.211 .542 | 20.644.103 | 92.805 .017 |
| Total | 14.526.635 | 102.211.542 | 20.645.317 | 95.135.790 |

3. Explanation on reserve requirements:

In accordance with the "Communiqué Regarding the Reserve Requirements no. 2013/15, the Bank is required to maintain reserves in CBRT for TL and foreign currency liabilities. The reserve requirements can be maintained as TL, USD, EUR and standard gold.
The required rates for the required reserves established in the CBRT are between $3 \%$ and $8 \%$ according to the maturity structure in Turkish currency ( 31 December 2022: between $3 \%$ and $8 \%$ ); in foreign currency, it is between $5 \%$ and $26 \%$ depending on the maturity structure (31 December 2022: between 5\% and 31\%) as of 31 March 2023.
b. Information on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

As of 31 March 2023, there are no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss subject to repo transactions 131 December 2022: None) and given as collateral/blocked (31 December 2022: None).

Other Financial Assets:
TL 2.065.131 (31 December 2022: TL 2.041.238) of other financial assets consist Fourth Real Estate Investment Fund of Ak Portföy Yönetimi A.Ș. established by Ak Portföy Yönetimi A.Ș. and the fund is followed at its fair value and the related valuation differences are recognized in profit or loss.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
c. Information on derivative financial assets held-for-trading

Table of positive differences related to derivative financial assets (*)

|  | Current Period 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| Forward Transactions | 2.794 .536 | - | 2.276.623 | - |
| Swap Transactions | 9.906 .965 | 10.122.785 | 10.064.350 | 10.903.175 |
| Futures Transactions | - | - | - | - |
| Options | 27.569 | 785.470 | 9.839 | 709.075 |
| Other | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 12.729.070 | 10.908.255 | 12.350 .812 | 11.612.250 |

(*) Excluding hedging derivatives financial assets.
d. Information on banks account and foreign banks:

Information on banks account:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period <br> 31 <br> December 2022 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |  |
| Banks |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 84.118 | 196.146 | 2.142 | 1.404 .336 |  |
| Foreign (*) | 3.272 .503 | 25.966 .890 | 1.420 .963 | 28.778 .275 |  |
| Head Quarters and Branches Abroad | - | - | - | - |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 . 3 5 6 . 6 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 . 1 6 3 . 0 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 4 2 3 . 1 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 . 1 8 2 . 6 1 1}$ |  |

${ }^{(*)}$ Includes collateral of TL 7.450.926 for derivative transactions made with foreign banks (31 December 2022: TL 7.486.972).
e. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

1. As of 31 March 2023, financial assets fair value through other comprehensive income subject to repurchase agreements amounting to TL 63.161.124 (31 December 2022: TL 41.237.315); and those given as collateral/blocked amounting to TL 69.547.148 (31 December 2022: 58.996.672).
2. Information on financial assets fair value through other comprehensive income:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Debt Securities | 200.506 .290 | 169.972 .217 |
| Quoted at Stock Exchange (*) | 181.690 .687 | 162.536 .493 |
| Unquoted at Stock Exchange | 18.815 .603 | 7.435 .724 |
| Share Certificates | 112.047 | 97.071 |
| Quoted at Stock Exchange | - | - |
| Unquoted at Stock Exchange | 112.047 | 97.071 |
| Impairment Provision (-) | 5.919 .540 | 5.198 .633 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 9 4 . 6 9 8 . 7 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 4 . 8 7 0 . 6 5 5}$ |
| (*) Investment funds are included. |  |  |

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
f. Information related to loans:

1. Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cash | Non-cash | Cash | Non-cash |  |
| Direct Loans Granted to Shareholders | 457.363 | 9.962 | 459.027 | 159 |
| $\quad$ Corporate Shareholders | 457.363 | - | 9.962 | 459.027 |
| $\quad$ Real Person Shareholders | -571.576 | - | - | 159 |
| Indirect Loans Granted to Shareholders | 9.598 .573 | 10.499 .761 | 4.863 .784 |  |
| Loans Granted to Employees | 409.874 | - | 322.086 | - |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 0 . 4 3 8 . 8 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 6 9 3 . 5 3 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 . 2 8 0 . 8 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 . 8 6 3 . 9 4 3}$ |

2. Information on standard loans and loans under follow-up including loans that have been restructured or rescheduled:

| Current Period - 31 March 2023 |  | Loans under follow-up |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Restructured Loans |  |  |
| Cash Loans | Standard Loans | Loans not subejct to restructuring | Loans with revised contract terms | Refinance |
| Non-specialized Loans |  |  |  |  |
| Loans given to enterprises | 43.841 .126 | 1.107.141 | 137.807 | 6.791 .903 |
| Export Loans | 83.950.107 | 54.607 | 9.897 | 10.218 |
| Import Loans | - | - | - | - |
| Loans Given to |  |  |  |  |
| Financial Sector | 44.545 .314 | 392 | - | 125 |
| Consumer Loans | 119.768 .588 | 3.407 .460 | 1.141.423 | 128.825 |
| Credit Cards | 78.881 .768 | 1.359 .749 | 1.218.035 | - |
| Other | 189.688.071 | 435.210 | 1.628.382 | 23.085.089 |
| Specialized Loans | - | - | - | - |
| Other Receivables | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 560.674 .974 | 6.364.559 | 4.135.544 | 30.016.160 |


|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 |  |  | Prior Period ecember 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Expected Credit Loss Stage I and Stage II | Standard Loans | Loans under Follow-up | Standard Loans | Loans under Follow-up |
| 12 Month Expected Credit Losses | 4.531 .942 | - | 3.466.203 | - - |
| Significant Increase in Credit Risk | - | 7.556 .881 | - | 6.608 .115 |
| Total | 4.531 .942 | 7.556.881 | 3.466.203 | 6.608.115 |

Aging analysis for overdue receivables:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $30-60$ days overdue | 1.089 .793 | 965.191 |
| 60-90 days overdue | 427.033 | 489.887 |
| More than 90 days overdue | 8.320 | 79.407 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 . 5 2 5 . 1 4 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 5 3 4 . 4 8 5}$ |

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3. Information on consumer loans, personal credit cards, personnel loans and personnel credit cards:

| Current Period - 31.03.2023 | Short-term | Medium and Long-term | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumer Loans-TL | 18.927.979 | 97.612.266 | 116.540.245 |
| Mortgage Loans | 19.662 | 24.502.427 | 24.522.089 |
| Automotive Loans | 70.323 | 3.338.469 | 3.408 .792 |
| Consumer Loans | 18.837.994 | 69.771 .370 | 88.609.364 |
| Other | - | - |  |
| Consumer Loans- Indexed to FC | - | 205 | 205 |
| Mortgage Loans | - | 205 | 205 |
| Automotive Loans | - | - |  |
| Consumer Loans | - | - |  |
| Other | - | - |  |
| Consumer Loans-FC | - | - |  |
| Mortgage Loans | - | - |  |
| Automotive Loans | - | - |  |
| Consumer Loans | - | - |  |
| Other | - | - |  |
| Consumer Credit Cards-TL | 61.137.148 | 1.296 .973 | 62.434.121 |
| With Installment | 27.549.487 | 1.296 .252 | 28.845.739 |
| Without Installment | 33.587.661 | 721 | 33.588 .382 |
| Consumer Credit Cards-FC | 73.703 | - | 73.703 |
| With Installment | - | - | - |
| Without Installment | 73.703 | - | 73.703 |
| Personnel Loans-TL | 39.935 | 172.987 | 212.922 |
| Mortgage Loans | - | 9.905 | 9.905 |
| Automotive Loans | 55 | 2.798 | 2.853 |
| Consumer Loans | 39.880 | 160.284 | 200.164 |
| Other | - | - |  |
| Personnel Loans- Indexed to FC | - | - | - |
| Mortgage Loans | - | - |  |
| Automotive Loans | - | - |  |
| Consumer Loans | - | - |  |
| Other | - | - |  |
| Personnel Loans-FC | - | - | - |
| Mortgage Loans | - | - |  |
| Automotive Loans | - | - | - |
| Consumer Loans | - | - | - |
| Other | - | - |  |
| Personnel Credit Cards-TL | 195.127 | 307 | 195.434 |
| With Installment | 109.994 | 307 | 110.301 |
| Without Installment | 85.133 | - | 85.133 |
| Personnel Credit Cards-FC | 1.518 | - | 1.518 |
| With Installment | - | - | - |
| Without Installment | 1.518 | - | 1.518 |
| Credit Deposit Account - TL (Real Person) | 7.692.924 | - | 7.692 .924 |
| Credit Deposit Account - FC (Real Person) | - | - | - |
| Total Consumer Loans | 88.068.334 | 99.082.738 | 187.151.072 |

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| Prior Period-31.12.2022 | Short-term | Medium and Long-term | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumer Loans-TL | 16.262.853 | 74.752.442 | 91.015.295 |
| Mortgage Loans | 22.517 | 16.421.141 | 16.443.658 |
| Automotive Loans | 91.910 | 2.299.009 | 2.390 .919 |
| Consumer Loans | 16.148 .426 | 56.032.292 | 72.180 .718 |
| Other |  | - |  |
| Consumer Loans- Indexed to FC | - | 216 | 216 |
| Mortgage Loans | - | 216 | 216 |
| Automotive Loans | - | - |  |
| Consumer Loans | - | - |  |
| Other |  | - |  |
| Consumer Loans-FC | - | - | - |
| Mortgage Loans |  | - |  |
| Automotive Loans |  | - |  |
| Consumer Loans | - | - |  |
| Other | - | - |  |
| Consumer Credit Cards-TL | 46.660 .620 | 1.298.001 | 47.958.621 |
| With Installment | 20.100 .091 | 1.297 .905 | 21.397 .996 |
| Without Installment | 26.560 .529 | 96 | 26.560.625 |
| Consumer Credit Cards-FC | 68.410 | - | 68.410 |
| With Installment | - | - |  |
| Without Installment | 68.410 | - | 68.410 |
| Personnel Loans-TL | 32.393 | 126.927 | 159.320 |
| Mortgage Loans | - | 5.783 | 5.783 |
| Automotive Loans | 79 | 2.289 | 2.368 |
| Consumer Loans | 32.314 | 118.855 | 151.169 |
| Other | - | - |  |
| Personnel Loans- Indexed to FC | - | - |  |
| Mortgage Loans | - | - |  |
| Automotive Loans | - | - |  |
| Consumer Loans | - | - |  |
| Other | - | - |  |
| Personnel Loans-FC | - | - | - |
| Mortgage Loans | - | - |  |
| Automotive Loans | - | - |  |
| Consumer Loans | - | - |  |
| Other | - | - |  |
| Personnel Credit Cards-TL | 161.739 | 257 | 161.996 |
| With Installment | 75.006 | 257 | 75.263 |
| Without Installment | 86.733 | - | 86.733 |
| Personnel Credit Cards-FC | 770 | - | 770 |
| With Installment | - | - |  |
| Without Installment | 770 | - | 770 |
| Credit Deposit Account-TL (Real Person) | 4.962 .978 | - | 4.962 .978 |
| Credit Deposit Account-FC (Real Person) | - | - | - |
| Total Consumer Loans | 68.149.763 | 76.177.843 | 144.327.606 |

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

## AKBANK T.A.S.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
4. Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards:

| Current Period - 31.03.2023 | Short-term | Medium and Long-term | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commercial Installment Loans-TL | 11.452.258 | 22.793.892 | 34.246.150 |
| Mortgage Loans | 52.257 | 1.249.434 | 1.301 .691 |
| Automotive Loans | 3.082 .455 | 8.816 .928 | 11.899 .383 |
| Consumer Loans | 8.317 .546 | 12.727.530 | 21.045.076 |
| Other | - | - |  |
| FC Indexed Commercial Installment Loans | - | 1.060 | 1.060 |
| Mortgage Loans | - | 1.060 | 1.060 |
| Automotive Loans | - | - |  |
| Consumer Loans | - | - |  |
| Other | - | - |  |
| Commercial Installment Loans-FC | 19.630 | 729.071 | 748.701 |
| Mortgage Loans | - | - |  |
| Automotive Loans | - | 90.400 | 90.400 |
| Consumer Loans | 19.630 | 638.671 | 658.301 |
| Other | - | - |  |
| Corporate Credit Cards-TL | 18.080.665 | 665.685 | 18.746.350 |
| With Installment | 10.495.187 | 665.637 | 11.160.824 |
| Without Installment | 7.585 .478 | 48 | 7.585 .526 |
| Corporate Credit Cards-FC | 8.426 | - | 8.426 |
| With Installment | - | - |  |
| Without Installment | 8.426 | - | 8.426 |
| Credit Deposit Account - TL (Legal Person) | 1.423.989 | - | 1.423.989 |
| Credit Deposit Account - FC (Legal person) | - | - |  |
| Total | 30.984.968 | 24.189.708 | 55.174.676 |
| Prior Period - 31.12.2022 | Short-term | Medium and Long-term | Total |
| Commercial Installment Loans-TL | 12.048.304 | 24.623 .556 | 36.671 .860 |
| Mortgage Loans | 67.077 | 1.353.369 | 1.420 .446 |
| Automotive Loans | 3.243 .506 | 9.517 .469 | 12.760.975 |
| Consumer Loans | 8.737.721 | 13.752 .718 | 22.490 .439 |
| Other | - | - |  |
| FC Indexed Commercial Installment Loans | - | 2.709 | 2.709 |
| Mortgage Loans | - | 1.450 | 1.450 |
| Automotive Loans | - | 364 | 364 |
| Consumer Loans | - | 895 | 895 |
| Other | - | - |  |
| Commercial Installment Loans-FC | 7.111 | 818.084 | 825.195 |
| Mortgage Loans | - | - |  |
| Automotive Loans | - | 100.600 | 100.600 |
| Consumer Loans | 7.111 | 717.484 | 724.595 |
| Other | - | - |  |
| Corporate Credit Cards-TL | 12.099.444 | 279.187 | 12.378.631 |
| With Installment | 6.344 .982 | 279.136 | 6.624.118 |
| Without Installment | 5.754 .462 | 51 | 5.754 .513 |
| Corporate Credit Cards-FC | 8.544 | - | 8.544 |
| With Installment | 32 | - | 32 |
| Without Installment | 8.512 | - | 8.512 |
| Credit Deposit Account - TL (Legal Person) | 983.429 | - | 983.429 |
| Credit Deposit Account - FC (Legal person) | - | - |  |
| Total | 25.146.832 | 25.723.536 | 50.870.368 |

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
5. Distribution of domestic and foreign loans: Loans are classified according to the locations of the customers:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Domestic Loans | 616.247.133 | 558.861 .138 |
| Foreign Loans | 1.566.009 | 1.489.050 |
| Total | 617.813 .142 | 560.350 .188 |

6. Loans granted to investments in associates and subsidiaries:

| Current Period |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| 31 March 2023 | 31 December 2022 |

Direct Loans Granted to Investments in Associates and

| Subsidiaries | 2.541.725 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Indirect Loans Granted to Investments in Associates and
Subsidiaries

| Total | 3.910 .446 | 2.541 .725 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

7. Credit-Impaired Losses Stage III Provisions:
Current Period Prior Period

31 March 2023
31 December 2022

| Loans with Limited Collectibility | 354.359 | 632.447 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Loans with Doubtful Collectibility | 971.772 | 825.923 |
| Uncollectible Loans | 10.223 .400 | 9.929 .954 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 1 . 5 4 9 . 5 3 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 . 3 8 8 . 3 2 4}$ |

8. Information on non-performing loans (Net):
(i) Information on non-performing loans restructured or rescheduled and other receivables:

|  | III. Group | IV. Group | V. Group |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Loans with <br> Limited <br> Collectibility | Loans with <br> Doubtful Collectibility | Uncollectible <br> Loans |
| Current Period: 31 March 2023 |  |  |  |
| (Gross Amounts Before Specific Provisions) | 21.162 | 186.557 | 826.220 |
| $\quad$ Rescheduled Loans and Other Receivables | 21.162 | 186.557 | 826.220 |
| Prior Period: 31 December 2022 |  |  |  |
| (Gross Amounts Before Specific Provisions) | 34.957 | 96.976 | 854.936 |
| $\quad$ Rescheduled Loans and Other Receivables | 34.957 | 96.976 | 854.936 |

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## AKBANK T.A.S.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
(ii) Information on the movement of total non-performing loans:

|  | III. Group | IV. Group | V. Group |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Loans with <br> Loans with | Uncollectible Loans |  |
| Limited Collectibility | Doubtful Collectibility |  |  |

${ }^{(*)}$ In the current period, based on the amendment made in the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles Regarding the Classification of Loans and Provisions for These" published in the Official Gazette dated 6 July 2021 and numbered 31533, there is no write-off process. (31 December 2022: TL 12.626.511 and its effect on the NPL ratio is 239 basis points).
(iii) Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency loans:

|  | III. Group | IV. Group <br> Loans with | Loans with |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Uncollectible Loans |  |  |  |

Non-performing loans granted as foreign currency are followed under TL accounts of balance sheet.

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NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
(iv) Breakdown of non-performing loans according to their gross and net values:

|  | III. Group | IV. Group | V. Group |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Loans with Limited Collectibility | Loans with Doubtful Collectibility | Uncollectible Loans |
| Current Period (Net): 31 March 2023 |  |  |  |
| Loans granted to corporate entities and real persons (Gross) | 545.297 | 1.598.482 | 14.478 .126 |
| Specific Provision Amount (-) | 354.359 | 971.772 | 10.223.400 |
| Loans granted to corporate entities and real persons (Net) | 190.938 | 626.710 | 4.254.726 |
| Banks (Gross) | - | - | - |
| Specific Provision Amount (-) | - | - | - |
| Banks (Net) | - | - | - |
| Other Loans and Advances Receivables (Gross) | - | - | - |
| Specific Provision Amount (-) | - | - | - |
| Other Loans and Advances Receivables (Net) | - | - | - |
| Prior Period (Net): 31 December 2022 |  |  |  |
| Loans granted to corporate entities and real persons (Gross) | 1.157.486 | 1.162.295 | 14.587.203 |
| Specific Provision Amount (-) | 632.447 | 825.923 | 9.929.954 |
| Loans granted to corporate entities and real persons (Net) | 525.039 | 336.372 | 4.657.249 |
| Banks (Gross) | - | - | - |
| Specific Provision Amount (-) | - | - | - |
| Banks (Net) | - | - | - |
| Other Loans and Advances Receivables (Gross) | - | - | - |
| Specific Provision Amount (-) | - | - | - |
| Other Loans and Advances Receivables (Net) | - | - | - |

(v) Information on the collection policy of non-performing loans and other receivables:

|  | III. Group | IV. Group | V. Group |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current Period: 31 March 2023 |  |  |  |
| Interest accruals and valuation differences | 47.426 | 151.279 | 3.511 .097 |
| $\quad$ Provision (-) | 31.418 | 90.983 | 2.396 .482 |
| Prior Period: 31 December 2022 |  |  |  |
| Interest accruals and valuation differences | 93.443 | 108.193 | 3.473 .851 |
| Provision (-) | 49.389 | 75.608 | 2.208 .740 |

9. Information on the collection policy of non-performing loans and other receivables:

Non-performing loans and other receivables are collected through legal follow-up and liquidation of collaterals.
10. Information on the write-off policy: Disclosed in Note VII of Section Three.

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NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
g. Financial assets measured at amortised cost:

1. Information on financial asset subject to repurchase agreements and those given as collateral/blocked:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Tiven as collateral/blocked | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| Subject to repurchase agreements | 67.755 .411 | - | 59.862 .341 | - |
| Total | 9.061 .242 | 11.266 .004 | 12.345 .942 | 10.571 .152 |

2. Information about government debt securities:

|  | Current Period <br> $\mathbf{3 1}$ March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 <br> December 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Government Bonds | 104.808 .127 | 95.023 .206 |
| Treasury Bills | - | - |
| Other Government Debt Securities | 1.877 .226 | 1.811 .726 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 0 6 . 6 8 5 . 3 5 3}$ | $\mathbf{9 6 . 8 3 4 . 9 3 2}$ |

3. Information on other financial assets measured at amortised cost:

|  | Current Period <br> $\mathbf{3 1}$ March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Debt Securities | 107.784 .775 | 98.157 .324 |
| Quoted at Stock Exchange | 107.784 .775 | 98.157 .324 |
| $\quad$ Unquoted at Stock Exchange | - | - |
| Impairment Provision (-) | 22.295 | 2.648 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 0 7 . 7 6 2 . 4 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{9 8 . 1 5 4 . 6 7 6}$ |

4. The movement of financial assets measured at amortised cost:

|  | Current Period <br> $\mathbf{3 1}$ March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 <br> December 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Balance at the Beginning of the Period | 98.154 .676 | 52.585 .560 |
| Foreign Currency Differences on Monetary Assets | 269.025 | 3.327 .702 |
| Purchases During Year | 3.365 .201 | 12.928 .334 |
| Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions | $(895.058)$ | $16.056 .237)$ |
| Impairment Provision | $(19.647)$ | 75.128 |
| Change in Amortized Cost | 6.888 .283 | 35.294 .189 |
| Balance at the End of the Period | $\mathbf{1 0 7 . 7 6 2 . 4 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{9 8 . 1 5 4 . 6 7 6}$ |

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h. Information on investments in associates (Net):

1. Information about investments in associates:

|  | Address <br> (City / Country) |  |  | Bank's share <br> percentage- <br> If different |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | | Bank's risk group |
| ---: |
| share percentage (\%) |

2. Main financial figures of associates, in the order of the above table:

The financial figures stated below have been obtained from the financial statements date 31 December 2022 (*).

|  | Total Assets | Shareholders' Equity | Total Fixed Assets | Interest Income | Income from Marketable Securities Portfolio | Current Period Profit/ Loss | Prior Period Profit/Loss | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Fair } \\ \text { Value } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 805.905 | 685.073 | 130.598 | 82.758 | - | 314.832 | 137.294 |  |
| 2 | 875.483 | 117.467 | 414.874 | 42.415 | - | (1.800) | 75.307 | - |
| 3 | 181.747 | 142.869 | 10.447 | 15.346 | 561 | 100.751 | 58.825 | - |
| 4 | 75.238 | 70.952 | 2.900 | 12.706 | - | 18.745 | 1.958 | - |

3. Movement schedule of investments in associates:

|  | Current Period 31 March 2023 | Prior Period 31 December 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance at the Beginning of the Period | 18.957 | 18.129 |
| Movements During the Period |  |  |
| Purchases | - | - |
| Bonus Shares and Contributions to Capital | - | 828 |
| Dividends from Current Year Income | - | - |
| Sales/Liquidation | - | - |
| Revaluation Increase | - | - |
| Impairment Provision (-) | - | - |
| Balance at the End of the Period | 18.957 | 18.957 |
| Capital Commitments | - | - |
| Share Percentage at the End of the Period (\%) | - | - |

## i. Information related to subsidiaries (Net):

1. Information on shareholders' equity of subsidiaries:

The following amounts have been obtained from the financial statements as of 31 March 2023 prepared in accordance with legislation in which companies are subject to.

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|  | Ak Finansal <br> Kiralama A.Ș. | Ak Yatırım Menkul <br> Değerler A.S.. | Ak Portföy <br> Yönetimi A.S. | Akbank AG |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | AkÖde A.S.S.

The Bank's subsidiaries, included in the consolidated calculation of capital requirement, do not have additional capital requirements.
2. Accounting method used for the valuation of subsidiaries: Disclosed in Note III of Section Three.
3. Information on subsidiaries:

|  | Title | Address <br> (City / Country) | Bank's Share <br> Percentage-If Different Voting Percentage (\%) | Bank's Risk Group Share Percentage (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Ak Finansal Kiralama A.Ș. | Istanbul/Turkey | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| 2 | Ak Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ș. | Istanbul/Turkey | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| 3 | Ak Portföy Yönetimi A.Ș. | Istanbul/Turkey | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| 4 | Akbank AG | Eschborn/Germany | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| 5 | AkÖde Elektronik Para ve Ödeme Hizmetleri A.Ș. | Istanbul/Turkey | 100,00 | 100,00 |

4. Main financial figures of consolidated subsidiaries, in the order of the above table:

The financial figures have been obtained from the financial statements as at 31 March 2023 prepared in accordance with local regulations.

|  | Total Assets | Shareholders' Equity | Total Fixed Assets | Interest Income | Income from Marketable Securities Portfolio | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Current } \\ \text { Period } \\ \text { Profit/ Loss } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Prior } \\ \text { Period } \\ \text { Profit/Loss } \end{array}$ | Fair Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 18.740.901 | 2.179.571 | 47.993 | 545.947 | 75.048 | 185.527 | 93.155 | - |
| 2 | 14.647 .732 | 2.979 .995 | 42.683 | 392.210 | 146.239 | 696.570 | 213.488 | - |
| 3 | 769.882 | 607.109 | 39.350 | 1.533 | 31.861 | 132.323 | 65.407 | - |
| 4 | 81.940 .451 | 19.921 .911 | 89.158 | 1.035 .458 | 67.367 | 367.317 | 341.033 | - |
| 5 (*) | 361.026 | (3.155) | 1.364 | 3.211 | 418 | (42.162) | (17.614) | - |

${ }^{(*)}$ The company's capital increase of TL 50.000 was completed in April 2023, and after the increase, the equity of the company is TL 46.845 .

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5. Movement schedule of subsidiaries:

Balance at the Beginning of the Period
23.528.038
16.060.130

Movements During the Period
Additions (*)
70.000

Bonus Shares and Contributions to Capital
Dividends from Current Year Income
1.339.531
3.073 .735

Sales/Liquidation
$817.862^{-}$
4.324.173

Revaluation/Impairment
Balance at the End of the Period
25.685.431
23.528.038

Capital Commitments
Share Percentage at the End of the Period (\%)
(*)The mentioned amounts arise from the net increase of TL 70.000 in the capital of AkÖde Elektronik Para ve Dağıtım Hizmetleri A.Ș. which is the Bank's $100 \%$ subsidiary, for the prior period considering the capital decrease of AkÖde Elektronik Para ve Dağıtım Hizmetleri A.Ș. taken into account net increase of TL 10.000, and due to the acquisition of $0.01 \%$ share of Ak Finansal Kiralama A.Ș. ${ }^{(* *)}$ Amounts refer to revaluation differences arising from accounting of financial associates and subsidiaries under the equity method as explained in the Note III of the Section Three.
6. Sectoral information on financial subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

| Subsidiaries | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Banks | 19.921 .911 | 18.736 .762 |
| Insurance Companies | - | - |
| Factoring Companies | - | - |
| Leasing Companies | 2.179 .571 | - |
| Finance Companies | - | 1.994 .044 |
| Other Financial Subsidiaries | 3.583 .949 | - |

7. Subsidiaries quoted to a stock exchange: None. (31 December 2022: None).
j. Information on joint ventures: None (31 December 2022: None).
k. Information on finance lease receivables (Net): None (31 December 2022: None).
l. Information on the Hedging Derivative Financial Assets:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| Fair Value Hedge | 53.045 | 2.558 .393 | 53.447 | 2.861 .043 |
| Cash Flow Hedge | 18.665 .102 | 1.751 .389 | 18.814 .664 | 2.062 .480 |
| Net Investment Hedge in a foreign operation | - | - | - | - |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 8 . 7 1 8 . 1 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 . 3 0 9 . 7 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 . 8 6 8 . 1 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{4 . 9 2 3 . 5 2 3}$ |

m. Information on the investment properties: None (31 December 2022: None).

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## n. Information on deferred tax asset:

As of 31 March 2023, the Bank has deferred tax asset TL 125.181 (31 December 2022: TL 192.285). Temporary differences subject to deferred tax calculation result from mainly the differences between the book values and tax values of fixed assets, financial assets and liabilities and provision for employee rights.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities which are accounted for the temporary differences arising between applicable accounting policies and valuation principles and tax legislation are netted-off and accounted. There are no carry forward tax losses that can be used as deductions for the tax calculation. An explanation about the net deferred tax liability is given in Note II-i-2 of Section Five.
0. Information on property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cost | 517.843 | 565.378 |
| Accumulated Depreciation (-) | - | - |
| Net Book Value | $\mathbf{5 1 7 . 8 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{5 6 5 . 3 7 8}$ |
|  |  |  |
|  | Current Period | Prior Period |
| Opening Balance Net Book Value | 565.378 | $\mathbf{3 1}$ December 2022 |
| Additions | 17.490 | 170.756 |
| Disposals (-), net | 64.975 | 591.783 |
| Impairment (-) | 50 | 197.036 |
| Depreciation (-) | - | 125 |
| Closing Net Book Value | $\mathbf{5 1 7 . 8 4 3}$ | - |

## p. Information on other assets:

Other assets amounting to TL 24.501.316 (31 December 2022: TL 19.757.284) on the balance sheet and do not exceed $10 \%$ of the total assets, excluding the off-balance sheet commitments.

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## II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO LIABILITIES

a. Information on deposits:

1. Information on maturity structure of the deposits: There are no seven-day notification deposits.

1 (i). Current Period - 31 March 2023:

|  | Demand | Up to 1 Month | $1-3$ <br> Months | $3-6$ <br> Months | 6 Months - 1 Year | 1 Year and Over | Deposits Cumulative | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Saving Deposits | 42.294 .207 | 20.008.045 | 198.984.224 | 30.731 .918 | 5.392 .475 | 11.084.513 | 5.930 | 308.501 .312 |
| Foreign Currency Deposits | 134.511 .826 | 24.540 .032 | 72.466 .524 | 2.836 .323 | 2.129 .559 | 4.902 .809 | 918 | 241.387 .991 |
| Residents in Turkey | 129.698.329 | 24.264 .938 | 68.185 .079 | 2.596 .663 | 1.332.021 | 2.688 .093 | 918 | 228.766.041 |
| Residents Abroad | 4.813 .497 | 275.094 | 4.281 .445 | 239.660 | 797.538 | 2.214 .716 | - | 12.621 .950 |
| Public Sector Deposits | 5.310 .098 | 5.297 | 95.441 | 7.298 | 823 | 46 | - | 5.419 .003 |
| Commercial Deposits | 40.446 .798 | 22.136 .042 | 61.482 .152 | 5.286 .443 | 8.243.539 | 11.174.469 | - | 148.769.443 |
| Other Institutions Deposits | 977.714 | 418.852 | 3.965 .282 | 787.239 | 68.582 | 5.777 | - | 6.223 .446 |
| Precious metals Deposits | 40.795 .972 | 2.199 | 132.829 | 8.309 | 1.180 .502 | 181.699 | - | 42.301 .510 |
| Interbank Deposits | 921.046 | 700.903 | 7.023 .980 | 7.970 .477 | 5.342 .335 | 28.998 | - | 21.987.739 |
| The CBRT | 12.660 | - | - | - | - |  | - | 12.660 |
| Domestic Banks | 348.183 | 686.761 | 616.292 | - | 2.106 .621 |  | - | 3.757.857 |
| Foreign Banks | 517.281 | 14.142 | 6.407 .688 | 7.970.477 | 3.235 .714 | 28.998 | - | 18.174.300 |
| Participation Banks | 42.922 | - | - | - | - |  | - | 42.922 |
| Other | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 265.257.661 | 67.811 .370 | 344.150.432 | 47.628.007 | 22.357.815 | 27.378.311 | 6.848 | 774.590.444 |

Foreign exchange-protected deposit instrument, the operating rules of which are determined by the Ministry of Treasury and Finance and the CBRT, and which ensures that TL deposits are valued with interest rates and are protected against foreign exchange rates, is offered to bank customers. As of 31 March 2023, TL deposit amount includes TL 125.380.222 (31 December 2022: 98.451.375TL) thousand TL deposits within this scope.

1 (ii). Prior period - 31 December 2022:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Demand | Up to $\mathbf{1}$ <br> Month | $\mathbf{1 - 3}$ <br> Months | $\mathbf{3 - 6} \mathbf{- 6}$ <br> Months | $\mathbf{6}$ Months <br> $\mathbf{- 1}$ Year | $\mathbf{1}$ Year <br> and Over Cumulative |  |  |
| Saving Deposits | 32.784 .230 | 15.364 .567 | 126.007 .327 | 51.514 .569 | 4.730 .496 | 9.088 .080 | 5.978 | $\mathbf{2 3 9 . 4 9 5 . 2 4 7}$ |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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2. Information on saving deposits insurance(*):

Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of the saving deposits insurance fund and amounts exceeding the limit of the deposit insurance fund:

|  | Under the Guarantee of Deposit Insurance |  | Exceeding the Limit of Deposit Insurance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current Period 31 March 20233 | Prior Period December 2022 | Current Period 31 March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |
| Saving Deposits | 128.782.128 | 82.641 .629 | 179.719.184 | 156.853 .618 |
| Foreign Currency Saving Deposits | 48.282 .831 | 30.778 .917 | 110.165.248 | 133.373 .036 |
| Other Deposits in the Form of Saving Deposits | 19.780.361 | 12.176.457 | 17.584.124 | 19.450.803 |
| Foreign Branches' Deposits under Foreign Authorities' Insurance Off-shore Banking Regions' | - | - | - | - |
| Deposits under Foreign Authorities' Insurance | - | - | - | - |

$\left[^{*}\right]$ In the framework of the "Regulation on Insured Deposit and Participation Funds and Premiums to be Collected by the Savings Deposit Insurance Fund" published in the Official Gazette dated 22 December 2022 and numbered 32051, the amount of insured deposit and participation fund amounting to TL 200 thousand as of 2022, It has been determined as TL 400 thousand, effective from the beginning of the calendar year of 2023.

In accordance with the "Regulation on Amending the Regulation on the Insurable Deposit and Participation Funds and Premiums to be Collected by the Savings Deposit Insurance Fund" published in the Official Gazette dated 27 August 2022 and numbered 31936, official institutions in the presence of credit institutions, credit institutions and financial institutions other than those belonging to the credit institutions all deposit and participation funds have been insured. In this context, commercial deposits covered by the insurance amount to TL 18.144.050 and the said amount is not included in the footnote.
3. Saving deposits of real persons which are not under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance fund:

|  | Current Period 31 March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Foreign Branches' Deposits and other accounts | 3 | 33 |
| Saving Deposits and Other Accounts of Controlling Shareholders and Deposits of their Mother, Father, Spouse, Children in care | - | - |
| Saving Deposits and Other Accounts of President and Members of Board of |  |  |
| Directors, CEO and Vice Presidents and Deposits of their Mother, Father, Spouse and Children in care | 2.418 .427 | 2.265 .541 |
| Saving Deposits and Other Accounts in Scope of the Property Holdings Derived from |  |  |
| Crime Defined in Article 282 of Turkish Criminal Law no:5237 dated 26.09.2004 | - | - |
| Saving Deposits in Deposit Banks Established in Turkey solely to Engage in Offshore Banking Activities | - |  |

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b. Information on trading derivative financial liabilities:

Table of derivative financial liabilities (*):

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period 31 December 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| Forward Transactions | 626.199 | - | 468.099 | - |
| Swap Transactions | 9.214 .383 | 2.436 .492 | 10.276 .548 | 2.940.015 |
| Futures Transactions | - | - | - | - |
| Options | 1.188 | 391.238 | 564 | 272.307 |
| Other | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 9.841 .770 | 2.827.730 | 10.745.211 | 3.212.322 |

[*) Excluding hedge transactions.
c. Information on borrowings:

1. Information on banks and other financial institutions:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| Borrowings from the CBRT | - | - | - | - |
| From Domestic Banks and Institutions | 143.429 | 2.346.689 | 217.420 | 2.612.509 |
| From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds | - | 61.752.155 | - | 61.566 .831 |
| Total | 143.429 | 64.098.844 | 217.420 | 64.179.340 |

2. Information on maturity structure of borrowings:

|  | Current Period |  | Prior Period |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 31 March 2023 |  | 31 December 2022 |  |
| TL | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| Short-term | 139.468 | 4.007 .844 | 206.371 | 3.010 .180 |
| Medium and Long-term | 3.961 | 60.091 .000 | 11.049 | 61.169 .160 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 4 3 . 4 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 4 . 0 9 8 . 8 4 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 7 . 4 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 4 . 1 7 9 . 3 4 0}$ |

Securitized borrowings procured via A.R.T.S. Ltd. ("Structured Entity") are included in external funding sources of the Bank. Under the securitization program agreements, the Bank has sold foreign trade and customer receivables to A.R.T.S. Ltd.
3. The liabilities providing the funding sources of the Bank are deposits, borrowings, marketable securities issued and money market borrowings. Deposits are the most important funding source of the Bank and the diversification of these deposits by number and type of depositors with a stable structure does not create any risk concentration. The borrowings are composed of funds such as syndicated and securitized borrowings and post-financing obtained from different financial institutions with different maturity-interest structures and characteristics. There is no risk concentration in any of the funding sources of the Bank.
d. Information on securities issued (Net):

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| Bank bills | - | - | - | - |
| Bonds | 2.712 .187 | 20.198 .485 | 2.716 .114 | 19.723 .455 |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 . 7 1 2 . 1 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 . 1 9 8 . 4 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 7 1 6 . 1 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 . 7 2 3 . 4 5 5}$ |

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e. Information on other foreign liabilities:

Other foreign liabilities listed in "Other Liabilities" amounting to TL 9.279.031 (31 December 2022: TL 5.864.329) and do not exceed $10 \%$ of the total balance sheet.
f. Information on financial leasing agreements:

With the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard valid from 1 January 2019, the difference between operating leases and finance leases has been eliminated and the lease transactions have been expressed under the "Lease Payables" as liability by lessees.

Liabilities incurred due to financial leasing agreements:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Gross | Net | Gross | Net |  |
| Less Than 1 Year | 251.515 | 119.756 | 222.354 | 101.967 |
| Between 1-4 Years | 628.176 | 350.206 | 572.553 | 316.650 |
| More Than 4 Years | 574.091 | 409.606 | 537.420 | 380.549 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 . 4 5 3 . 7 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{8 7 9 . 5 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 3 3 2 . 3 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{7 9 9 . 1 6 6}$ |

g. Information on the hedging derivative financial liabilities:

|  | Current Period 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| Fair Value Hedge | - | - | - | - |
| Cash Flow Hedge | 243.797 | - | 494.476 | 1 |
| Net Investment Hedge in a foreign operation | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 243.797 | - | 494.476 | 1 |

h. Information on provisions:

1. Information on reserves for employee rights:

According to Turkish Labor Law, the Bank is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed at least one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or who retires.

The compensation amount equals to one month's salary of an employee for each year of service, but this amount is limited up to severance limit decided by law. This liability is not subject to any funding legally and there is no funding requirement.

The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Bank arising from the retirement of its employees. TAS 19 requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation for such benefits. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability.

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Discount Rate (\%) | 0,50 | 0,50 |
| Rate for the Probability of Retirement (\%) | 94,96 | 94,96 |

The principal actuarial assumption is that the current maximum liability will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the effects of future inflation.

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Movements in the reserve for employment termination benefits during the period are as follows:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Prior Period Closing Balance | $\mathbf{1 . 7 6 8 . 1 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 3 . 6 3 9}$ |
| Recognized as an Expense During the Period | 120.118 | 201.266 |
| Actuarial Loss / (Gain) | - | 1.033 .904 |
| Paid During the Period | $145.819)$ | $(70.634)$ |
| Balance at the End of the Period | $\mathbf{1 . 8 4 2 . 4 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 7 6 8 . 1 7 5}$ |

As of 31 March 2023, the Bank has allocated vacation liability amounting to TL 656.973 (31 December 2022: TL 415.502).
2. Information on provisions related with foreign currency difference of foreign indexed loans:

As of 31 March 2023, the Bank has no provision related to foreign currency differences of foreign indexed loans (31 December 2022: None).
3. Information on provisions for non-cash loans that are non-funded and non-transformed into cash: Expected loss provisions for non-cash loans that are non-funded and non-transformed into cash amounting to TL 523.625 as of 31 March 2023 (31 December 2022: TL 457.083).
4. Information on other provisions:
(i). Information on free provision for possible risks: TL 1.400.000 (31 December 2022: TL 1.400.000).
(ii). Information on provisions for banking services promotion: The Bank has provisions for credit cards and banking services promotion activities amounting to TL 243.196 (31 December 2022: TL 202.113).
i. Explanations on tax liability:

1. Explanations on tax liability:

Tax calculations of the Bank are explained in Note XVIII of Section Three. As of 31 March 2023, the remaining tax liability after deducting the taxes paid during the period from corporate tax is TL 12.278.880 (31 December 2022: TL 9.585.893).

1 (i). Information on taxes payable:

|  | Current Period <br> $\mathbf{3 1}$ March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Corporate Taxes Payable | 12.278 .880 | 9.585 .893 |
| Taxation on Marketable Securities | 345.524 | 250.818 |
| Property Tax | 5.305 | 3.937 |
| Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT) | 525.976 | 477.215 |
| Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax | 40.629 | 27.075 |
| Value Added Tax Payable | 77.590 | 127.231 |
| Other | 268.853 | $\mathbf{1 8 3 . 4 2 5}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 3 . 5 4 2 . 7 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 6 5 5 . 5 9 4}$ |

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1 (ii). Information on premium payables:

|  | Current Period <br> $\mathbf{3 1}$ March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 <br> December 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Social Security Premiums - Employee | - | - |
| Social Security Premiums - Employer | 1 | 1 |
| Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium- Employee | 3 | 3 |
| Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium - Employer | 3 | 3 |
| Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions - Employee | - | - |
| Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions - Employer | - | - |
| Unemployment Insurance - Employee | 6.450 | 4.466 |
| Unemployment Insurance - Employer | 12.900 | 8.932 |
| Other | 1.148 | $\mathbf{2 6 1}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 0 . 5 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 6 6 6}$ |

2. Information on deferred tax liability:

The Bank has no deferred tax liabilities as of 31 March 2023 (31 December 2022: TL 3.027.248). Information on the deferred tax asset is given in Note I-n of Section Five.
j. Information on subordinated loan (*):

|  | Current Period 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| To be included in the calculation of additional capital |  |  |  |  |
| borrowing instruments | - |  |  |  |
| Subordinated loans | - |  | - | - |
| Subordinated debt instruments | - | - | - |  |
| Debt instruments to be included in contribution capital calculation | - | 17.504.209 | - | 16.800.082 |
| Subordinated loans |  | - |  | - |
| Subordinated debt instruments | - | 17.504.209 | - | 16.800 .082 |
| Total | - | 17.504.209 | - | 16.800.082 |

${ }^{[*]}$ Explanation about the subordinated loans is given in Note I-b of Section Four.
k. Information on shareholders' equity:

1. Presentation of paid-in capital:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Common Stock | 5.200 .000 | 5.200 .000 |
| Preferred Stock | - | - |

2. Amount of paid-in-capital, explanations as to whether the registered share capital system is applied, if so the amount of registered share capital ceiling:

| Capital System | Paid-in capital | Ceiling |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Registered Share Capital | 5.200 .000 | 10.000 .000 |

3. Capital increases and sources in the current period and other information based on increased capital shares: None.
4. Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period: None.

## CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

 ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE
## AKBANK T.A.Ș.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
5. Information on capital commitments, the purpose and the sources until the end of the fiscal year and the subsequent interim period: None.
6. The effects of anticipations based on the financial figures for prior periods regarding the Bank's income, profitability and liquidity, and possible effects of these future assumptions on the Bank's equity due to uncertainties at these indicators;
The Bank has been continuing its operations with high profitability and has been retaining most of its net profit in the equity, either by increasing its capital or transferring it into reserves. On the other hand, only a small part of the equity is allocated to investment such as associates and fixed assets, thus giving a chance for considerably high free capital which provides funds for liquid and interest bearing assets. Considering all these factors, the Bank continues to its operations with strong shareholders' equity.
7. Information on privileges given to shares representing the capital: None.
8. Information on marketable securities value increase fund:

|  | Current Period 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| From Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries, and Joint Ventures (*) | 672.100 | 588.187 | 672.071 | 640.548 |
| Valuation Difference | 8.038.692 | (2.454.624) | 10.460.819 | (2.306.156) |
| Foreign Currency Differences | - |  | - | - |
| Total | 8.710 .792 | (1.866.437) | 11.132 .890 | (1.665.608) |

${ }^{[*]}$ Refers to revaluation differences arising from accounting of financial associates and subsidiaries under the equity method as explained in the Note of III of the Section Three.

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

## AKBANK T.A.S.

## NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## III. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS

Explanations on off-balance sheet commitments:

1. Type and amount of irrevocable commitments: TL 23.090 .545 asset purchase commitments (31 December 2022 : TL 7.852.054), TL 161.803.532 commitments for credit card limits (31 December 2022: TL 106.067.149), TL 7.305.005 commitments for cheque books (31 December 2022: TL 4.523.116).
2. Type and amount of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items:

The Bank has no probable losses arising from off-balance sheet items. Obligations arising from the off-balance sheet are disclosed in "Off-balance sheet commitments".

2 (i). Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letter of credits:

|  | Current Period <br> P1 March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 December 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Bank Acceptance Loans | 196.485 | 195.108 |
| Letters of Credit | 20.120 .945 | 21.299 .586 |
| Other Guarantees and Warranties | 24.190 .286 | 22.638 .120 |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 4 . 5 0 7 . 7 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 . 1 3 2 . 8 1 4}$ |

2 (ii). Revocable, irrevocable guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies:
Current Period

31 March 2023 $\quad$| Prior Period |
| ---: |
| 31 December 2022 |

3. Information on non-cash loans:

| Total amount of non-cash loans: | Current Period <br> $\mathbf{3 1}$ March 2023 | Prior Period <br> December 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Non-cash Loans Given against Cash Loans | 52.803 .138 | 41.287 .868 |
| With Original Maturity of 1 Year or Less Than 1 Year | 21.816 .546 | 16.472 .708 |
| With Original Maturity of More Than 1 Year | 30.986 .592 | 24.815 .160 |
| Other Non-cash Loans | 112.427 .504 | 99.313 .838 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 6 5 . 2 3 0 . 6 4 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 0 . 6 0 1 . 7 0 6}$ |

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

## AKBANK T.A.S.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO INCOME STATEMENT

a. Information on interest income:

1. Information on interest income on loans (*):

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| Short-term Loans | 9.871 .793 | 781.874 | 5.455 .891 | 378.853 |
| Medium and Long-term Loans | 8.125 .773 | 2.023 .111 | 4.801 .850 | 1.280 .766 |
| Interest on Loans Under Follow-Up | 294.616 | - | 288.363 | - |
| Premiums Received from the Resource |  | - | - |  |
| Utilization Support Fund | - | - | - | - |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 8 . 2 9 2 . 1 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 8 0 4 . 9 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 5 4 6 . 1 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 6 5 9 . 6 1 9}$ |

(*) Fee and commission income from cash loans are included.
2. Information on interest income on banks:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period <br> 31 March 2022 |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| From the CBRT | - | 48.345 | - | - |
| From Domestic Banks | 1.360 | 9.723 | 7.142 | 367 |
| From Foreign Banks | 143.824 | 211.149 | 5.259 | 9.665 |
| From Headquarters and Branches Abroad | - | - | - | - |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 4 5 . 1 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 9 . 2 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 . 4 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 0 3 2}$ |

3. Information on interest income on marketable securities:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period <br> 31 March 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| From Financial Assets at Fair Value through |  |  |  |  |
| Profit or Loss | 13.517 | 4.015 | 1.797 | 4.249 |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other |  |  |  |  |
| Comprehensive Income | 5.029.274 | 1.152.571 | 2.400 .031 | 765.413 |
| Financial Assets Measured at Amortised |  |  |  |  |
| Cost | 7.410.453 | 179.944 | 3.931 .278 | 153.565 |
| Total | 12.453.244 | 1.336.530 | 6.333.106 | 923.227 |

As stated in the Note VII of Section Three, there are bonds indexed to consumer prices ("CPI") in the securities portfolios of the Bank whose fair value difference is reflected to other comprehensive income and measured with their amortized cost. The reference indices used in the calculation of the actual coupon payment amounts of these securities are created according to the CPI of two months ago. The Bank determines the estimated inflation rate accordingly. The estimated inflation rate used is updated during the year when deemed necessary. In this context, as of 31 March 2023, the valuation of these securities was made according to an annual inflation forecast of $35 \%$. As of 31 March 2023, in case of the CPI estimate increases or decreases by $1 \%$, the profit before tax will increase by approximately TL 266 million (full amount) or decrease by the same amount.

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

## AKBANK T.A.Ş.

## NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
4. Information on interest income received from associates and subsidiaries:

| Current Period | Prior Period |
| ---: | ---: |
| 31 March 2023 | 31 March 2022 |

Interests Received From Investments in
Associates and Subsidiaries
141.733
58.562
b. Information on interest expense:

1. Information of interest expense on borrowings (*):

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 | TL | Prior Period <br> 31 March 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| TL | FC | FC |  |

(*) Fee and commission expense from cash loans are included.
2. Information on interest expense given to associates and subsidiaries:

| Current Period | Prior Period |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 31 March 2023 | 31 March 2022 |  |
| To Associates and Subsidiaries | 58.060 | 29.259 |

3. Information on interest expense given to securities issued:

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 |  | Prior Period <br> 31 March 2022 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | TL | FC | TL | FC |
| Interest expense on securities issued | 277.260 | 601.799 | 222.126 | 690.987 |

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE
AKBANK T.A.Ș.
NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
4. Maturity structure of the interest expense on deposits:

There are no seven-day notification deposits.

| Current Period-31.03.2023 | Time Deposits |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Demand Deposits | Up to 1 Month | Up to 3 Months | Up to 6 Months | Up to 1 Year | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \text { Year } \\ \text { and Over } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Total |
| TL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank Deposits | - | 44.168 | 149.002 | 1.449 | - | - | 194.619 |
| Saving Deposits | - | 837.638 | 9.812 .415 | 898.797 | 177.253 | 354.368 | 12.080.471 |
| Public Sector Deposits | - | 359 | 5.828 | 117 | 25 | - | 6.329 |
| Commercial Deposits | - | 1.043.208 | 3.461 .810 | 293.240 | 314.897 | 319.274 | 5.432.429 |
| Other Deposits | - | 21.120 | 275.662 | 31.363 | 3.617 | 460 | 332.222 |
| Total | - | 1.946.493 | 13.704.717 | 1.224.966 | 495.792 | 674.102 | 18.046.070 |
| FC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign Currency Deposits | - | 103.355 | 491.487 | 38.905 | 5.779 | 12.113 | 651.639 |
| Bank Deposits | 1.350 | 133 | 115.909 | 198.697 | 133.458 | 703 | 450.250 |
| Precious Metals Deposits | - | 10 | 1.549 | 235 | 675 | 747 | 3.216 |
| Total | 1.350 | 103.498 | 608.945 | 237.837 | 139.912 | 13.563 | 1.105.105 |
| Grand Total | 1.350 | 2.049.991 | 14.313 .662 | 1.462 .803 | 635.704 | 687.665 | 19.151.175 |


| Prior Period-31.03.2022 | Time Deposits |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Demand Deposits | Up to 1 Month | Up to 3 <br> Months | Up to 6 Months | Up to 1 Year | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \text { Year } \\ \text { and Over } \end{array}$ | Total |
| TL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank Deposits | - | 30.617 | 100.292 | - | - | - | 130.909 |
| Saving Deposits | - | 702.642 | 2.591 .245 | 95.498 | 53.246 | 67.521 | 3.510.152 |
| Public Sector Deposits | - | 299 | 1.352 | 18 | 120 | 2 | 1.791 |
| Commercial Deposits | - | 938.558 | 614.815 | 6.579 | 419.749 | 13.344 | 1.993.045 |
| Other Deposits | - | 36.970 | 142.713 | 14.251 | 33.909 | 20.849 | 248.692 |
| Total | - | 1.709.086 | 3.450 .417 | 116.346 | 507.024 | 101.716 | 5.884.589 |
| FC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign Currency Deposits | - | 44.174 | 106.571 | 3.183 | 1.768 | 3.796 | 159.492 |
| Bank Deposits | 9 | 1.952 | 13.121 | 14.724 | 4.839 | - | 34.645 |
| Precious Metals Deposits | - | 24 | 357 | - | 705 | 244 | 1.330 |
| Total | 9 | 46.150 | 120.049 | 17.907 | 7.312 | 4.040 | 195.467 |
| Grand Total | 9 | 1.755.236 | 3.570.466 | 134.253 | 514.336 | 105.756 | 6.080.056 |

c. Information on trading profit/loss (Net):

|  | Current Period <br> 31 March 2023 | Prior Period <br> 31 March 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Profit | $\mathbf{3 9 0 . 8 0 1 . 2 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{7 7 4 . 9 1 3 . 4 6 2}$ |
| Income From Capital Market Transactions | 1.950 .284 | 265.444 |
| Income From Derivative Financial Transactions (*) | 39.881 .578 | 30.322 .211 |
| Foreign Exchange Gains | 348.969 .347 | 744.325 .807 |
| Loss (-) | $\mathbf{3 8 5 . 1 5 3 . 2 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 7 1 . 8 0 1 . 1 2 4}$ |
| Loss from Capital Market Transactions | 119.680 | 116.505 |
| Loss from Derivative Financial Transactions (*) | 38.241 .945 | 35.086 .247 |
| Foreign Exchange Loss | 346.791 .605 | $\mathbf{7 3 6 . 5 9 8 . 3 7 2}$ |
| Total (Net) | $\mathbf{5 . 6 4 7 . 9 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 1 1 2 . 3 3 8}$ |

(*) The net profit resulting from the foreign exchange differences related to derivative financial transactions is TL 973.083 (31 March 2022: (2.337.417)).

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

## AKBANK T.A.S.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
d. Explanations on other operating income:
"Other Operating Income" in the Income Statement mainly includes collections from receivables for which provision has been allocated in prior periods and provisions that have been set aside in prior periods and reversed in the current year with the sale from non-performing loans portfolio.
e. Provision expenses related to loans and other receivables of the Bank:

|  | Current Period <br> $\mathbf{3 1}$ March 2023 | Prior Period <br> $\mathbf{3 1}$ March 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Expected Credit Loss | 3.168 .458 | 1.854 .064 |
| 12 month expected credit loss (Stage 1) | 1.066 .121 | 368.084 |
| Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2) | 921.878 | 200.568 |
| Non-performing loans (Stage 3) | 1.180 .459 | 1.285 .412 |
| Marketable Securities Impairment Expense | 20 | 3.801 |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss | 20 | 3.801 |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other |  |  |
| Comprehensive Income | - | - |
| Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries Securities | - | - |
| Value Decrease | - | - |
| Investments in Associates <br> Subsidiaries <br> Joint Ventures | - | - |
| Other (*) | - | $\mathbf{-}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 5 4 . 3 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 9 2 2 . 4 2 7}$ |

(*) Includes provisions for impairment losses on assets held for sale and related to discontinued operations, impairment losses on financial assets at fair value difference through profit or loss, lawsuit provision expenses and free provision expense.
f. Information related to other operating expenses:
$\left.\begin{array}{lrr}\text { Current Period } \\ \text { 31 March 2023 }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r}\text { Prior Period } \\ \text { 31 March 2022 }\end{array}\right]-27.066$

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

## AKBANK T.A.Ş.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
g. Information on tax provision of continued and discontinued operations:

As of 31 March 2023, the Bank has current tax expense of TL 2.838.517 (31 March 2022: 10.489.040), deferred tax expense of TL 696.648 (31 March 2022: TL 430.659) and a deferred tax income of TL 1.585.652 (31 March 2022: TL 8.535.353 ().

The Bank has no discontinued operations.
h. Explanations on current period net profit and loss of continued and discontinued operations:

Net profit of the Bank is TL 10.711.300 (31 March 2022: TL 8.046.809).
The Bank has no discontinued operations.
i. Other figures on profit and loss statement:
"Other Fee and Commission Income" in the Income Statement mainly consists of commissions received from credit card, money transfer and insurance transactions.

## V. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Disclosures are not prepared in accordance with the Article 25 of the "Communiqué on the Financial Statements and the Related Policies and Disclosures to be Publicly Announced".

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE
AKBANK T.A.Ș.
NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## VI. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO RISK GROUP THAT THE BANK BELONGS TO

Information on the volume of transactions relating to the Bank's risk group, outstanding loan and deposit transactions and profit and loss of the period:

1. Current Period - 31 March 2023:

|  | Investments in <br> Associates, Subsidiaries <br> and Joint Ventures |  | Direct and Indirect <br> Shareholders <br> of the Bank | Other Real and <br> Legal Persons that <br> have been included <br> in the Risk Group |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Basiness Partnerships) |  |  |  |  |

2. Prior Period - 31 December 2022:

|  | Investments in <br> Associates, Subsidiaries <br> and Joint Ventures | Direct and Indirect <br> Shareholders <br> of the Bank | Other Real and <br> Legal Persons that <br> have been included <br> in the Risk Group |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (Business Partnerships) |  |  |  |

(*) 31 March 2022 balances used for income/expense accounts.
3. Information on deposits of the Bank's risk group:

| Bank's Risk Group | Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures (Business Partnerships) |  | Direct and Indirect Shareholders of the Bank |  | Other Real and Legal Persons that have been included in the Risk Group |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Current Period } \\ 31.03 .2023 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Prior Period 31.12.2022 | Current Period 31.03.2023 | Prior Period 31.12.2022 | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Current Period } \\ 31.03 .2023 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Prior Period 31.12.2022 |
| Balance at the Beginning of the Period | 1.399.573 | 1.600.276 | 11.004.604 | 9.970 .388 | 1.206.207 | 916.184 |
| Balance at the End of the Period | 2.060 .955 | 1.399 .573 | 11.514 .363 | 11.004 .604 | 1.255 .739 | 1.206 .207 |
| Interest expense on Deposits (*) | 58.060 | 29.259 | 157.134 | 159.311 | 21.054 | 13.788 |

(*) 31 March 2022 balances used for income/expense accounts.

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE

## AKBANK T.A.S.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2023
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)
4. Information on forward and option agreements and other similar agreements made with the Bank's risk group:

| Bank's Risk Group | Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures (Business Partnerships) |  | Direct and Indirect Shareholders of the Bank |  | Other Real and Legal Persons that have been included in the Risk Group |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current Period 31.03.2023 | Prior Period 31.12.2022 | Current Period 31.03.2023 | Prior Period 31.12.2022 | rent Period 31.03.2023 | Prior Period 31.12.2022 |
| Transactions at Fair Value |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Through Profit or Loss |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning of the Period | 3.804 .006 | 2.416 .897 | 18.150.160 | 23.469 .742 | - | - |
| Balance at the End of the Period | 3.643 .785 | 3.804 .006 | 16.678 .990 | 18.150.160 | - | - |
| Total Income/Loss (*) | 5.989 | (12.403) | 27.413 | (91.037) | - | - |
| Transactions for Hedging Purposes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning of the Period | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Balance at the End of the Period | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Income/Loss (*) | - | - | - | - | - | - |

(*) 31 March 2022 balances used for income/expense accounts.
Figures presented in the table above show the total of "sale" and "purchase" amounts of related transactions. Due to the nature of these transactions, the difference between the "sale" and "purchase" transactions affects the net exposure of the Bank. As of 31 March 2023, the net exposure for investments in associates and subsidiaries is TL 135.708 ( 31 December 2022: TL 155.654). For direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank TL 173.728 (31 December 2022: TL (348.103).
5. Information regarding benefits provided to the Bank's key management:

As of 31 March 2023 benefits provided to the Bank's key management amounting to TL 112.911 (31 March 2022: TL 40.474).

## VII. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In order to invest in technology startups, the Bank has completed the establishment procedures of a $100 \%$ owned company called Akbank Ventures BV, located in the Netherlands, with a capital of 30 Million USD, and the company was registered by the Netherlands Chamber of Commerce on April 5, 2023.

The Bank obtained a social themed syndication loan with a maturity of 367 days, consisting of two tranches of USD 245.5 million and Euro 233 million, from international markets. The total cost of the loan is Sofr $+4.25 \%$ and Euribor +4.00 for USD and Euro parts, respectively.

## SECTION SIX EXPLANATIONS ON AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

## I. EXPLANATIONS ON AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

The unconsolidated financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2023 have been audited by PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müșavirlik A.Ș. The audit report dated 26 April 2023 is presented preceding the unconsolidated financial statements.
II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES PREPARED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

None.

## Message from the Chairman of the Board:

In February, we unfortunately experienced one of the worst natural disasters in our country's history. The earthquake in Kahramanmaraș deeply affected us all. We have worked with great solidarity from the day one to heal the wounds of the earthquake. We will continue to work with all our strength and heart to overcome these difficult days together.

2022 has been a year in which the Russia-Ukraine war further fueled inflationary pressures after the pandemic and central banks took decisive steps to control inflation. Although there was a loss of momentum in global growth accordingly, a sharp contraction was not observed with the support of the strong outlook in the labor markets.

Decisive steps and communication of central banks of advanced countries continue to keep inflation expectations under control and to prevent a possible wage-inflation spiral. While the Fed, which started monetary tightening earlier, has slowed down the rate of increase in interest rates recently, strong interest rate increases continue in the Euro Zone, where inflation pressures emerge later. While the Fed has increased the policy rate by a total of 475 basis points to the range of $4.75 \%-5.00 \%$ since March 2022 , the European Central Bank (ECB) has increased the short-term interest rates by 350 basis points in total since July 2022. On the other hand, the Bank of England has increased the policy rate by a total of 415 basis points since December 2021. Recently, the decrease in energy prices, especially natural gas, and the partial correction in food prices pull headline inflation rates down. While these developments indicate that the worst is over in inflation, the persistence of core inflation indicators at high levels indicates that central banks will maintain their tight monetary stance for a while.

The problems in some banks in the USA and Europe in March brought the possibility of a second global financial crisis to the agenda after 2008, significantly increasing the volatility in the markets and creating concerns about the health of the financial system on a global scale. Although the markets have calmed down with the support of policy makers and big banks to the financial system, the potential effects of additional interest rate hikes on bank balance sheets have made the disinflation power of monetary policies questionable under the financial stability constraint. As a matter of fact, despite the Fed's determined stance that it will not loosen its monetary policy in the short term, bond markets are pricing interest rate cuts within the year. It seems that the possible policy implications of price stability and financial stability targets will continue to shape global markets in the upcoming period.

While under the influence of this challenging global environment, our country was shaken by a devastating earthquake. The earthquake disaster caused great destruction in terms of human, social and economic aspects. Presidential Strategy and Budget Department estimated the total economic cost of the earthquake as $\$ 103$ billion, which exceeds $11 \%$ of our national income in 2022 . The earthquake adversely affected the economic activity not only in the region but also in the whole country. However, clear signs of recovery have been observed since March.

Although the Turkish economy lost momentum in the second half due to the slowdown in foreign demand, it grew by $5.6 \%$ in 2022 . In the first quarter of 2023, growth was robust, driven by domestic demand, through negative real interest rates, targeted credit allocation and expansionary fiscal policies. Short-term indicators point to an annual growth of around $7 \%$ in the first quarter, despite the adverse effects of the earthquake. Activities for the reconstruction of the earthquake zone, where there has been a serious loss in the physical capital stock, especially residences, workplaces, educational institutions, hospitals and infrastructure, will support economic growth in the short and medium term.

While annual inflation continued to decline mainly due to the high base last year, the underlying trend of inflation remains high. Annual inflation decreased from $64 \%$ at the end of 2022 to $50 \%$ as of March. The decline in annual inflation is expected to continue with the continuation of the mild course in exchange rates and import prices, as well as the base effects that will linger in the coming months.

While the negative effects of gold and energy imports on the current account balance continued in the first quarter of the year, the real appreciation of the Turkish lira and the strong acceleration in retail loans led to the deterioration of the core, namely excluding

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gold and energy, external balance. In addition to the current account deficit, the need for external financing remains high, with the contribution of the decline in the private sector's external debt rollover ratio.

After reducing the policy rate by 500 basis points in total to $9 \%$ in the August-November period of 2022, the CBRT reduced it to $8.50 \%$ with an additional 50 basis points cut in February 2023. In its last meeting, the CBRT stated that the monetary policy stance was sufficient to support the necessary recovery after the earthquake by maintaining price stability and financial stability, and that the effects of the earthquake on the economy would be closely monitored.

In the first quarter of the year, the central government budget balance had a deficit of 250.0 billion TL and the primary deficit, 149.4 billion TL. We anticipate that expenditures for the earthquake zone, early retirement benefits, subsidies in energy prices and financial instruments supported by the public sector will continue to burden the budget.

Loans in the banking sector continue to be strong. The amount in the currency protected deposit system reached TL 1.777 billion ( $\$ 92$ billion) according to the latest data released on April 7 by the BRSA, and has a $29.9 \%$ share in TL deposits. While the NPL ratio in the banking sector remained low at $1.9 \%$ as of February, the capital adequacy ratio remained above the legal limit with $17.1 \%$.

Throughout 2023, monetary policies of central banks of advanced countries and their reflections on the global financial system and geopolitical developments will continue to be followed closely. Domestically, there are various uncertainties related to the upcoming election. In addition, the financial need for the rehabilitation and restoration of the earthquake zone and its effects on economic policies and macro aggregates will be monitored in terms of medium-term trends.

## Message from the CEO

First and foremost, we would like to remember our citizens who lost their lives in the earthquakes that occurred on February 6th, 2023 and express our deepest condolences to their loved ones and to our entire nation. We would like to thank everyone, especially the search and rescue teams, for their extraordinary efforts in the region. We are proud to be a part of the Turkish Banking Sector, which was instrumental in the aid mobilization that followed the earthquake. Working with all its might from the beginning of the disaster, Akbank will continue supporting the relief efforts as well as the ongoing regional recovery.

In the first quarter of 2023, the loan support we provided to the economy increased to a total of TL 843 billion with TL 677 billion in cash loans. Our deposits reached TL 819 billion, while our assets reached TL 1 trillion 259 billion. With our strong capital adequacy ratio of 18.9\%, we continued to support the growth and development of the real sector. Akbank reported a consolidated net profit of TL 10 billion 711 million, after TL 2 billion 375 million tax provisions. I would like to thank our customers and our shareholders, who always encourage us to do our best, and all our employees who carry our bank from success to success.

[^4]CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I.b OF SECTION THREE
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## A. INTRODUCTION

## 1. Changes in the Articles of Association during the period:

There have been no changes in the Articles of Association during the period.

## 2. Important Issues and Transactions during the period

As of 20th of January, 2023, Nesip İlker Altıntaș, Executive Vice President in charge of Technology and Operations, resigned from his position and assigned the position to Gökhan Gökçay, acting as Senior Vice President of IT Architecture and Data Technologies Division. Operations functions started to be executed under People and Culture Business Unit by Executive Vice President Pınar Anapa.

At our Board of Directors meeting dated 16.02.2023, it was decided that, in order to support healthy price formations and stability at Akbank shares and to protect the interests of investors, up to 5.200 .000 .000 shares with a nominal value of TL 52.000 .000 representing $1 \%$ of our Bank's issued share capital shall be repurchased, total maximum funds allocated for share buy-back transactions shall be determined as TL 1.000.000.000, the share buy-back shall be presented to the information of the shareholders at the general assembly, share buy-backs shall be conducted until 31.12.2023 and the Head Office shall be authorized in matters related to the share buy-backs.

Akbank's Board of Directors decided to authorize the management to establish a $100 \%$ owned subsidiary in the Netherlands named Akbank Ventures BV, with USD 30 million initial capital, to be able to invest in technology ventures to undertake required applications.

Fitch Credit Ratings affirmed Long Term Foreign and Local Currency IDRs of Akbank T.A.Ș. at "B-" and "B", respectively. The outlook was left unchanged at "Negative".

As of date 28 March 2023, the dividend to be distributed from 2022 net profit of TL 60.024 .084 .405 will be as follows;

- Gross TL 260.000.000 equal to $5 \%$ of Bank's paid-in capital of TL 5.200 .000 .000 as of December 31, 2022 will be allocated as primary cash gross dividend; and gross TL 8.736 .000 .000 will be allocated as secondary cash gross dividend. Total gross dividend of TL 8.996.000.000 equal to $173 \%$ of the paid in capital, will be distributed to shareholders,
- Cash dividend payment to start from 30th of March, 2023,
- In accordance with the first paragraph clause (e) of article 5 of the Corporate Tax Law, TL 7.343.971,49 which is exempt from corporate tax to be allocated to a "Special Fund Account" and after allocating TL 873.600.000 to Legal Reserves, the remaining profit will be retained under Extraordinary Reserves.

Resolutions of the Ordinary General Assembly of our Bank that was held on March 28, 2023 have been registered at the Istanbul Trade Registry Office on March 31, 2023.

According to Shareholders' Ordinary General Assembly held on 28.03.2023, PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müșavirlik A.Ș. has been appointed as the independent audit firm for the year 2023 and registration has been completed by Istanbul Trade Registry Office on 31.03.2023, announced at the T. Trade Registry Gazette in its issue with date and number 31.03.2023/10802.

It has been decided to call the subordinated notes (Tier II) with ISINs XS1772360803 and US00972BAC37 issued on 27 February 2018 , amounting USD 400 million in total with 10 years maturity and having a call option at the end of 5 years. Accordingly, the application to the BRSA to call subordinated notes has been approved.

Following discussions between our bank and AIIB, DFC and IFC, the institutions have completed their internal credit and board approvals to invest in one or more tranches of Akbank's USD denominated subordinated debt (Tier-II) issuance/s. Subsequently, the Head Office was authorized to start negotiation of the documents with the aforementioned institutions regarding the issuance of subordinated debt (Tier-II) up to USD 300 million with 10-year maturity callable at 5th year subject to market conditions.

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## B. BANKING SECTOR SECOND QUARTER OVERVIEW

In the the first three months of 2023, loan growth in the sector was $11,7 \%$ and deposit growth on the funding side was $12,6 \%$.
C. UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS AND SECOND QUARTER OVERVIEW

1. Main Balance Sheet Items (TL Million):

|  | $\mathbf{3 1 . 0 3 . 2 0 2 3}$ <br> Unconsolidated | $\mathbf{3 1 . 1 2 . 2 0 2 2}$ <br> Unconsolidated <br> Financial Results | 1.185 .169 <br> Financial Results |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total Assets | 617.813 | 1.075 .186 |  |
| Loans | 774.590 | 560.350 |  |
| Deposits | 153.736 | 679.325 |  |
| Equity | 10.711 | 153.600 |  |
| Net Income (31.03.2022) |  | 8.047 |  |

2. Main Financial Ratios (\%):

|  | 31.03.2023 <br> Unconsolidated | Financial Results | $\mathbf{3 1 . 1 2 . 2 0 2 2}$ <br> Unconsolidated <br> Financial Results |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Loan / Total Assets | 52,1 | 52,1 |  |
| Deposit / Total Assets | 65,4 | 63,2 |  |
| Return on Equity (31.03.2022) | 27,9 | 38,6 |  |
| Return on Assets (31.03.2022) | 3,8 | 4,3 |  |
| NPL Ratio | 2,7 | 3,0 |  |
| Capital Adequacy Ratio | 20,1 | 24,9 |  |
| Earnings Per Share (TL) (31.03.2022) | 0,02060 | 0,01547 |  |

## 3. Akbank 1Q23 Results Overview:

Akbank reported a gross profit of TL 12.661 million, setting aside TL 1.950 million of tax provisions, reporting a net unconsolidated profit of TL 10.711 million in the first three months of the year.
Capital adequency ratio of the bank has realized at $20,14 \%$ in this period.
As of 31 March 2023, Akbank's unconsolidated total asset realized at TL 1.185 billion, loans are TL 618 billion and total deposits are TL 775 billion.
Akbank's NPL ratio realized at 2,7\% as of 31 March 2023.

## 4. Bank's Expectations for 2023:

Banks' forward-looking consolidated expectations which was announced publicly on 31 March 2023, are stated below:
2023 Guidance Outlook (\%)

| TL Loan Growth | $\sim 40 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| FX Loan Growth lin USD) | Low-single digit |
| ROE | $\sim 30 \%$ |
| NIM (Swap ad.) | $4-5 \%$ |
| Net fees\&comm. growth | $\sim 60 \%$ |
| Opex increase | Improvement ${ }^{(*)}$ |
| Cost/income (**) | Low $30 \%$ 's |
| NPL | $<3 \%$ |
| Net total CoC (excl. ccy impact) | $\sim 100$ bps |

(*) Indicates lower increase YoY compared to 2022
(**) CIR calculation excludes FX gain from hedge position related with stage $1 \& 2$ provisions


[^0]:    PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve
    Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müșavirlik A.Ș.

[^1]:    The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these financial statements

[^2]:    (*) Demand deposit balances are included in average interest rate calculation.
    ${ }^{(* *)}$ Securities issued as subordinated loan classified under subordinated loans in the balance sheet are included.
    ${ }^{(* * *)}$ Credit card balances are not included in average interest rate calculation

[^3]:    ${ }^{(*)}$ Simple arithmetic average calculated for the last three months by using the amounts calculated based on weekly simple arithmetic averages.

[^4]:    (*) Amounts in section seven expressed in full Turkish Lira ("TL") amount unless otherwise stated.

